VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Nambur (V), Pedakakani (M), Guntur (Dt.), Andhra Pradesh – 522 508

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

R20 REGULATION

for

B. Tech – Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2020-2021)



VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (Autonomous)

Approved by AICTE, Permanently Affiliated to JNTUK, NAAC Accredited with 'A' Grade, ISO 9001:2015 Certified

Nambur (V), Pedakakani (M), Guntur (Dt.), Andhra Pradesh – 522 508

About Institute

Vasireddy Venkatadri Institute of Technology (VVIT) was established in the year 2007, with an intake of 240 students in four B. Tech programs under Social Educational Trust in Nambur village, Guntur, AP, by Er. Vasireddy Vidya Sagar. It is located strategically between Guntur and Vijayawada in the capital region of Amravati, AP. In a short span of ten years, with an annual intake capacity of 1260 and 81 students into B.Tech (CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT, CSM, CSO, CIC and AID) and M. Tech (CSE, VLSI&ES, PEED, MD, SE) programs respectively, today almost 4000 students, 345 teaching staff and 225 non-teaching staff strive to fulfill the vision of VVIT.

VVIT has emerged as one of the top ten Engineering Colleges from the 200 engineering colleges affiliated to JNTU Kakinada. The Institute signed MoUs with Industry and Training & Placement Companies like Infosys, Tech Mahindra, Social Agro, Efftronics, AMCAT and Cocubes. Centre of Excellence (CoE) by Siemens India was established in the year 2016 by APSSDCto promote Industry Institute interface and strengthen employability skills in students, Google Inc. USA for establishing Google Code labs, University Innovative Fellowship (UIF) program by Stanford University USA and VDC established by Northeastern University

On achieving permanent affiliation to JNTUK, Kakinada, NAAC 'A" grade certification (CGPA 3.09) and B. Tech programs (CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT) accredited by NBA, VVIT has set its sight on centrally funded research projects with 10 completed and 6 running DST projects and consultancy service from other departments. VVIT as part of its commitment to research, has published 13 patents, 16 books and nearly 690 journal papers and also has a 'Research Centre affiliated to JNTUK'.

Institute Vision

To impart quality education through exploration and experimentation and generate socially conscious engineers, embedding ethics and values, for the advancement in science and technology.

Institute Mission

- To educate students with a practical approach to dovetail them to industry-needs.
- To govern the institution with a proactive and professional management with passionate teaching faculty.
- To provide holistic and integrated education and achieve over all development of students by imparting scientific and technical, social and cognitive, managerial and organizational skills.
- To compete with the best and be the most preferred institution of the studious and the scholarly.
- To forge strong relationships and linkage with the industry.

Department Vision

To achieve the yearnings of arising architects to accomplish worldwide knowledge by acquiring figuring and plan capacities through correspondence that raise them to address the issues of industry, economy, society, ecological and worldwide.

Department Mission

- To give the satiate of-the craftsmanship offices to fashion the understudies in industryprepared in Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
- To cultivate the intelligence of creativity and innovation for various socio-economic related applications useful for increasing the productivity.
- *To encourage alliance with the apparent industries to have the best of all careers.*
- To empower graduates as novel entrepreneurs.

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

- PEO 1: To provide the graduates with solid foundation in Computer Science and Engineering along with the fundamentals of Mathematics and Sciences with a view to impart in them high quality technical skills like modelling, analysing, designing, programming and implementation with global competence and helps the graduates for life-long learning.
- **PEO 2**: To prepare and motivate graduates with **recent technological developments related to core subjects** like Programming, Databases, Design of Compilers and Network
 Security aspects and future technologies so as to contribute effectively for Research
 & Development by participating in professional activities like publishing and seeking
 copy rights.
- **PEO 3**: To train graduates to choose a **decent career option either in high degree of employability/Entrepreneur or, in higher education** by empowering students with ethical administrative acumen, ability to handle critical situations and training to excel in competitive examinations.
- **PEO 4**: To train the graduates to have basic **interpersonal skills** and **sense of social responsibility** that paves them a way to become good team members and leaders.

Program Outcomes (POs)

- **PO1** : Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- **PO2**: **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

- **PO3**: **Design/development** of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- **PO4** : Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- **PO5**: **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- **PO6** : The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- **PO7**: **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- **PO8** : Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- **PO9** : Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- **PO10 : Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- **PO11 : Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- **PO12 : Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

- **PSO-1: Professional Skills:** The ability to understand, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithms, system software, multimedia, web design, big data analytics, and networking for efficient design of computer based systems of varying complexity.
- **PSO-2: Successful Career and Entrepreneurship:** The ability to employ modern computer languages, environments, and platforms in creating innovative career paths to be an entrepreneur and a zest for higher studies/employability in the field of Computer Science & Engineering.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R20) FOR B. TECH (REGULAR)

Applicable for the students of B.Techfrom the Academic Year 2020 – 21 onwards

1.Award of B. Tech. Degree

A student will be declared eligible for the award of B. Tech. degree if he/she fulfills the following:

- > Pursues a course of study in not less than four and not more than eight academic years.
- After eight academic years from the year of their admission, he/she shall forfeit their seat in B. Tech course and their admission stands cancelled.
- Registers for 160 credits and must secure all the 160 credits.
- ➤ A student shall be eligible for the award of **B.Tech degree with Honors or Minor if** he/she earns 20 credits in addition to the 160 credits. A student shall be permitted to register either for Honors or for Minor and not for both simultaneously.
- **2.** Courses of Study: The following courses of study are offered at present as specializations for the B. Tech. Courses

S. No.	Branch	Branch Short Form	Branch Code
1	Civil Engineering	CIV	01
2	Electrical and Electronics Engineering	EEE	02
3	Mechanical Engineering	MEC	03
4	Electronics and Communication Engineering	ECE	04
5	Computer Science and Engineering	CSE	05
6	Information Technology	INF	12
7	CSE (Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning)	CSM	42
8	CSE (Internet of Things and Cyber Security with Block Chain Technology)	CIC	47
9	CSE (Internet of Things)	CSO	49
10	Artificial Intelligence and Data Science	AID	54

- **3. Medium of Instruction:** The medium of instruction of the entire B. Tech undergraduate programme in Engineering & Technology (including examinations and project reports) will be in English only.
- **4. Admissions:** Admission to the B. Tech Programme shall be made subject to the eligibility, qualifications and specialization prescribed by the A.P. State Government/University from time to time. Admissions shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the student in the common entrance examination conducted by the A.P. Government/University or on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the A.P. Government/University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the Government/University from time to time.
- **5. Structure of the Undergraduate Engineering program:** Every course of B. Tech. Program shall be placed in one of the nine categories as listed in table below:

S.No.	Category	Breakup of Credits
1	Humanities and social science including Management courses	10.5 - 12
2	Basic Science courses	21 - 25
3	Engineering science courses	24
4	Professional core Courses	48 - 51
5	Open Elective Courses	12 - 18
6	Professional Elective Courses	15 - 18
7	Internship, seminar, project wok	15 – 16.5
8	Mandatory courses	NC
9	Skill Oriented Courses	
	Total Credits	160

^{**} Breakup of Credits based on AICTE /APSCHE

Assigning of Credits

Hr. Lecture (L) per week
 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week
 Hr. Practical (P) per week
 1 credit
 0.5 credits

6. Programme Pattern

- i. Total duration of the of B. Tech (Regular) Programme is four (three for lateral entry) academic years
- ii. Each Academic year of study is divided in to two semesters.
- iii. Minimum number of instruction days in each semester is 90.
- iv. Grade points, based on percentage of marks awarded for each course will form the basis for calculation of SGPA (Semester Grade Point Average) and CGPA (Cumulative Grade Point Average).
- v. The total credits for the Programme are 160.
- vi. A three-week induction program is mandatory for all first year UG students (Physical activity, Creative Arts, Universal Human Values, Literary, Proficiency Modules, Lectures by Eminent People, Visits to local Areas, Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations etc.,) and shall be conducted as per AICTE/UGC/APSCHE guidelines.
- vii. Student is introduced to "Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)".
- viii. A pool of interdisciplinary and job-oriented mandatory skill courses which are relevant to the industry are integrated into the curriculum of concerned branch of engineering (total five skill courses: two basic level skill courses, one on soft skills and other two on advanced level skill courses)
- ix. A student has to register for all courses in a semester.
- x. All the registered credits will be considered for the calculation of final CGPA.
- xi. Each semester has Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE). Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) as indicated by UGC and course structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.
- xii. A 10 months industry/field mandatory internship, both industry and social, during the summer vacation and also in the final semester to acquire the skills required for job and make engineering graduates to connect with the needs of the industry and society at large.
- xiii. All students shall be mandatorily registered for NCC/NSS activities. A student will be required to participate in an activity for two hours in a week during second and third semesters. Grade shall be awarded as Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory in the mark sheet on the basis of participation, attendance, performance and behavior. If a student gets an unsatisfactory Grade, he/she shall repeat the above activity in the subsequent years, in order to complete the degree requirements.
- xiv. Courses like Environmental Sciences, Human Values, Ethics, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge etc., shall be included in the curriculum as

- non-credit mandatory courses. Environmental Sciences is to be offered compulsorily as mandatory course for all branches. A student has to secure 40% of the marks allotted in the internal evaluation for passing the course. No marks or letter grade shall be allotted for all mandatory non-credit courses.
- xv. College shall assign a faculty advisor/mentor after admission to each student or group of students from same department to provide guidance in courses registration/career growth/placements/opportunities for higher studies / GATE / other competitive exams etc.
- xvi. Departments may swap some of the courses between first and second semesters to balance the work load.
- xvii. The concerned Board of studies can assign tutorial hours to such courses wherever it is necessary, but without change in the total number of credits already assigned for semester.

8. Registration for Courses

- i. The college shall invite registration forms from the students at the beginning of the semester for the registration for courses each semester. The registration process shall be closed within one week. If any student wishes to withdraw the registration, he/she shall submit a letter to the principal through the class teacher/instructor and HOD. The principal shall communicate the registration and withdraw details courses of each student in a consolidated form to the college examination section and University without fail.
- ii. There are four open electives in each branch. All Open Electives are offered to students of all branches in general. A student shall choose an open elective, by consulting the HOD/advisor, from the list in such a manner that he/she has not studied the same course in any form during the Programme. The college shall invite registration forms from the students at the beginning of the semester for offering professional and open elective courses. There shall be a limit on the minimum and maximum number of registrations based on class/section strength.
- iii. A student shall be permitted to pursue up to a maximum of two elective courses under MOOCs during the programme. Students are advised to register for only for minimum 12 weeks in duration MOOCs courses. Student has to pursue and acquire a certificate for a MOOC course only from the SWAY/NPTE through online with the approved by the BoS in order to earn the 3 credits. The Head of the department shall notify the list of such courses at the beginning of the semester. The details of the MOOCs courses registered by the students shall be submitted to the University examination center as well as college examination center. The Head of the Department shall appoint a mentor for each of the MOOC subjects registered by the students to monitor the student's assignment submissions given by SWAYAM/NPTEL. The student needs to submit all the assignments given and needs to take final exam at the proctor center. The student

needs to earn a certificate by passing the exam. The student will be awarded the credits given in curriculum only by submission of the certificate. In case if student does not pass subjects registered through SWAYAM/NPTEL, the same or alternative equivalent subject may be registered again through SWAYAM/NPTEL in the next semester with the recommendation of HOD and shall be passed.

- iv. Two summer internships each with a minimum of six weeks duration shall be mandatorily done/completed respectively at the end of second and third years (during summer vacations). The internship can be done by the students at local industries, Govt. Organizations, construction agencies, Industries, Hydel and thermal power projects and also in software MNCs. After completing the summer internship, the students shall register in the immediate respective odd semester and it will be evaluated at the end of the semester as per norms of the autonomy. The student has to produce the summer internship satisfactory report and certificate taken from the organization to be considered for evaluation. The College shall facilitate and monitor the student internship programs. Completion of internships is mandatory, if any student fails to complete internship, he/she will not be eligible for the award of degree. In such cases, the student shall repeat and complete the internship.
- v. In the final semester, the student should mandatorily register and undergo internship and in parallel he/she should work on a project with well-defined objectives. At the end of the semester the candidate shall submit an internship completion certificate and a project report. A student shall also be permitted to submit project report on the work carried out during the internship. The project report shall be evaluated with an external examiner.
- vi. Curricular Framework for Skill oriented courses
 - a. There are five (05) skill-oriented courses shall be offered during III to VII semesters and students must register and pass the courses successfully.
 - b. For skill oriented/skill advanced course, one theory and 2 practical hours (1-0-2) or two theory hours (2-0-0) may be allotted as per the decision of concerned BOS.
 - c. Out of the five skill courses; (i) two shall be skill-oriented courses from the same domain and shall be completed in second year (ii) Of the remaining 3 skill courses, one shall be necessarily be a soft skill course and the remaining two shall be skill-advanced courses either from the same domain or job-oriented skill courses, which can be of inter disciplinary nature.
 - d. Students may register the interdisciplinary job-oriented skill courses based on the prerequisites and eligibility in consultation with HoD of the college.
 - e. The student shall be given an option to choose either the skill courses being offered by the college or to choose a certificate course being offered by industries/Professional bodies/APSSDC or any other accredited bodies. However,

- the department has to assign mentors in the college to monitor the performance of the students.
- f. If a student chooses to take a certificate course offered by industries/Professional bodies/APSSDC or any other accredited bodies, in lieu of the skill advanced course offered by the department, then the department shall mark overall attendance of the student for the remaining courses in that semester excluding the skill course in all the calculations of mandatory attendance requirements upon producing a valid certificate. However, the student is deemed to have fulfilled the attendance requirement of the course, if the external agency issues a certificate with satisfactory condition. If the certificate issued by external agency is marked with unsatisfactory condition, then the student shall repeat the course either in the college or at external agency. The credits will be awarded to the student upon producing the successful course completion certificate from the agency/professional bodies and after passing in the viva-voce examination conducted at college as per BoS norms at the end of the semester.

9. Attendance Requirements:

- i. A student is eligible to write the semester-end examinations if he acquires a minimum of 40% in each subject and 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects.
- ii. Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in NO case be condoned. Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end semester examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- iii. Condonation for shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- iv. A student will not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek readmission for that semester when offered next.
- v. A student will be promoted to the next semester if he satisfies the(a) attendance requirement of the present semester and (b) minimum required credits (from Vth Semester onwards).
- vi. If any candidate fulfills the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- vii. For induction programme attendance shall be maintained as per AICTE norms.
- viii. For non-credit mandatory courses the students shall maintain the attendance similar to credit courses.

10. Evaluation-Distribution and Weightage of marks

Paper setting and evaluation of the answer scripts shall be done as per the procedures laid down by the Academic Council of the institute from time to time.

- i. A student is deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements if he/she has earned the credits allotted to each theory/practical design/drawing subject/ project etc. by securing not less than 35% of marks in the end semester exam and minimum 40% of marks in the total of the internal marks and end semester examination marks together.
- ii. For non-credit mandatory courses, like Environmental Sciences, Universal Human Values, Ethics, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge, the student has to secure 40% of the marks allotted in the internal evaluation for passing the course. No marks or letter grade shall be allotted for all mandatory non-credit courses.
- iii. **Distribution and Weightage of marks:** The assessment of the student's performance in each course will be based on Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester-End Examination (SEE). The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated subject—wise with a maximum of 100 marks for theory subject, 50 marks for practical subject/Mini Project/Internship/Industrial Training/ Skill Development programmes/Research Project, and 200 marks for end Project Work.

iv. Guide lines for Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

- a. For theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Each mid-term examination consists of (i) one online objective examination (ii) one descriptive examination (iii) one assignment and (iv) oneSubject Seminar. The online examination (objective) shall be 10 marks with duration of 20 minutes, descriptive examination shall be for 10 marks with a duration of 1 hour 30 minutes, assignment test shall be 5 marks with duration of 50 minutes (Open book system with questions of L4 standard on Bloom's scale) and 90 minutes for descriptive paper) and Subject Seminar 5 marks.
- b. The first online examination (objective) is set with 20 multiple choice questions for 10 marks (20 questions x 1/2 marks) from first two and half units (50% of the syllabus).
- c. The descriptive examination is set with 3 full questions for 10 marks each from first two and half units (50% of the syllabus), the student has to answer all questions.
- d. The Assignment Test from first two and half units conducted for 20 Marks and will be scaled down to 5 Marks. The test is open book system and the duration of the exam is 50 minutes. Students can bring a maximum of three printed text books related to that subject. (Soft copies of the text books will not be allowed.) The assignments have to provide broadened exposure to the course. The questions shall include problem solving approach, problem analysis & design, implementation, case studies etc.

- e. For the subject seminar 5 marks, each student shall be evaluated based on the presentation on any topic of his/her choice in the subject duly approved by the faculty member concerned.
- f. For the subject having design and / or drawing (such as Engineering Graphics, Engineering Drawing, Machine Drawing) and estimation, the distribution shall be 30 marks for internal evaluation (15 marks for continuous Assessment (day-to-day work) and 15 marks for internal tests).
 - In the similar lines, the mid-2 examinations shall be conducted on the rest of the syllabus.
- f. For practical subjects there shall be continuous evaluation during the semester for 25 marks. The internal 25 marks shall be awarded as follows: day to day work 5 marks, record 5 marks and the remaining 15 marks are to be awarded by conducting an internal laboratory test of 3 hours duration.
- g. The mid marks submitted to the examination section shall be displayed in the concerned department notice boards for the benefit of the students. If any discrepancy found in the displayed Mid marks, it shall be brought to the notice of examination section within two working days from the date of display.
- h. Internal marks can be calculated with 80% weightage for better of the two mids and 20% Weightage for another mid exam.

Example:

Mid-1 marks = Marks secured in (online examination-1+descriptive examination-1+one assignment-1 + Seminar-1)

Mid-2 marks = Marks secured in (online examination-2+descriptive examination-2+one assignment-2 + Seminar-2)

Final internal Marks = (Best of (Mid-1/Mid-2) marks \times 0.8 + Least of (Mid-1/Mid-2) marks \times 0.2)

v. Semester End Examinations Evaluation:

- a. The semester end examinations for theory subjects will be conducted autonomous examination section for 70 marks consists of five questions carrying 14 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.
- b. For practical subjects shall be conducted for 35 marks by the teacher concerned and external examiner appointed by Chief superintendent/ Controller of Examinations (CoE), VVIT. All the laboratory records and internal test papers

- shall be preserved in respective departments as per autonomous norms and shall be produced to the Committees as and when they ask for.
- c. Evaluation of the summer internships: It shall be completed in collaboration with local industries, Govt. Organizations, construction agencies, Industries, Hydel and thermal power projects and also in software MNCs in the area of concerned specialization of the UG programme. Students shall pursue this internship during summer vacation just before its offering as per course structure. The minimum duration of this course shall be at least 6 weeks. The student shall register for the internship as per course structure after commencement of academic year. A supervisor/mentor/advisor has to be allotted to guide the students for taking up the summer internship. The supervisor shall monitor the attendance of the students while taking up the internship. Attendance requirements are as per the norms of the academic regulations. After successful completion, students shall submit a summer internship technical report to the concerned department and appear for an oral presentation before the departmental committee consists of an external examiner appointed by Chief superintendent/ CoE; Head of the Department, supervisor of the internship and a senior faculty member of the department. A certificate from industry/skill development center shall be included in the report. The report and the oral presentation shall carry 40% and 60% weightages respectively. It shall be evaluated for 50 external marks at the end of the semester. There shall be no internal marks for Summer Internship. A student shall secure minimum 40% of marks for successful completion. In case, if a student fails, he/she shall reappear as and when semester supplementary examinations are conducted by the examination section.
- d. The job-oriented skill courses may be registered at the college or at any accredited external agency. A student shall submit a record/report on the on the list skills learned. If the student completes job-oriented skill course at external agency, a certificate from the agency shall be included in the report. The course will be evaluated at the end of the semester for 50 marks (record: 15 marks and viva-voce: 35 marks) along with laboratory end examinations in the presence of external (appointed by the Chief superintendent/ CoE) and internal examiner (course instructor or mentor). There are no internal marks for the job-oriented skill courses.
- e. Mandatory Course (M.C): Environmental Sciences, Universal Human Values, Ethics, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge etc. noncredit (zero credits) mandatory courses. Environmental Sciences shall be offered compulsorily as mandatory course for all branches. A minimum of 75% attendance is mandatory in these subjects. There shall be an external examination for 70 marks and it shall be conducted by the department internally. Two internal examinations shall be conducted for 30 marks and a student has to secure at least

- 40% of the marks for passing the course. There is no online internal exam for mandatory courses. No marks or letter grade shall be printed in the transcripts for all mandatory non-credit courses, but only Completed (Y)/Not-completed (N) will be specified.
- f. Procedure for Conduct and Evaluation of MOOC: There shall be a Discipline Centric Elective Course through Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) as Program Elective course. The student shall register for the course (Minimum of 12 weeks) offered by SWAYAM/NPTEL/etc., through online with the approval of Head of the Department. The Head of the Department shall appoint one mentor for each of the MOOC subjects offered. The student needs to register the course in the SWAYAM/NPTEL portal. During the course, the mentor monitors the student's assignment submissions given by SWAYAM/NPTEL. The student needs to submit all the assignments given and needs to take final exam at the proctor center. The student needs to earn a certificate by passing the exam. The student will be awarded the credits given in curriculum only by submission of the certificate. In case if student does not pass subjects registered through SWAYAM/NPTEL, the same or alternative equivalent subject may be registered again through SWAYAM/NPTEL in the next semester with the recommendation of HOD and shall be passed.
- g. Major Project (Project Project work, seminar and internship in industry): In the final semester, the student should mandatorily register and undergo internship and in parallel he/she should work on a project with well-defined objectives. At the end of the semester the candidate shall submit an internship completion certificate and a project report. A student shall also be permitted to submit project report on the work carried out during the internship. The project report shall be evaluated with an external examiner. Evaluation: The total marks for project work 200 marks and distribution shall be 60 marks for internal and 140 marks for external evaluation. The supervisor assesses the student for 30 marks (Report: 15 marks, Seminar: 15 marks). At the end of the semester, all projects shall be showcased at the department for the benefit of all students and staff and the same is to be evaluated by the departmental Project Review Committee consisting of supervisor, a senior faculty and HOD for 30 marks. The external evaluation of Project Work is a Viva-Voce Examination conducted in the presence of internal examiner and external examiner appointed by the Chief superintendent/ CoE and is evaluated for 140 marks.
- vi. Recounting/ Revaluation/ Revaluation by Challenge in the End Semester Examination: A student can request for recounting/ revaluation/ revaluation by challenge of his/her answer book on payment of a prescribed fee as per autonomous norms.
- vii. Supplementary Examinations: A student who has failed to secure the required credits

- can appear for a supplementary examination, as per the schedule announced by the examination section.
- viii. Malpractices in Examinations: Disciplinary action shall be taken in case of malpractices during Mid/End examinations as per the rules framed by the academic council.
- ix. If the student is involved in indiscipline/malpractices/court cases, the result of the student will be withheld.

11. Promotion Rules:

- i. A student shall be promoted from first year to second year if he fulfills the minimum attendance requirements.
- ii. A student will be promoted from II year to III year if he fulfills the academic requirement of 40% of credits up to either II year I-Semester or II year II-Semester from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations and secures prescribed minimum attendance in II year II semester.
- iii. A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he fulfills the academic requirements of 40% of the credits up to either III year I semester or III year II semester from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations and secures prescribed minimum attendance in III year II semester.

12. Course Pattern

- i. The entire course of study is for four academic years; all years are on semester pattern.
- ii. A student eligible to appear for the end semester examination in a subject, but absent from it or has failed in the end semester examination, may write the exam in that subject when conducted next.
- iii. When a student is detained for lack of credits/shortage of attendance, he may be readmitted into the same semester/year in which he has been detained. However, the academic regulations under which he was first admitted shall continue to be applicable to him.

13. Grading:

The grade points and letter grade will be awarded to each course based on students' performance as per the grading system shown in the following Table.

% of Marks	Letter Grade	Level	Grade Points	
≥ 90	A +	Outstanding	10	
80 to 89	A	Excellent	9	

70 to 79	В	Very Good	8
60 to 69	C	Good	7
50 to 59	D	Fair	6
40 to 49	E	Satisfactory	5
<40	F	Fail	0
ABSENT	Ab	Absent	0

14. Computation of SGPA and CGPA

i. The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e.

$$SGPA(S_i) = \sum (C_i \times G_i) / \sum C_i$$

where, C_i is the number of credits of the ith subject and G_i is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course

ii. The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be computed in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a program, i.e.

$$CGPA = \sum (C_i \times S_i) / \sum C_i$$

where 'S_i' is the SGPA of the ith semester and C_i is the total number of credits in that semester

- iii. Both SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.
- iv. While computing the SGPA/CGPA, the subjects in which the student is awarded Zero grade points will also be included.
- v. Grade Point: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale.
- vi. Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by letters A+, A, B, C, D, E and F.
- vii. As per AICTE regulations, conversion of CGPA into equivalent percentage as follows:

Equivalent Percentage =
$$(CGPA - 0.75) \times 10$$

viii. Illustration of Computation of SGPA and CGPA

Illustration for SGPA: Let us assume there are 6 subjects in a semester. The grades obtained as follows:

Course	Credit	Grade Obtained	Grade point	Credit x Grade Point
Subject 1	3	В	8	3 X 8 = 24
Subject 2	4	С	7	4 X 7 = 28
Subject 3	3	D	6	3 X 6 = 18
Subject 4	3	A^{+}	10	3 X 10 = 30
Subject 5	3	Е	5	3 X 5 = 15
Subject 6	4	D	6	4 X 6 = 24
	20			139

Thus, SGPA $(S_i) = 139/20 = 6.95 = 6.9$ (approx.)

Illustration for CGPA:

	Sem-1	Sem-2	Sem-3	Sem-4	Sem-5	Sem-6	Sem-7	Sem-8
Credits	20	22	25	26	26	25	21	23
SGPA	6.9	7.8	5.6	6.0	6.3	8.0	6.4	7.5

CGPA

$$= \frac{20 \times 6.9 + 22 \times 7.8 + 25 \times 5.6 + 26 \times 6.0 + 26 \times 6.3 + 25 \times 8.0 + 21 \times 6.4 + 23 \times 7.5}{188}$$

$$= \frac{1276.3}{188} = 6.78$$

15. Award of Class:

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. degree, he/she shall be placed in one of the following:

Class Awarded	CGPA to be secured
First Class with distinction*	≥7.5
First Class	≥6.5 &<7.5
Second Class	≥5.5 &<6.5
Pass Class	≥4 &<5.5
Fail	<4

* Awarded only if all the credit courses prescribed are cleared within four years for regular candidates and three years for lateral entry candidates

The students who are approved for break in study for entrepreneurships / startups will also be considered for award of first class with distinction

For the purpose of awarding First, Second and Pass Class, CGPA obtained in the examinations appeared within the maximum period allowed for the completion of the program shall been considered

16.Gap - Year:

Gap Year – concept of Student Entrepreneur in Residence shall be introduced and outstanding students who wish to pursue entrepreneurship are allowed to take a break of one year at any time after I year/II year/III year to pursue entrepreneurship full time. This period shall be counted for the maximum time for graduation. An evaluation committee at university level shall be constituted to evaluate the proposal submitted by the student and the committee shall decide on permitting the student for availing the Gap Year.

17. Transitory Regulations

A candidate, who is detained or discontinued a semester, on re-admission shall be required to pass all the courses in the curriculum prescribed for such batch of students in which the student joins subsequently and the academic regulations be applicable to him/her which are in force at the time of his/her admission. However, exemption will be given to those candidates who have already passed in such courses in the earlier semester(s) and additional courses are to be studied as approved by Board of Studies and ratified by Academic Council.

18. Curricular Framework for Honors Programme

- i. Students of a Department/Discipline are eligible to opt for Honors Programme offered by the same Department/Discipline.
- ii. A student shall be permitted to register for Honors program at the beginning of 4th semester provided that the student must have acquired a minimum of 8.0 SGPA up to the end of 2nd semester without any backlogs. In case of the declaration of the 3rd semester results after the commencement of the 4th semester and if a student fails to score the required minimum of 8 SGPA, his/her registration for Honors Programme stands cancelled and he/she shall continue with the regular Programme.
- iii. Students can select the additional and advanced courses from their respective branch in which they are pursuing the degree and get an honors degree in the same. e.g. If a Mechanical Engineering student completes the selected advanced courses from same branch under this scheme, he/she will be awarded B.Tech. (Honors) in Mechanical Engineering.
- iv. In addition to fulfilling all the requisites of a Regular B.Tech Programme, a student shall earn 20 additional credits to be eligible for the award of B. Tech (Honors)

- degree. This is in addition to the credits essential for obtaining the Under Graduate Degree in Major Discipline (i.e., 160 credits).
- v. Of the 20 additional Credits to be acquired, 16 credits shall be earned by undergoing specified courses listed as pools, with four courses, each carrying 4 credits. The remaining 4 credits must be acquired through two MOOCs, which shall be domain specific, each with 2 credits and with a minimum duration of 8/12 weeks as recommended by the Board of studies.
- vi. It is the responsibility of the student to acquire/complete prerequisite before taking the respective course. The courses offered in each pool shall be domain specific courses and advanced courses.
- vii. The concerned BoS shall decide on the minimum enrolments for offering Honors program by the department. If minimum enrolments criteria are not met then the students shall be permitted to register for the equivalent MOOC courses as approved by the concerned Head of the department in consultation with BoS.
- viii. Each pool can have theory as well as laboratory courses. If a course comes with a lab component, that component has to be cleared separately. The concerned BoS shall explore the possibility of introducing virtual labs for such courses with lab component.
- ix. MOOC courses must be of minimum 8 weeks in duration. Attendance will not be monitored for MOOC courses. Students have to acquire a certificate from the agencies approved by the BOS with grading or marks or pass/fail in order to earn 4 credits. If the MOOC course is a pass/fail course without any grades, the grade to be assigned will be as decided by the university/academic council.
- x. The concerned BoS shall also consider courses listed under professional electives of the respective B. Tech programs for the requirements of B. Tech (Honors). However, a student shall be permitted to choose only those courses that he/she has not studied in any form during the Programme.
- xi. If a student drops or is terminated from the Honors program, the additional credits so far earned cannot be converted into free or core electives; they will remain extra. These additional courses will find mention in the transcript (but not in the degree certificate). In such cases, the student may choose between the actual grade or a "pass (P)" grade and also choose to omit the mention of the course as for the following: All the courses done under the dropped Minors will be shown in the transcript. None of the courses done under the dropped Minor will be shown in the transcript.
- xii. In case a student fails to meet the CGPA requirement for Degree with Honors at any point after registration, he/she will be dropped from the list of students eligible for Degree with Honors and they will receive regular B.Tech degree only. However, such students will receive a separate grade sheet mentioning the additional courses completed by them.

xiii. Honors must be completed simultaneously with a major degree program. A student cannot earn Honors after he/she has already earned bachelor's degree.

19. Curricular Framework for Minor Programme

- i. Students who are desirous of pursuing their special interest areas other than the chosen discipline of Engineering may opt for additional courses in minor specialization groups offered by a department other than their parent department. For example, If Mechanical Engineering student selects subjects from Civil Engineering under this scheme, he/she will get Major degree of Mechanical Engineering with minor degree of Civil Engineering
- ii. Student can also opt for Industry relevant tracks of any branch to obtain the Minor Degree, for example, a B.Tech Mechanical student can opt for the industry relevant tracks like Data Mining track, IOT track, Machine learning track etc.
- iii. The BOS concerned shall identify as many tracks as possible in the areas of emerging technologies and industrial relevance / demand. For example, the minor tracks can be the fundamental courses in CSE, ECE, EEE, CE, ME etc., or industry tracks such as Artificial Intelligence (AI), Machine Learning (ML), Data Science (DS), Robotics, Electric vehicles, Robotics, VLSI etc.
- iv. The list of disciplines/branches eligible to opt for a particular industry relevant minor specialization shall be clearly mentioned by the respective BoS.
- v. There shall be no limit on the number of programs offered under Minor. The college can offer minor programs in emerging technologies based on expertise in the respective departments or can explore the possibility of collaborating with the relevant industries/agencies in offering the program.
- vi. The concerned BoS shall decide on the minimum enrolments for offering Minor program by the department. If a minimum enrolments criterion is not met, then the students may be permitted to register for the equivalent MOOC courses as approved by the concerned Head of the department in consultation with BoS.
- vii. A student shall be permitted to register for Minors program at the beginning of 4th semester subject to a maximum of two additional courses per semester, provided that the student must have acquired 8 SGPA (Semester Grade point average) up to the end of 2nd semester without any history of backlogs. It is expected that the 3rd semester results may be announced after the commencement of the 4th semester. If a student fails to acquire 8 SGPA up to 3rd semester or failed in any of the courses, his registration for Minors program shall stand cancelled. An SGPA of 8 has to be maintained in the subsequent semesters without any backlog in order to keep the Minors registration active.

- viii. A student shall earn additional 20 credits in the specified area to be eligible for the award of B. Tech degree with Minor. This is in addition to the credits essential for obtaining the Under Graduate Degree in Major Discipline (i.e., 160 credits).
- ix. Out of the 20 Credits, 16 credits shall be earned by undergoing specified courses listed by the concerned BoS along with prerequisites. It is the responsibility of the student to acquire/complete prerequisite before taking the respective course. If a course comes with a lab component, that component has to be cleared separately. A student shall be permitted to choose only those courses that he/she has not studied in any form during the Programme.
- x. In addition to the 16 credits, students must pursue at least 2 courses through MOOCs. The courses must be of minimum 8 weeks in duration. Attendance will not be monitored for MOOC courses. Student has to acquire a certificate from the agencies approved by the BOS with grading or marks or pass/fail in order to earn 4 credits. If the MOOC course is a pass/fail course without any grades, the grade to be assigned as decided by the University/academic council.
- xi. Student can opt for the Industry relevant minor specialization as approved by the concerned departmental BoS. Student can opt the courses from Skill Development Corporation (APSSDC) or can opt the courses from an external agency recommended and approved by concerned BOS and should produce course completion certificate. The Board of studies of the concerned discipline of Engineering shall review such courses being offered by eligible external agencies and prepare a fresh list every year incorporating latest skills based on industrial demand.
- xii. A committee should be formed at the level of College / department to evaluate the grades/marks given by external agencies to a student which are approved by concerned BoS. Upon completion of courses the departmental committee should convert the obtained grades/marks to the maximum marks assigned to that course. The controller of examinations can take a decision on such conversions and may give appropriate grades.
- xiii. If a student drops (or terminated) from the Minor program, they cannot convert the earned credits into free or core electives; they will remain extra. These additional courses will find mention in the transcript (but not in the degree certificate). In such cases, the student may choose between the actual grade or a "pass (P)" grade and also choose to omit the mention of the course as for the following: All the courses done under the dropped Minors will be shown in the transcript or None of the courses done under the dropped Minor will be shown in the transcript.
- xiv. In case a student fails to meet the CGPA requirement for B.Tech degree with Minor at any point after registration, he/she will be dropped from the list of students eligible for degree with Minors and they will receive B. Tech degree only. However, such

students will receive a separate grade sheet mentioning the additional courses completed by them.

xv. Minor must be completed simultaneously with a major degree program. A student cannot earn the Minor after he/she has already earned bachelor's degree.

20. Industrial Collaborations (Case Study)

Institution-Industry linkages refer to the interaction between firms and universities or public research centers with the goal of solving technical problems, working on R&D, innovation projects and gathering scientific as well as technological knowledge. It involves the collaboration of Industries and Universities in various areas that would foster the research ecosystem in the country and enhance growth of economy, industry and society at large.

The Institutions are permitted to design any number of Industry oriented minor tracks as the respective BoS feels necessary. In this process the Institutions can plan to have industrial collaborations in designing the minor tracks and to develop the content and certificate programs. Industry giants such as IBM, TCS, WIPRO etc., may be contacted to develop such collaborations. The Institutions shall also explore the possibilities of collaborations with major industries in the core sectors and professional bodies to create specialized domain skills.

- **21. Amendments to Regulations:** The college may from time-to-time revise, amend or change the Regulations, Curriculum, Syllabus and Scheme of examinations through the Board of Studies with the approval of Academic Council and Governing Body of the college.
- **22. Transferred Students:**The students seeking transfer to VVIT from various Universities/ Institutions have to obtain the credits of any equivalent subjects as prescribed by the Academic Council. Only the internal marks obtained in the previous institution will be considered for evaluation of failed subjects.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R20) FOR B. TECH.

(LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME)

Applicable for the students admitted into II-year B. Tech. from the Academic Year 2021-22 onwards

- **1. Award of B. Tech. Degree:** A student will be declared eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree if he fulfills the following academic regulations:
 - ➤ A student shall be declared eligible for the award of the B. Tech Degree, if he pursues a course of study in not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.
 - ➤ The candidate shall register for 121 credits and secure all the 121 credits.
 - ➤ A student shall be eligible for the award of B.Tech degree with Honors or Minor if he/she earns 20 credits in addition to the 121 credits. A student shall be permitted to register either for Honors or for Minor and not for both simultaneously.
- 2. The attendance regulations of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech Lateral Entry Students.

3. Promotion Rule

- A student shall be promoted from second year to third year if he fulfills the minimum attendance requirement.
- ➤ A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he fulfills the academic requirements of 40% of the credits up to either III year I semester or III year II semester from all the examinations, whether or not the candidate takes the examinations and secures prescribed minimum attendance in III year II semester.

4. Award of Class

After a student has satisfied the requirement prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree, he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	CGPA to be secured
First Class with distinction*	≥7.5
First Class	≥6.5 &<7.5
Second Class	≥5.5 &<6.5
Pass Class	≥4 &<5.5
Fail	<4

5. All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B. Tech Lateral Entry Scheme.

MALPRACTICE RULES DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

S.No.	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The

		performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practical and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent /Assistant — Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are

person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-incharge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.

debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.

7.

Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall. Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

8.

Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.

Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.

9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the college expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	



Prohibition of ragging in educational institutions Act 26 of

199**7**

Salient Features

- Ragging within or outside any educational institution is prohibited.
- Ragging means doing an act which causes or is likely to cause Insult or Annoyance of Fear or Apprehension or Threat or Intimidation or outrage of modesty or Injury to a student

Teasing, Embarrassing and Humiliation	Imprisonment upto 6 Months	Fine Upto RS. 1,000/-
Assaulting or Using Criminal force or Criminal intimidation	1 Year	Rs. 2,000/-
Wrongfully restraining or confining or causing hurt	2 Years	Rs. 5,000/ -
Causing grievous hurt, kidnapping or Abducts or rape or committing unnatural offence	5 Years +	Rs. 10,000/-
Causing death or abetting suicide	10 Months	Rs. 50,000/ -

In case any emergency call Toll Free No. 1800 425 1288

LET US MAKE VVIT A RAGGING FREE CAMPUS

Racaing ABSOLUTELY NO TO RAGGING

- Ragging is prohibited as per Act 26 of A.P. Legislative Assembly, 1997.
- Ragging entails heavy fines and/or imprisonment.
- Ragging invokes suspension and dismissal from the College.
- Outsiders are prohibited from entering the College and Hostel without permission.
- Girl students must be in their hostel rooms by 7.00 p.m.
- 6. All the students must carry their Identity Cards and show them when demanded
- 7. The Principal and the Wardens may visit the Hostels and inspect the rooms any time.

In case any emergency call Toll Free No. 1800 425 1288

LET US MAKE VVIT A RAGGING FREE CAMPUS

VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Nambur (V), Pedakakani (M), Guntur (Dt.), Andhra Pradesh – 522 508

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

for

B. Tech – Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2020-2021)



VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (Autonomous)

Approved by AICTE, Permanently Affiliated to JNTUK, NAAC Accredited with 'A' Grade, ISO 9001:2015 Certified

Nambur (V), Pedakakani (M), Guntur (Dt.), Andhra Pradesh – 522 508

COURSE STRUCTURE

Definition of Credit (C)

1 Hour Lecture (L) per week	1 Credit
1 Hour Tutorial (T) per week	1 Credit
1 Hour Practical (P) per week	0.5 Credit

Structure of B. Tech program Regulation R20

S.No.	Category	Code	Suggested Breakup of Credits by AICTE	Suggested Breakup of Credits by APSCHE	Breakup of Credits
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses	HS	12	10.5	10.5
2	Basic Science courses	BS	25	21	21
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc	ES	24	24	22.5
4	Professional core courses	PC	48	51	52.5
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/ branch	PE	18	15	15
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects	OE	18	12	12
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere	PR	15	16.5	16.5
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge]	NC	Non-Credit	Non-Credit	Non-Credit
9	9 Skill Oriented Courses			10	10
	Total		160	160	160

SEMESTER-WISE STRUCTURE OF CURRICULUM

Course structure for eight semesters during four years of study is as follows

I Year I Semester (Semester-1)

S No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	BS1101	Mathematics-I	2	1	0	3
2	BS1102	Applied Chemistry	3	0	0	3
3	ES1101	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	2	1	0	3
4	ES1102	Computer Engineering Workshop	1	0	4	3
5	ES1103	Problem Solving using C	2	1	0	3
6	BS1102L	Applied Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	ES1101L	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1103L	Problem Solving using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
Total Credits						19.5

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3+3+1.5=7.5
ES	Engineering Science Courses	3+3+3+1.5+1.5=12
	Total Credits	19.5

I Year II Semester (Semester-2)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	BS1201	Mathematics – II	2	1	0	3
2	BS1202	Applied Physics	2	1	0	3
3	HS1201	Communicative English	3	0	0	3
4	ES1201	Problem Solving using Python	3	0	0	3
5	ES1202	Digital Logic Design	2	1	0	3
6	BS1202L	Applied Physics Lab & Virtual Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	HS1201L	Communicative English Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1201L	Problem Solving using Python Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC1201	Environmental Science	2	0	0	0
	Total					

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3+3+1.5=7.5
HS	Humanities and Social Science Courses	3+1.5=4.5
ES	Engineering Science Courses	3+3+1.5=7.5
	Total Credits	19.5

II Year I Semester (Semester-3)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	BS2101	Mathematics - III	2	1	0	3
2	PC2101	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	2	1	0	3
3	PC2102	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
4	PC2103	Java Programming	3	0	0	3
5	PC2104	Database Management Systems	3	0	0	3
6	PC2102L	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC2103L	Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC2104L	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SOC2101	Advanced Python Programming	1	0	2	2
10	MC2101	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	2	0	0	0
				T	otal	21.5

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3
PC	Professional core courses	3+3+3+3+1.5+1.5+1.5=16.5
SOC	Skill Oriented Course	2
	Total Credits	21.5

II Year II Semester (Semester-4)

S No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	BS2201	Probability and Statistics	2	1	0	3
2	ES2201	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3
3	PC2201	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
4	PC2202	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3
5	PC2203	Data Warehousing and Data Mining	3	0	0	3
6	PC2201L	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC2202L	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	PC2203L	Data Warehousing and Data Mining Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SOC2201	R Programming	1	0	2	2
				,	Total	21.5
		Internship/Community Service Project				
		2 Months (Mandatory) during summer vacation				
		Honors/Minor courses	3	1	0	4

	Category	Credits
BS	Basic Science Courses	3
ES	Engineering Science Courses	3
PC	Professional core courses	3+3+3+1.5+1.5+1.5=13.5
SOC	Skill Oriented Course	2
	Total Credits	21.5

III Year I Semester (Semester-5)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	PC3101	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
2	PC3102	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3
3	PC3103	Automata Theory and Compiler Design	3	0	0	3
4	PE3101	Professional Elective I	2	0	2	3
5	OE3101	Open Elective I	2	0	2	3
6	PC3101L	Computer Networks Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC3102L	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	SOC3101	Tableau	1	0	2	2
9	MC3101	Indian Constitution	2	0	0	0
10	INTERN3101	Summer Internship 2 Months (Mandatory) after second year (to be evaluated during V semester)	0	0	3	1.5
				To	tal	21.5
		Honors/Minor courses	3	1	0	4

	Category				
PC	Professional Core Courses	3+3+3+1.5+1.5=12			
PE	Professional Elective Courses	3			
OE	Open Elective Courses/Job Oriented Elective Courses	3			
SAC	Skill Advanced Course/Soft Skills Course	2			
INTERN	Summer Internship	1.5			
	Total Credits	21.5			

III Year II Semester (Semester-6)

S No.	Course Code	Course Name L		T	P	C
1	HS3201	Engineering Economics and Management 3		0	0	3
2	PC3201	Artificial Intelligence 3		0	0	3
3	PC3202	Data Science, Preparation and Analysis	Data Science, Preparation and Analysis 3		0	3
4	PE3201	Professional Elective II	Professional Elective II 2		2	3
5	OE3201	Open Elective II	2	0	2	3
6	PC3201L	Artificial Intelligence Tools and Techniques Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	PC3202L	Data Science, Preparation and Analysis Lab 0		0	3	1.5
8	PC3203L	Full Stack Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	SOC3201	Soft Skills	1	0	2	2
10	MC3201	Public Administration 2		0	0	0
				To	tal	21.5
		Industrial/Research Internship				
		2 Months (Mandatory) during summer vacation				
		Honors/Minor courses	3	0	2	4

	Category	Credits		
HS	Humanities and Social Science Courses	3		
PC	Professional Core Courses	3+3+1.5+1.5+1.5=10.5		
PE	Professional Elective Courses	3		
OE	Open Elective Courses/Job Oriented Elective Courses	3		
SAC	Skill Advanced Course/Soft Skills Course	2		
	Total Credits	21.5		

IV Year I Semester (Semester-7)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name		T	P	C
1	HS4101	Universal Human Values-2: Understanding Harmony		0	0	3
2	PE4101	Professional Elective III	2	0	2	3
3	PE4102	Professional Elective IV	2	0	2	3
4	PE4103	Professional Elective V	2	0	2	3
5	OE4101	Open Elective III	2	0	2	3
6	OE4102	Open Elective IV	2	0	2	3
7	SOC4101	Mongo DB	1	0	2	2
8	INTERN4101	Summer Internship 2 Months (Mandatory) after third year (to be evaluated during VII semester)	0	0	3	3
				To	tal	23
		Honors/Minor courses	3	0	2	4

Category			
HS	Humanities and Social Science Courses	3	
PE	Professional Elective Courses	3+3+3=9	
OE	Open Elective Courses/Job Oriented Elective Courses	3+3=6	
SAC	Skill Advanced Course/Soft Skills Course	2	
INTERN Summer Internship			
Total Credits			

IV Year II Semester (Semester-8)

S. No	Subject code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	PROJ4201	Major Project - Viva Voce	0	0	0	12
		Internship (6 months)				
		To	tal (Cred	lits	12

Open Elective Courses

OE3101	Optimization Techniques	Cryptography and Network Security	High Performance Computing	Environmental Pollution and Control	
OE3201	Full Stack Development	Cloud Computing	Embedded Systems	Green Buildings	
OE4101	Graph Theory	Computational Number Theory	Internet of Things	E-Waste management	
OE4102	Fuzzy Sets, Logic and Systems	Soft Computing	Robotics	Supply Chain Management	

Professional Elective Courses

PE3101	Big Data Analytics	Business Intelligence	Predictive Analysis	Pattern Recognition	Software Architecture and Design Patterns
PE3201		`	AM) Duration: 1 subject title can'	12 Weeks minimum t be repeated	
PE4101	Machine Learning	Sentiment Analysis	Data Science Applications of NLP Vision	Autonomous Systems with Deep Learning	Software Project Management
PE4102	NO – SQL Databases	Deep Learning	Geospatial and Time Oriented Analysis	Bio-Imaging	Software Testing Methodologies
PE4103	Dimensionality Reduction and Model Validation Techniques	AI in Social Media	Real Time AI Video Analytics	Computer Vision	Cyber Law and Ethics

Courses for Honors degree

POOL-1	POOL-2	POOL-3	POOL-4						
Database Security	Script Programming	Cloud Essentials	Introduction to IOT & Networking						
Distributed Databases	Advanced Operating Systems	Block Chain Technologies	IoT Malware Analysis						
Ethical Hacking	Web Programming in React JS	Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies	IoT Privacy & Security						
Semantic Web and Social Networks	Node JS	FOG Computing	Advanced tools for IoT						
Recommendation Systems	Testing Tools	Storage Area Networks	Network Programming						
MOOC-1* (NPTEL/SWAYAM) Duration: 12 Weeks minimum									

MOOC-2* (NPTEL/SWAYAM) Duration: 12 Weeks minimum

Note:

- 1. Students has to acquire 16 credits with minimum one subject from each pool
- 2. Compulsory MOOC/NPTEL course for 4 credits (2 course, each 2 credited)

General Minor degree courses offered by CE department:

- 1) Python Programming
- 2) Database Management Systems
- 3) Data Warehousing and Data Mining
- 4) Big Data Analytics
- 5) Data Science
- 6) Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
- 7) Data Preparation and Analysis
- 8) Business Intelligence
- 9) No-SOL
- 10) Dimensionality Reduction and Model Validation Techniques
- 11) Data Visualization

Note:

- i. A Student can select four subjects from the above 11 subjects @ 3-0-2-4 credits per subject.
- ii. Compulsory MOOC/NPTEL courses for 04 credits (02 courses @ 02 credits each)

^{*}Course/subject title can't be repeated

VVIT Life skill courses

The following courses are admitted to be the **courses beyond curriculum** to improve individual life skills. These courses and will be demonstrated in the class room and will be having an internal assessment for satisfactory.

S. No	Year and Semester	Course Name
1	I Year I Semester (Semester-1)	Quantitative Aptitude
2	I Year II Semester (Semester-2)	Verbal Ability
3	II Year I Semester (Semester-3)	Understanding Self for Effectiveness
4	II Year II Semester (Semester-4)	Design Thinking
5	III Year I Semester (Semester-5)	Stress and Coping Strategies
6	III Year II Semester (Semester-6)	Research Skills

VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Nambur (V), Pedakakani (M), Guntur (Dt.), Andhra Pradesh – 522 508

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

COURSE SYLLABUS

for

B. Tech – Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2020-2021)



VASIREDDY VENKATADRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (Autonomous)

Approved by AICTE, Permanently Affiliated to JNTUK, NAAC Accredited with 'A' Grade, ISO 9001:2015 Certified

Nambur (V), Pedakakani (M), Guntur (Dt.), Andhra Pradesh – 522 508

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS1101	Mathematics -I	2	1	0	3

Course Objectives

- 1. This course will illuminate the students in the concepts of calculus.
- 2. To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
- 3. To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real-world problems and their applications.

Unit-1

Differential equations of first order and first degree

10 Hrs

Linear differential equations-Bernoulli's equations - Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form.

Applications: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay – Orthogonal trajectories – Electrical circuits.

Unit-2

Linear differential equations of higher order

10 Hrs

Non-homogeneous equations of higher order with constant coefficients – with non-homogeneous term of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x^n , $e^{ax}V(x)$ and $x^nV(x)$ - Method of Variation of Parameters.

Applications: LCR circuit – Simple harmonic motion

Unit-3

Mean value theorems 10 Hrs

Mean value theorems (without proofs): Rolle's Theorem – Lagrange's mean value theorem – Cauchy's mean value theorem – Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders.

Unit-4

Partial differentiation 10 Hrs

Introduction – Homogeneous function – Euler's theorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobian – Functional dependence – Taylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variables.

Applications: Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's method (with constraints).

Unit-5

Multiple integrals 08Hrs

Double integrals (Cartesian and Polar) – Change of order of integration – Change of variables (Cartesian to Polar) – Triple integrals.

Applications: Areas by double integrals and Volumes by triple integrals.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. **B.S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44th Edition, Khanna Publishers.
- 2. **B.V. Ramana,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. **H. K. Das,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 22nd Edition, S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 2. **Erwin Kreyszig**, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edition, Wiley-India.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1.** solve the differential equations related to various engineering fields.
- **CO2.** utilize mean value theorems to real life problems.
- **CO3.** familiarize with functions of several variables which is useful in optimization.
- **CO4.** apply double integration techniques in evaluating areas bounded by region.
- **CO5.** learn important tools of calculus in higher dimensions. Students will become familiar with 2-dimensional and 3 dimensional coordinate systems.

CO - PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

CO6. (Strong -3; Moderate -2; Weak -1)

Micro-Syllabus of MATHEMATICS – I (Calculus)

Unit-1: Differential equations of first order and first degree:

Linear differential equations-Bernoulli's equations - Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form.

Applications: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay – Orthogonal trajectories – Electrical circuits.

Unit	Module	Micro content		
	Linear differential	Solution of Linear differential equations in 'y'		
	equations	Solution of Linear differential equations in 'x'		
	equations	Initial value problem		
	Non-Linear	Bernoulli's equations		
	differential equations	Equations reducible to Linear differential equations		
	Exact differential equations	Solution of Exact differential equations		
1a. & 2a.		Equations reducible to Exact equations		
Differential		Integrating factor found by inspection		
equations of first order and		Integrating factor of a Homogeneous equation		
		Integrating factor for an equation of the type		
first degree	Non-Exact differential	$f_1(xy)ydx + f_2(xy)xdy = 0$		
	equations	$\partial M = \partial N$		
		Integrating factor, if $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$ be a function of 'x'		
		$\partial N = \partial M$		
		Integrating factor, if $\frac{\partial x}{M}$ be a function of 'y'		
	Application of	Newton's Law of cooling		
1b. & 2b.	differential equations	Law of natural growth and decay		
Applications	of first order and first			
	degree	Electrical circuits		

Unit-2: Linear differential equations of higher order:

Non-homogeneous equations of higher order with constant coefficients – with non-homogeneous term of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x^n , $e^{ax}V(x)$ and $x^nV(x)$ - Method of Variation of Parameters.

Applications: LCR circuit – Simple harmonic motion

Unit	Module	Micro content			
3a. & 4a.	Homogeneous equations				
Linear	of higher order with	Finding the Complementary function			
differential	constant coefficients				
equations of	Non-homogeneous	Particular integral of the type e^{ax}			

higher order	equations of higher order with constant coefficients	Particular integral of the type 'sinax' (or) 'cos ax'						
		Particular integral of the type x^n						
		Particular integral of the type $e^{ax} V(x)$						
		Particular integral of the type $'x^n v(x)'$						
	Applications of Non-	Method of variation of parameters						
3b. & 4b.	homogeneous equations	LCR circuit						
Applications	of higher order with constant coefficients	Basic problems on simple harmonic motion						

Unit-3: Mean value theorems:

Mean value theorems (without proofs): Rolle's theorem - Lagrange's mean value theorem -Cauchy's mean value theorem – Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders.

Unit	Module	Micro content				
5a. & 6a.		Rolle's theorem				
Mean value theorems	Mean value theorems	Lagrange's mean value theorem				
5b. & 6b. Mean value theorems		Cauchy's mean value theorem				
	Mean value theorems	Taylor's expansions of $f(x)$				
		Maclaurin's expansions of $f(x)$				

Unit-4: Partial differentiation:

Introduction – Homogeneous function – Euler's theorem - Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobians - Functional dependence - Taylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variables.

Applications: Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's method (with constraints).

Unit	Module	Micro content				
7a. & 8a.		Euler's theorem				
Partial	Partial Differentiation	Total derivative				
differentiation	Taruai Dirici chuauon	Chain rule				
uniterentiation		Jacobians				
		Taylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of				
7b. & 8b.	Applications of Partial Differentiation	functions of two variables				
		Maxima and Minima of functions of two				
Applications	Differentiation	variables				
		Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers				

Unit-5: Multiple integrals:

Double integrals (Cartesian and Polar) – Change of order of integration – Change of variables (Cartesian to Polar) – Triple integrals.

Applications: Areas by double integrals and Volumes by triple integrals.

Unit	Module	Micro content		
0. 2.10.		Double integrals		
9a. & 10a. Multiple	Evaluation of Double	Change of order of integration		
	Integrals	Double integrals in Polar co-ordinates		
integrals		Change of variables		
	Evaluation of Triple	Triple integrals		
9b. & 10b.	Integrals	Triple integrals		
Applications	Applications of Multiple	Areas by double integrals		
	Integrals	Volumes by triple integrals		

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS1102	Applied Chemistry	3	0	0	3

Pre-Requisites:

Knowledge of basic concepts of chemistry for Engineering students will help them as professional engineers later in design and material selection as well as utilizing the available resources.

Course Objectives

- 1. Significance of various types of plastic materials in household appliances and composites (FRP) in aerospace and automotive industries.
- 2. Understand the basic concepts of electrochemistry, which are useful to construct the electrochemical cells, batteries and fuel cells.

 Illustrate the theories and mechanism of corrosion and its prevention.
- 3. Importance of advanced materials and their engineering applications.
- 4. Make use of molecular machines in supramolecular chemistry and need of green chemistry.
- 5. Design and construction of advanced instrumental techniques and recall their importance.

Unit-1

POLYMER TECHNOLOGY

10Hrs

Polymerisation: Introduction-Methods of polymerisation-(emulsion and suspension)-Physical and mechanical properties.

Plastics: Compounding-Fabrication (compression, injection, blown film, extrusion)-Preparation, properties and applications of PVC, ploycarbonates and Bakelite-Mention some examples of plastic materials used in electronic gadgets, recycling of e-plastic waste.

Elastomers: Natural rubber-Drawbacks-Vulcanization-Preparation-Properties and applications of synthetic rubbers (Buna S, thiokol and polyurethanes)

Composite Materials: Fiber reinforced plastics-CFRP and GFRP

Conducting polymers: Polyacetylene, doped conducting polymers -p-type and n-type doping.

Bio degradable polymers: Biopolymers and biomedical polymers.

Unit-2

ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS AND CORROSION

10Hrs

Single electrode potential-Electrochemical series and uses of series-Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode, concentration cell, construction of glass electrode, Batteries: Dry cell, Ni-Cd

cells, Ni-Metal hydride cells, Li-ion battery, Zinc air cells, Fuel cells-H₂ -O₂, CH₃OH-O₂, phosphoric acid, molten carbonate.

Corrosion: Definition-theories of corrosion (chemical and electrochemical)-galvanic corrosion, differential aeration corrosion, stress corrosion, water-line corrosion- passivity of metals-galvanic series-factors influencing rate of corrosion-corrosion control: (proper designing, cathodic protection)-protective coatings: cathodic and anodic coatings, electroplating, electroless plating (nickel), paints (constituents and its functions).

Unit-3

MATERIAL CHEMISTRY

10 Hrs

Non-elemental semiconducting materails: Stoichiometric, controlled valency & chalcogen photo/semiconductors-preparation of semiconductors (distillation, zone refining, Czochralski crystal pulling technique) – Semiconductor devices (p-n junction diode as rectifier, junction transistor)

Nano materials: Introduction, sol-gel method, characterization by BET, SEM and TEM methods, applications of graphene-carbon nanotubes and fullerenes: Types, preparation of carbon nanomaterials by carbon-arc, laser abalation methods.

Liquid crystals: Introduction-types-applications.

Superconductors: Meissner effect, type- I and type- II superconductors, characteristics and applications.

Unit-4

ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND GREEEN CHEMISTRY

10 Hrs

Molecular switches and machines: Introduction to supramolecular chemistry, characteristics of molecular motors and machines. Rotaxanes and Catenanes as artificial molecular machines. Protypes linear motions in Rotaxanes, and acid-base controlled molecular shuttle, a molecular elevator, an autonomous light -powered molecular motors, natural molecular motors and machine.

Green chemistry: Principles of green chemistry, green synthesis – aqueous phase, microwave assisted chemical reactions and phase transfer catalysis (PTC).

Unit-5

SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES & NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES

8 Hrs

Spectroscopic Techniques: Electromagneticspectrum-types of molecular spectra and their absorption criteria.

UV-visible spectroscopy (electronic spectroscopy), Frank-Condon principle, Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, chromophores and auxochromes – *applications of UV visible spectroscopy.

 \it{IR} spectroscopy – functional group and finger print region – molecular vibrations – stretching and bending vibrations – *applications of IR.

NMR (Nuclear magnetic resonance): Working principle and instrumentation of NMR – chemical shift(δ) – *applications of NMR.

(*only general applications – without any spectroscopic problems regarding quantitative and qualitative analysis.)

Non-conventional energy sources: Design, working, schematic diagram, advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic cell, organic photo-voltaic, hydropower, geothermal power, tidal, ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) – open cycle OTEC, closed cycle OTEC and hybrid cycle OTEC.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by S.S. Dara, S. S. Umare; S. Chand & Co., Ltd., Latest Edition.
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla; Dhanpat Rai Publicating Co., Latest Edition.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Engineering Chemistry by Jain & Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publicating Co., Latest Edition
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agarwal; Cambridge University Press, 2019 Edition.
- 3. Engineering Chemistry by Prasanth Rath, B. Ramadevi, Ch. Venkata Ramana Reddy, Subendu Chakravarthy; Cengage Publications, 2019 Edition.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- **CO1. explain** the preparation, properties and applications of thermoplastics, thermosettings, elastomers and conducting polymers.
- **CO2. know** the importance of various materials and their uses in the construction of batteries and fuel cells.
- **CO3. know** the applications of advanced materials in various industries.
- **CO4. apply** the principles of supramolecular chemistry in the applications of molecular machines, need of green chemistry.
- **CO5. explain** the principles of spectrometry such as UV, IR, and NMR.

CO PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2					3					
CO2	2	2					2					
CO3	2	2					2					
CO4	2	2					3					
CO5	2	2					3					

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

Micro-Syllabus of Applied Chemistry

UNIT-I: POLYMER TECHNOLOGY HRS

14

Polymerisation: Introduction-Methods of polymerisation-(emulsion and suspension)-Physical and mechanical properties.

Plastics: Compounding-Fabrication (compression, injection, blown film, extrusion)-Preparation, properties and applications of PVC, ploycarbonates and Bakelite-Mention some examples of plastic materials used in electronic gadgets, recycling of e-plastic waste.

Elastomers: Natural rubber-Drawbacks-Vulcanization-Preparation-Properties and applications of synthetic rubbers (Buna S, thiokol and polyurethanes)

Composite Materials: Fiber reinforced plastics-CFRP and GFRP.

Conducting polymers: Polyacetylene, doped conducting polymers- p-type and n-type doping. *Bio degradable polymers*: Biopolymers and biomedical polymers.

Unit	Module	Micro content
Polymerization	Introduction, Methods of Polymerization And Properties of Polymers	Introduction - Polymer, monomer, functionality and polymerization. Methods of polymerisation - Emulsion and suspension Physical and mechanical properties of polymers.

	Compounding of					
	plastics, fabrication of	Compounding of plastics				
	*	Fabrication of polymer articles – compression,				
	1 2	injection, blowing, extrusion				
Plastics	preparation, properties	Preparation, properties and applications of PVC,				
	and applications of	ploycarbonates and Bakelite				
	some polymers,	Mention some examples of plastic materials used				
	e-plastic and disposal	in electronic gadgets, recycling of e-plastic waste.				
	of e-plastic waste.	in electronic gaugets, recycling of c plustic waste.				
	Natural Rubber,	Natural rubber – Drawbacks – Vulcanization				
Til4		Preparation – Properties and applications of				
Elastomers	vulcanization, synthetic	synthetic rubbers – Buna S, thiokol and				
	rubbers	polyurethane rubbers.				
Composite	Fiber reinforced	Fiber Reinforced Plastics (FRP) - CFRP and				
materials	plastics	GFRP.				
C 1 d	Polyacetylene polymer,	Delegated and analysis of the males of the m				
Conducting	p-type and n-type	Polyacetylene, doped conducting polymers- p-type				
polymers	doping	and n-type doping.				
Biodegradable	Biopolymers and	Biopolymers and biomedical polymers -				
polymers	biomedical polymers	polylactic acid polyglycolic acid polymers				
TIME II DECORDO CHEMICAL CREECAND CORROCION						

<u>UNIT-II:</u> ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS AND CORROSION 12 HRS

Single electrode potential - Electrochemical series and uses of series - Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode, concentration cell, construction of glass electrode, Batteries: Dry cell, Ni-Cd cells, Ni-Metal hydride cells, Li-ion battery, Zinc air cells, Fuel cells-H₂ -O₂, CH₃OH-O₂, phosphoric acid, molten carbonate.

Corrosion: Definition - theories of corrosion (chemical and electrochemical)-galvanic corrosion, differential aeration corrosion, stress corrosion, water-line corrosion-passivity of metals-galvanic series-factors influencing rate of corrosion-corrosion control: (proper designing, cathodic protection)-protective coatings: cathodic and anodic coatings, electroplating, electroless plating (nickel), paints (constituents and its functions).

Unit	Module	Micro content			
Introduction	Single electrode potential	Oxidation potential			
Introduction	Single electrode potential	Reduction potential			
Concentration cells	Electrode concentration cell and electrolyte concentration cell	Electrode concentration cell and electrolyte concentration cell			
		Definition – Electro chemical series			
Electro chemical	Electro chemical series	Significances of Electro chemical series			
series	Electio chemical series	Differences between Electro chemical series and			
		galvanic series			

	Standard Hydrogen	Working Principle and Construction of a			
Reference	Electrode	- Standard Hydrogen Electrode			
electrodes	Calomel Electrode	- Calomel Electrode			
	Glass Electrode	– Glass Electrode			
	Introduction	Definition – Corrosion			
Corrosion	Theories of Corrosion	Chemical Theory of Corrosion / Dry Corrosion Electro Chemical Theory of Corrosion / Wet Corrosion			
	Types of Corrosion	Galvanic corrosion, Differential aeration corrosion, Stress corrosion, Water-line corrosion			
	Passivity of metals	Passivity, Examples for passive metals			
Factors affecting rate of Corrosion	(a) Nature of metal	(a) Nature of metal: (i) Position of metal in the Galvanic series (ii) Purity of metal (iii) Relative surface area of anodic and cathodic metal (iv) Nature of oxide film (v) Physical state of metal (vi) Solubility and volatility of corrosion products			
	(b) Nature of environment	(b) Nature of environment: (i) Temperature (ii) Humidity (iii) pH of the medium (iv) Establishment of oxygen concentration cell (v) Impurities of the atmosphere (vi) Polarization of electrodes			
Corrosion control methods	Cathodic protection	Sacrificial anodic protection, impressed cathodic current			
	Cathodic and Anodic coatings	Galvanizing and Tinning			
	Electroplating	Electroplating with example			
	Electroless plating	Nickel Electroless plating			
	Paints	Constituents of paints and its functions			

UNIT-III: MATERIAL CHEMISTRY

12 HRS

Non-elemental semiconducting materails: Stoichiometric, controlled valency & chalcogen photo / semiconductors - Preparation of semiconductors (distillation, zone refining, Czochralski crystal pulling technique) – Semiconductor devices (p-n junction diode as rectifier, junction transistor)

Nano materials: Introduction, sol-gel method, characterization by BET, SEM and TEM methods, applications of graphene-carbon nanotubes and fullerenes: Types, preparation of carbon nanomaterials by carbon-arc, laser abalation methods.

Liquid crystals: Introduction – types-applications.

Superconductors: Meissner effect, type- I and type- II superconductors, characteristics and applications.

	Unit	Module	Micro content
--	------	--------	---------------

	Non elemental	Stoichiometric, controlled valency &			
	semiconductors	chalcogen photo / semiconductors			
Non elemental semiconducting materials	Preparation, purification and fabrication of semiconductors	Preperation – Distillation, zone refining, Czochralski crystal pulling technique			
	Applications of semiconducting devices	p-n junction diode as rectifier, junction transistor			
	Introduction, sol-gel method, characterization of nano materials	Introduction to Nano materials, Sol-gel method, characterization by BET, SEM and TEM methods,			
Nano materials	Applications of graphene	Carbon nanotubes and fullerenes. Types,			
	Preparation of carbon nanomaterials	Carbon-arc, laser abalation methods.			
Liquid crystals	Introduction, Types, Applications	Introduction, Thermotropic and Lyotropic liquid crystals, nematic and smectic liquid crystals, Applications of liquid crystals			
Superconductors	Introduction, Characteristics and Applications	Introiduction, Meissner effect, type-I and type-II superconductors, characteristics and applications.			

UNIT-IV: ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND GREEEN CHEMISTRY 10 HRS

Molecular motors/ machines: Introduction to supramolecular chemistry, characteristics of molecular motors. Rotaxanes and Catenanes as artificial molecular machines. molecular shuttle, a molecular elevator, an autonomous light –powered molecular motors.

Green chemistry: Principles of green chemistry, green synthesis – aqueous phase, microwave assisted chemical reactions and phase transfer catalysis (PTC).

Unit	Module	Micro content
Molecular motors/ machines	Introduction to supramolecular chemistry Moleculatr Motors.	Introduction to supramolecular chemistry, characteristics of molecular motors.
	Natural Molecular Motors and Artificial Molecular Motors	Natural Molecular Motors, Artificial Molecular Machines: Rotaxanes and Catenanes. Molecular shuttle, a molecular elevator, an autonomous light –powered molecular motors
Green chemistry	Principles of Green Chemistry Green Synthetic Methods	12 Principles of green chemistry, green synthesis – aqueous phase, microwave assisted chemical reactions and phase transfer catalysis (PTC).

<u>UNIT-V</u>: SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES & NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES 12 HRS

Spectroscopic Techniques: Electromagnetic spectrum-types of molecular spectra and their absorption criteria.

UV-visible spectroscopy (electronic spectroscopy), Frank-Condon principle, Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, chromophores and auxochromes – *applications of UV visible spectroscopy.

IR spectroscopy – functional group and finger print region – molecular vibrations – stretching and bending vibrations – *applications of IR.

NMR (Nuclear magnetic resonance): Working principle and instrumentation of NMR – chemical shift(δ) – *applications of NMR.

(*only general applications – without any spectroscopic problems regarding quantitative and qualitative analysis.)

Non-conventional energy sources: Design, working, schematic diagram, advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic cell, organic photo-voltaic, hydropower, geothermal power, tidal, ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) – open cycle OTEC, closed cycle OTEC and hybrid cycle OTEC.

Unit	Module	Micro content			
Spectroscopic	Introduction to	Electromagneticspectrum-types of molecular			
Techniques	Electromagneticspectrum	spectra and their absorption criteria.			
UV	UV Visible Spectroscopy Applications	UV – Visible spectroscopy (electronic spectroscopy), Frank-Condon principle, Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, chromophores and auxochromes – *applications of UV visible spectroscopy.			
IR	IR Spectroscopy, Applications	<i>IR</i> spectroscopy – functional group and finger print region – molecular vibrations – stretching and bending vibrations – *applications of IR.			
NMR	NMR Spectroscopy, Applications	NMR (Nuclear magnetic resonance): Working principle and instrumentation of NMR – chemical shift(δ) – *applications of NMR. (Note: *only general applications – without any spectroscopic problems regarding quantitative and qualitative analysis.)			
Non- conventional energy sources	Photovoltaic cells, Organic Photovoltaic cells, hydropower, geo thermal power, tidal and ocean thermal energy conversion	Design, working, schematic diagram, advantages and disadvantages of photovoltaic cell, organic photo-voltaic cell, hydropower, geothermal power, tidal, ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) – open cycle OTEC, closed cycle OTEC and hybrid cycle OTEC.			

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course		T	P	С
ES1101	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	2	1	0	3

Course Objectives

- 0. To introduce basics of electric circuits and to teach DC and AC electrical circuit analysis.
- 1. To explain the working principles DC machines and speed control of various DC motors.
- 2. To explain the working principles of transformers and AC machines and its applications.
- 3. To introduce the basics of semiconductor physics and operation and applications of Diodes.
- 4. To introduce the basics of transistors and explain the transistor configurations

Unit-1

DC & AC Circuits

DC Circuits: Electrical circuit elements (R - L and C) – Kirchhoff's laws -Voltage and Current division rules-series, parallel circuits and star-delta and delta-star transformations- [Elementary treatment only]

AC Circuits: Representation of sinusoidal waveforms - Peak and RMS values - phasor representation - real power - reactive power - apparent power - power factor. [Elementary treatment only]

Unit-2

DC Machines 10 Hrs

DC Generator: Construction-Principle and operation of DC Generator - EMF equation -Types—Applications [Elementary treatment only]

DC Motor: Principle and operation of DC Motor – types-Torque equation - Speed control of DC Motor-Brake test- Swinburne's test-Applications. [Elementary treatment only]

Unit-3

AC Machines 10 Hrs

Single Phase Transformer: Construction, Principle and operation of Single-Phase Transformer –EMF Equation-Losses-Efficiency. [Elementary treatment only]

Three Phase Induction Motor: Construction- Principle and operation of three phase Induction Motor-Types- Applications. [Elementary treatment only].

Unit-4

Semiconductor Devices 10 Hrs

Semiconductor Physics, PN Junction Diode & Zener Diode-characteristics- Applications: Rectifiers (Half Wave Rectifier & Full Wave Rectifier) [Elementary treatment only], Clippers and Clampers.

Unit-5

Bipolar Junction Transistors

8 Hrs

Construction and working of bipolar junction transistor, CB, CE and CC Configurations and characteristics. [Elementary treatment only], Transistors as amplifiers, op-amp basics.

Text Books

- 1. D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath- "Basic Electrical Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill 2010.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, R. L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9th edition, PEI/PHI 2006.

References

- 1. L. S. Bobrow- "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering" Oxford University Press 2011.
- 2. E. Hughes "Electrical and Electronics Technology" Pearson 2010.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1.** Apply concepts of KVL/KCL in solving DC circuits.(Apply, Find, Solve)
- **CO2.** Choose correct machine for a specific application. (Understand, Apply)
- CO3. Illustrate working principles of DC and AC Machines. (Understand, Apply)
- **CO4.** Describe working principles of diodes and transistors. (Understand, Apply)
- **CO5.** Understand the applications of diodes and transistors. (Understand, Analyze)

CO PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3											1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3											1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

Micro-Syllabus of Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering

UNIT-I: DC & AC Circuits:

DC Circuits:

Electrical circuit elements (R - L and C) – Kirchhoff's laws -Voltage and Current division rulesseries, parallel circuits and star-delta and delta-star transformations- [Elementary treatment only]

AC Circuits:

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms - Peak and RMS values - phasor representation - real power - reactive power - apparent power - power factor.[Elementary treatment only]

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Definitions of Voltage, Current, Power & Energy
	Definitions & circuit	Types and Classification of circuit elements: R, L, C
	elements	elements Active, Passive; unilateral, bilateral; linear,
		nonlinear; lumped, distributed elements
		Ohm's Law. Active elements -Representation of
1.a or 2.a		Voltage and current sources in ideal and Practical
DC Circuits	Ohm's law,	cases and Passive elements -Voltage & Current
DC Circuits	KCL, KVL, Voltage &	relationship of R - L and C elements
	Current Division rules	Kirchhoff's Voltage and current laws -series and
		parallel circuits of R, L & C elements, Voltage and
		Current division rules for resistive circuit only
	STAR-DELTA	star-delta and delta-star transformations of resistive
	transformation	circuit only [Elementary treatment only]
		Representation of sinusoidal waveforms -Phase
	Dhagan manuagantation	difference and phasor representation of sinusoidal
1.b or 2.b AC Circuits	Phasor representation & AC fundamentals	waveforms
	& AC fundamentals	Peak, Average and RMS values for sinusoidal
		waveforms only
		Definitions of reactance and Impedance, real power -
	AC circuits & Power	reactive power - apparent power - power factor.
		[Elementary treatment only]

UNIT-II: DC Machines:

DC Generator:

Construction-Principle and operation of DC Generator - EMF equation -Types- Applications [Elementary treatment only]

DC Motor:

Principle and operation of DC Motor – types-Torque equation - Speed control of DC Motor-Brake test-Swinburne's test-Applications. [Elementary treatment only]

Unit	Module	Micro content				
3.a or 4.a	DC generator principle	Construction details of dc generator-Field				

DC generators	of operation &	System, Armature
	applications	Principle and operation of DC generator
		derivation of generated EMF-Simple problems
		on generated EMF
		Types of dc generators- Separately and Self
		excited (Shunt and series generators equivalent
		circuit [Elementary treatment only]) and
		applications.
		Principle operation of DC Motor
		Significance of Back EMF-Simple problems on
	DC Motor principle of	Back EMF
	operation & Back EMF	Derivation of Torque Equation-Simple
		problems on Torque Equation Torque equation
3.b or 4.b		of DC motor
DC Motors	Types of DC motors &	Types of DC Motors (Shunt and series motors
	Applications	equivalent circuit) and Applications
	DC motor Speed control	speed control (armature and field control
	techniques	methods)
	Testing of DC machines	Brake test procedure-Swinburne's test procedure
	resume of DC machines	[Elementary treatment only]

UNIT-III: AC Machines:

Single Phase Transformer:

Construction, Principle and operation of Single-Phase Transformer -EMF Equation-Losses-Efficiency. [Elementary treatment only]

Three Phase Induction Motor: Construction- Principle and operation of three phase Induction Motor-Types- Applications. [Elementary treatment only].

Unit	Module	Micro content			
5 (-	Basics of transformer	Construction, principle of operation of single-phase transformer, Types of single-phase transformer			
5.a or 6.a Single Phase transformer	EMF equation & Phasor diagram	EMF Equation of a transformer and simple problems on EMF equation of single-phase transformer			
		Ideal Transformer on NO load with phasor diagram			
	Transformer performance	Losses, Efficiency. [Elementary treatment only]			
	Basics of 3-phase	Construction and principles of 3-phase induction			
	induction motor	motor			

5.b. or 6.b		
Three Phase	Types and	Types (Squirrel Cage and slip ring induction motor
Induction Motor	applications	construction)- Applications

UNIT – IV: Semiconductor Devices

Semiconductor Physics, PN Junction Diode & Zener Diode-characteristics- Applications: Rectifiers (Half Wave Rectifier & Full Wave Rectifier) [Elementary treatment only], Clippers and Clampers.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Classification of materials based on energy band diagram
	Semiconductor Physics	Current density in conductor, Intrinsic semiconductor & properties of silicon and germanium
7.a. or 8.a Semiconductor physics & Diodes		Extrinsic semiconductor: P-type and N-type, Conductivity of extrinsic semiconductor and law of mass action, Diffusion & Drift currents-N junction formation.
	PN Junction Diode & Zener Diode	Working principle of PN junction diode: forward bias, reverse bias
		Diode current equation (Expression only), Basic problems on usage of diode current equation.
		Diode circuit models: Ideal Diode Model, Ideal Diode Model with V_{γ} . Reverse breakdown phenomena, Zener diode characteristics
	Voltage regulator	Zener Diode as Voltage Regulator
7.b or 8.b Diode Applications	Diode Rectifier Circuits	PN junction Diode Rectifiers (Working principle, Input and Output Waveforms and Expressions of output DC voltage for each) PN junction Diode Rectifiers (Working principle, Input and Output Waveforms and Expressions of output DC voltage for each)
	Clipper circuits	Bridge. Basics of Clippers: Series Positive, Series negative, Shunt Positive, Shunt negative, Dual clipping (without bias voltage).

UNIT V: Bipolar Junction Transistors

Construction and working of bipolar junction transistor, CB, CE and CC Configurations and characteristics. [Elementary treatment only], Transistors as amplifiers, op-amp basics.

Unit	Module	Micro content
	BJT construction &	Periodic functions Construction, Configuration
	working	and models
9.a or 10.a	WORKING	Working of BJT, Definitions of α , β and γ
BJT		CB characteristics: Input, output characteristics,
		current relation, dynamic input and output
	BJT CB, CE	resistances and base-width modulation
	characteristics	CE characteristics: Input, output characteristics,
		current relation, dynamic input and output
		resistances
	BJT Amplifier	Transistor as an amplifier
	Desires of OD own &	Block diagram of OP-AMP (Qualitative
9.b or 10.b OP-Amp basic	Basics of OP-amp & characteristics	treatment)
		Ideal characteristics of OP-AMP
	Basic OP-amp circuits	Inverting amplifier circuit
		Non-inverting amplifier circuit

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ES1102	Computer Engineering Workshop	1	0	4	3

Course Objectives

- 1. To make the students aware of the basic hardware components of a computer and installation of operating system.
- 2. To introduce Raptor Tool for flowchart creation.
- 3. Each student will familiar with Productivity tool: LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office
- 4. To get knowledge in awareness of cyber hygiene that is protecting the personal computer from getting infected with the viruses, worms and other cyber-attacks.
- 5. To introduce the usage of Productivity tools in crafting professional word documents, excel spreadsheets and power point presentations using open office tools.

Unit-1 10 Hrs

Simple Computer System: Central processing unit, the further need of secondary storage, Types of memory, Hardware, Software and people. Peripheral Devices: Input, Output and storage, Data Preparation, Factors affecting input, Input devices, Output devices, Secondary devices, Communication between the CPU and Input/ Output devices.

Unit-2

Problem Solving and Programming: Algorithm development, Flowcharts, Looping, some programming features, Pseudo code, the one-zero game, some structured programming concepts, documents. Programming Languages: Machine Language and assembly language, high -level and low level languages, Assemblers, Compilers, and Interpreters

Unit-3

Operating systems: Introduction, Evolution of operating systems, Command Interpreter, Popular operating systems- Microsoft DOS, Microsoft Windows, UNIX and Linux.

Introduction to Unix Shell Commands, directory management commands, file operations, users commands, Time and Date commands.

Unit-4

Computer Networks: Introduction to computer Networks, Network topologies-Bus topology, star topology, Ring topology, Mesh topology, Hybrid topology, Types of Networks: Local area Network, Wide Area Networks, Metropolitan Networks, Campus/ Corporate Area Network, Personal Area Network, Network Devices- Hub, Repeater, Switch, Bridge, Router, Gateway, Network interface Card, Basic Networking Commands.

Unit-5 8 Hrs

Introduction to HTML: Basics in Web Design, Brief History of Internet, World Wide Web Why create a web site, Web Standards, HTML Documents, Basic structure of an HTML document Creating an HTML document, Mark up Tags, Heading-Paragraphs, Line Breaks, HTML Tags.

Elements of HTML: Introduction to elements of HTML, Working with Text, Working with Lists, Tables and Frames, Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia, Working with Forms and controls.

List of Tasks

TASK 1: PC Hardware: PC Hardware introduces the students to a personal computer and its basic peripherals, the process of assembling a personal computer, installation of system software like MS Windows, Linux and the required device drivers. In addition hardware and software level troubleshooting process, tips and tricks would be covered.

Every student should identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor. Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition.

TASK 2: Hardware Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

Software Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

TASK 3: Drawing flowcharts (Raptor Tool)

- 1. Create flowcharts for take-off landing of an Aeroplane.
- 2. Create a flowchart to validate an email id entered by user.
- 3. Create flowchart to print first 50 prime numbers.

- **TASK 4: Productivity tool: LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office:** Importance of MS office, Details of the three tasks and features that should be covered in each, MS word, Power Point, Excel.
- **TASK 5: Operating System Installation:** Every student should individually install operating system like Linux or MS windows on the personal computer. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux.
- **TASK 6: Basic Commands:** Unix Shell Commands, directory management commands, file operations, users commands, Time and Date commands.
- **TASK 7: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp:** Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate how to access the websites and email.

TASK 8: Networking Commands:

ping, ssh, ifconfig, scp, netstat, ipstat, nslookup, traceroute, telnet, host, ftp, arp, wget, route

TASK 9: Basic HTML tags

- 1. Head Section and Elements of Head Section, Paragraphs, Formatting Styles.
- 2. Colour tags, Creating Hyperlinks, Images, Tables, lists
- 3. HTML Forms, Form Attributes, Form Elements.
- **TASK 10:** Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured. Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. Usage of search engines like Google, Yahoo, ask.com and others should be demonstrated by student.
- **TASK 11: Cyber Hygiene:** Students should learn about viruses on the internet and install antivirus software. Student should learn to customize the browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

Text Books

- 1. Fundamentals of Computers –Reema Thareja-Oxford higher education
- 2. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education, 2017
- 3. PC Hardware Trouble Shooting Made Easy, TMH
- 4. Programming the World Wide Web, 7th Edition, Robet W Sebesta, Pearson, 2013.

Reference Books

- 1. An Introduction to Web Design, Programming, 1st Edition, Paul S Wang, Sanda S Katila, Cengage Learning, 2003.
- 2. An Introduction to Computer studies –Noel Kalicharan-Cambridge

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1.** Identify various hardware components of a system and apply their knowledge about computer peripherals to identify / rectify problems onboard.
- **CO2.** Assemble the computer.
- **CO3.** Use various Microsoft tools.
- **CO4.** Integrate the PCs into local area network and re-install operating system and various application programs.
- CO5. Manage data backup and restore operations on computer and update application software.

CO-PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	2			
CO2	3		2		
CO3			3		3
CO4	2		2		
CO5				3	

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ES1103	Problem Solving Using C	2	1	0	3

Course Objectives

- 1) To learn about the computer systems, computing environments, developing of a computer program and Structure of a C Program
- 2) To gain knowledge of the operators, selection, control statements and repetition in C
- 3) To learn about the design concepts of arrays, strings, enumerated structure and union types. To learn about their usage.
- 4) To assimilate about pointers, dynamic memory allocation and know the significance of Pre-processor.
- 5) To assimilate about File I/O and significance of functions

Unit-1 10 Hrs

Introduction to Computers: Creating and running Programs, Computer Numbering System, Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers

Introduction to the C Language: Background, C Programs, Identifiers, Types, Variable, Constants, Input/output, Programming Examples, Scope, Storage Classes and Type Qualifiers.

Structure of a C Program: Expressions Precedence and Associativity, Side Effects, Evaluating Expressions, Type Conversion Statements, Simple Programs, Command Line Arguments.

Unit-2

Bitwise Operators: Exact Size Integer Types, Logical Bitwise Operators, Shift Operators.

Selection & Making Decisions: Logical Data and Operators, Two Way Selection, Multiway Selection, More Standard Functions

Repetition: Concept of Loop, Pretest and Post-test Loops, Initialization and Updating, Event and Counter Controlled Loops, Loops in C, Other Statements Related to Looping, Looping Applications, Programming Examples

Unit-3

Arrays: Concepts, Using Array in C, Array Application, Two Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays, Programming Example – Calculate Averages

Strings: String Concepts, C String, String Input / Output Functions, Arrays of Strings, String Manipulation Functions String/ Data Conversion, A Programming Example – Morse Code

Enumerated, Structure, and Union: The Type Definition (Type def), Enumerated Types, Structure, Unions, and Programming Application

Unit-4 10 Hrs

Pointers: Introduction, Pointers to pointers, Compatibility, L value and R value

Pointer Applications: Arrays, and Pointers, Pointer Arithmetic and Arrays, Memory Allocation Function, Array of Pointers, Programming Application

Processor Commands: Processor Commands

Unit-5 8 Hrs

Functions: Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C, User Defined Functions, Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions, Passing Array to Functions, Passing Pointers to Functions, Recursion

Text Input / Output: Files, Streams, Standard Library Input / Output Functions, Formatting Input / Output Functions, Character Input / Output Functions

Binary Input / **Output:** Text versus Binary Streams, Standard Library, Functions for Files, Converting File Type.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Programming for Problem Solving, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F.Gilberg, CENGAGE
- 2. The C Programming Language, Brian W.Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, 2e, Pearson

REFERENCES

- 1. Computer Fundamentals and Programming, Sumithabha Das, Mc Graw Hill
- 2. Programming in C, Ashok N. Kamthane, Amit Kamthane, Pearson
- 3. Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, OXFORD

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

- **CO1. Understand** algorithms and basic terminology of C
- CO2. Solve problems using control structures and modular approach
- CO3. Demonstrate 1D and 2D arrays along with strings for linear data handling
- **CO4. Determine** the use of pointers and structures
- **CO5. Implement** various operations on data files.

CO-PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	1	2
CO2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	1	2

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

Micro-Syllabus of Problem Solving in C

UNIT I

Introduction to Computers: Creating and running Programs, Computer Numbering System, Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers

Introduction to the C Language: Background, C Programs, Identifiers, Types, Variable, Constants, Input/output, Programming Examples, Scope, Storage Classes and Type Qualifiers.

Structure of a C Program: Expressions Precedence and Associativity, Side Effects, Evaluating Expressions, Type Conversion Statements, Simple Programs, Command Line Arguments.

Unit		Module	Micro content
		Introduction to	Creating and running Programs
		Computers	Computer Numbering System
			Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers
			C Tokens
Introduction	to	Introduction to C	I/O Functions
Computers,	C	Language	Scope and Storage classes
Language			Type Qualifiers
			Expressions
		Structure of a C Program	Side effects in evaluation of expressions
			Precedence and Associativity
			Command Line Arguments

UNIT - II

Bitwise Operators: Exact Size Integer Types, Logical Bitwise Operators, Shift Operators. **Selection & Making Decisions:** Logical Data and Operators, Two Way Selection, Multiway Selection, More Standard Functions

Repetition: Concept of Loop, Pretest and Post-test Loops, Initialization and Updating, Event and Counter Controlled Loops, Loops in C, Other Statements Related to Looping, Looping Applications, Programming Examples.

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Bitwise Operators	Exact Size Integer Types
	Bitwise Operators	Logical Bitwise Operators and Shift Operators
		Two Way Selection
C 1	Selection Statements	Multi Way Selection
Control Statements		More Standard Functions
Statements		Counter Controlled Loops
	Iterative Statements	Logic Controlled Loops
	nerative Statements	Other Statements related to looping
		Applications of looping and examples

UNIT III

Arrays: Concepts, Using Array in C, Array Application, Two Dimensional Arrays,

Multidimensional Arrays, Programming Example – Calculate Averages

Strings: String Concepts, C String, String Input / Output Functions, Arrays of Strings, String Manipulation Functions String/ Data Conversion, A Programming Example – Morse Code **Enumerated, Structure, and Union:** The Type Definition (Type def), Enumerated Types, Structure, Unions, and Programming Application

Unit	Module	Micro content					
		One Dimensional Arrays: Theory and Practice					
		Exercises					
	A marya	Two Dimensional Arrays: Theory and Practice					
	Arrays	Exercises					
		Introduction to Multi-Dimensional Arrays					
		Some more Example Programs on Arrays					
Derived and User		Introduction to the concept of a String in C					
Defined Data		String I/O Functions					
types	Strings	Manipulation Functions on Strings					
		String/Data Conversion					
		Programming Example – Morse Code					
		Introduction to the Concept of 'typedef'					
	Structures, Unions	Structures: Theory and Practice					
	and Enumeration	Unions: Theory and Practice					
		Enumeration Data type					

UNIT IV

Pointers: Introduction, Pointers to pointers, Compatibility, L value and R value

Pointer Applications: Arrays, and Pointers, Pointer Arithmetic and Arrays, Memory

Allocation Function, Array of Pointers, Programming Application

Processor Commands: Processor Commands

Unit		Module	Micro content			
	and ·		Introduction to Pointers			
		Pointers	Pointers to pointers			
Pointers			Compatibility, L-value and R-value			
Processor		Applications of	Pointer Arithmetic			
Commands		Applications of Pointers	Dynamic Memory Allocation			
Commands			Pointer to Arrays and Array of Pointers			
		Processor	Processor Commands			
		Commands	1 locessor Commands			

UNIT V

Functions: Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C, User Defined Functions, Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions, Passing Array to Functions, Passing Pointers to Functions, Recursion

Text Input / Output: Files, Streams, Standard Library Input / Output Functions, Formatting Input / Output Functions, Character Input / Output Functions

Binary Input / **Output:** Text versus Binary Streams, Standard Library, Functions for Files, Converting File Type.

Unit		Module	Micro content				
			Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C				
		User Defined Functions	Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions				
			Passing Array to Functions				
			Passing Pointers to Functions				
			Recursion				
			Files, Streams				
		Text Input / Output	Standard Library Input / Output Functions				
			Formatting Input / Output Functions				
			Character Input / Output Functions				
Functions	and		Text versus Binary Streams				
Files		Binary Input/ Output	Standard Library				
			Functions for files				
			Converting File Type				

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS1101L	Applied Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Introduction to chemistry laboratory – Molarity, Normality, Primary, Secondary standard solutions, Volumetric titrations quantitative analysis .

Course Objectives

- 1. To furnish the students with a solid foundation in Chemistry Laboratory required to solve the Engineering problems.
- 2. To expose the students in practical aspects of the theoritical concepts like pH, hardness of water etc.
- 3. To guide the students on how to handle the instruments like UV-visible spectrophotometer, potentiometer and conductometer.

List of Experiments

Students should do any 10 experiments listed below

- 1. Determination of HCl using standard Na₂CO₃ solution.
- 2. Determination of alkalinity of a sample containing Na₂CO₃ and NaOH.
- 3. Determination of Mn (II) using standard oxalic acid solution.
- 4. Determination of ferrous iron using standard K₂Cr₂O₇ solution.
- 5. Determination of Copper (II) using standard EDTA solution.
- 6. Determination of temporary and permanent hardness of water using standard EDTA solution.
- 7. Determination of Iron (III) by colorimetric method.
- 8. Determination of the concentration of acetic acid using sodium hydroxide (pH-metric method).
- 9. Determination of concentration of strong acid vs strong base (by conductometric method).
- 10. Determination of strong acid vs strong base (by potentiometric method).
- 11. Determination of Mg⁺² present in an antacid.
- 12. Determination of CaCO₃ presence in an egg shell.
- 13. Estimation of vitamin- C.
- 14. Determination of phosphoric content in soft drinks.
- 15. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal.
- 16. Prepatation of nylon-6, 6 and Bakelite (demonstration only)

Reference Books:

A Text Book of Quantitative Analysis, Arthur J. Vogel.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able

- **CO1.** To estimate the amount of metal ions present in different solutions (L4 & L3)
- **CO2.** To analyze the quality parameters of water (L4)
- CO3. To determine the strength of different solutions by using different instrumentation techniques (L3)

CO-PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3							2			
CO2	2	2							2			
CO3	2	3							2			

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ES1102L	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives

- To Verify Kirchhoff's laws, Voltage and Current division rules.
- To learn speed control and testing of DC Shunt Motor.
- To learn and understand the operation of induction motor.
- To learn applications of diodes and transistors.

List of Experiments

Cycle-1

- 1. Verification of Kirchhoff laws.
- 2. Verification of Voltage division rule and current division rule.
- 3. Speed control of DC Shunt Motor.
- 4. Perform Brake test on DC Shunt Motor.
- 5. Conduct Swinburne's test on DC Shunt Motor.
- 6. Brake test on 3-phase Induction Motor.

Cycle-1I

- 1. V-I characteristics of P-N Junction Diode.
- 2. Understand Zener Diode Characteristics.
- 3. Understand Half wave rectifier and Full wave rectifier with and without filter.
- 4. Characteristics of BJT in Common Base Configuration.
- 5. Characteristics of BJT in Common Emitter Configuration.
- 6. Zener diode as voltage regulator.

Text Books

- 1. D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath- "Basic Electrical Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill 2010.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, R. L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9th edition, PEI/PHI 2006.

References

- 3. L. S. Bobrow- "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering" Oxford University Press 2011.
- 4. E. Hughes "Electrical and Electronics Technology" Pearson 2010.

Course Outcomes: Able to

CO1. Verify Kirchhoff's Laws and voltage and current division rules for

DC supply.

CO2. Analyze the performance of AC and DC Machines by testing.

CO3. Perform speed control of DC shunt motor.
CO4. Perform the half wave and full wave rectifier.

CO PO MAPPING:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3											1
CO4	3	2										1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

I- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ES1102L	Problem Solving Using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives

- 1. Apply the principles of C language in problem solving.
- 2. To design flowcharts, algorithms and knowing how to debug programs.
- 3. To design & develop of C programs using arrays, strings pointers & functions.
- 4. To review the file operations, pre-processor commands.

Exercise 1

- 1. Write a C program to print a block F using hash (#), where the F has a height of six characters and width of five and four characters.
- 2. Write a C program to compute the perimeter and area of a rectangle with a height of 7 inches and width of 5 inches.
- 3. Write a C program to display multiple variables.

Exercise 2

- 1. Write a C program to calculate the distance between the two points.
- 2. Write a C program that accepts 4 integers p, q, r, s from the user where r and s are positive and p is even. If q is greater than r and s is greater than p and if the sum of r and s is greater than the sum of p and q print "Correct values", otherwise print "Wrong values".

Exercise 3

- 1. Write a C program to convert a string to a long integer.
- 2. Write a program in C which is a Menu-Driven Program to compute the area of the various geometrical shape.
- 3. Write a C program to calculate the factorial of a given number.

Exercise 4

- 1 .Write a program in C to display the n terms of even natural number and their sum.
- 2. Write a program in C to display the n terms of harmonic series and their sum.
- $1 + 1/2 + 1/3 + 1/4 + 1/5 \dots 1/n$ terms.
- 3. Write a C program to check whether a given number is an Armstrong number or not.

Exercise 5

- 1. Write a program in C to print all unique elements in an array.
- 2. Write a program in C to separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.
- 3. Write a program in C to sort elements of array in ascending order.

Exercise 6

- 1. Write a program in C for multiplication of two square Matrices.
- 2. Write a program in C to find transpose of a given matrix.

Exercise 7

- 1. Write a program in C to search an element in a row wise and column wise sorted matrix.
- 2. Write a program in C to print individual characters of string in reverse order.

Exercise 8

- 1. Write a program in C to compare two strings without using string library functions.
- 2. Write a program in C to copy one string to another string.

Exercise 9

- 1. Write a C Program to Store Information Using Structures with Dynamically Memory Allocation
- 2. Write a program in C to demonstrate how to handle the pointers in the program.

Exercise 10

- 1. Write a program in C to demonstrate the use of & (address of) and *(value at address) operator.
- 2. Write a program in C to add two numbers using pointers.

Exercise 11

- 1. Write a program in C to add numbers using call by reference.
- 2. Write a program in C to find the largest element using Dynamic Memory Allocation.

Exercise 12

1. Write a program in C to swap elements using call by reference.

2. Write a program in C to count the number of vowels and consonants in a string using a pointer.

Exercise 13

- 1. Write a program in C to show how a function returning pointer.
- 2. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() function.

Exercise 14

- 1. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using calloc() function. Understand & write the difference.
- 2. Write a program in C to convert decimal number to binary number using the function.

Exercise 15

- 1. Write a program in C to check whether a number is a prime number or not using the function.
- 2. Write a program in C to get the largest element of an array using the function.

Exercise 16

- 1. Write a program in C to append multiple lines at the end of a text file.
- 2. Write a program in C to copy a file in another name.
- 3. Write a program in C to remove a file from the disk.

Course Outcomes: By the end of the Lab, the student able to

- **CO1.** Comprehend the various concepts of a C language
- **CO2. Develop** algorithms and flowcharts
- **CO3. Design** and development of C problem solving skills.
- **CO4.** Acquire modular programming skills.

CO-POS MAPPING

C	orrela	ation	of Co	ourse	Outco	omes	with	Progr	am (Outcom	es and	Progr	am S _l	pecific
O	utcon	nes (P	O's &	PSO'	s)									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	2	1	2
CO2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	2	2

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS1201	Mathematics-II	2	1	0	3

Course Objectives

- > To elucidate the different numerical methods to solve nonlinear algebraic equations
- > To disseminate the use of different numerical techniques for carrying out numerical integration
- > To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real world problems and their applications

Unit-1

Iterative methods 10 Hrs

Introduction—Bisection method—Method of false position—Iteration method—Newton-Raphson method (one variable)—Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel methods for solving system of equations.

Unit-2

Interpolation 10 Hrs

Introduction–Errors in polynomial interpolation–Finite differences–Forward differences–Backward differences–Central differences –Relations between operators–Newton's forward and backward formulae for interpolation–Gauss's forward and backward formulae for

Interpolation – Interpolation with unequal intervals–Lagrange's interpolation formula–Newton's divide difference formula.

Unit-3

Numerical integration and solution of ordinary difference equations

10 Hrs

Trapezoidal rule–Simpson's $1/3^{\rm rd}$ and $3/8^{\rm th}$ rule–Solution of ordinary differential equations by Taylor's series–Picard's method of successive approximations–Euler's method–Modified Euler's method–Runge-Kutta method (second and fourth order).

Unit-4

Laplace Transforms 10 Hrs

Laplace transforms of standard functions – Shifting theorems – Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Unit step function – Dirac's delta function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace transforms – Convolution theorem (without proof)

Applications: Evaluation of integrals using Laplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential equations (Initial value problems) using Laplace transforms.

Unit-5

Fourier series and Fourier Transforms

8 Hrs

Fourier series: Introduction – Periodic functions – Fourier series of periodic function – Dirichlet's conditions – Even and odd functions – Change of interval – Half-range sine and cosine series.

Fourier Transforms: Fourier integral theorem (without proof) - Fourier sine and cosine integrals – Sine and cosine transforms – Properties – Inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms.

Text Books

3. **B.S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44th Edition, Khanna Publishers. **Reference Books**

- 3. **B.V. Ramana**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.
- 4. **H.K.Das**, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 22nd Edition, S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 5. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edition, Wiley-India.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1.** Evaluate approximate in the roots of polynomial and transcendental equations by different algorithms (EVALUATE)
- CO2. Solve system of linear algebraic equations using Gauss Jacobi, Gauss Seidel and apply Newton's forward and backward interpolation and Lagrange's formulae for equal and unequal intervals (SOLVE, APPLY, FIND)
- CO3. Apply different algorithms for approximating the solutions of ordinary differential equations to its analytical computations and also by Laplace the transforms for solving differential equations (SOLVE, APPLY, FIND)
- CO4. Find or compute the Fourier series of periodic signals (SOLVE ,APPLY, FIND, ANALYSE)
- CO5. Know and be able to apply integral expressions for the forwards and inverse Fourier transform to range of non-periodic waveforms (SOLVE, APPLY, FIND)

CO – PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

Micro-Syllabus of MATHEMATICS-II

UNIT-1: Iterative methods:

Introduction—Bisection method—Method of false position—Iteration method—Newton-Raphson method (one variable)—Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel methods for solving system of equations.

Unit		Module	Micro content			
1a. & 2.a		Numerical solution of	Bisection method			
	ven	algebraic and	Method of false position			
polynomial	V EII	transcendental	Iteration method			
polynomiai		polynomials	Newton-Raphson's method			
1b. & 2b.			Jacobi's method			
Solving line	linear	Solving linear system	Gauss-seidel method			
system						

UNIT-2: Interpolation:

Introduction–Errors in polynomial interpolation–Finite differences–Forward differences–Backward differences–Central differences –Relations between operators–Newton's forward and backward formulae for interpolation–Gauss's forward and backward formulae for Interpolation – Interpolation with unequal intervals–Lagrange's interpolation formula–Newton's divide difference formula.

Unit	Module	Micro content					
	Finite difference tables	Forward, backward & central difference tables					
3a. & 4a.	Time difference tables	Errors in polynomials					
		Newton's forward and backward difference					
Equal-Spaced difference tables	Finding functional	interpolation formula					
difference tables	values for given data	Gauss forward and backward difference					
		interpolation formula					
3b. & 4b.		Lagrange's interpolation formula					
Unequal spaced data & relation between various operators	relation between various	Relation between various operators(Shift, forward, backward, central, average & differential operators)					

UNIT-3: Numerical integration and solution of ordinary difference equations:

Trapezoidal rule–Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8th rule–Solution of ordinary differential equations by Taylor's series–Picard's method of successive approximations–Euler's method–Modified Euler's method–Runge-Kutta method (second and fourth order).

Unit	Module	Micro content				
		Trapezoidal rule				
5a. & 6a.	Numerical Integration	Simpson's 1/3 rd rule				
Numerical		Simpson's 3/8 th				
integration		Taylors series method				
	Numerical solution of	Picard's method				
5b. & 6b.	ordinary differential	Euler's method				
Numerical	equations for single	M I'C IT I 2 A I				
solution of	variable	Modified Euler's method				

ordinary	
differential	
equations for	
single variable	

UNIT – 4: Laplace Transforms:

Laplace transforms of standard functions – Shifting theorems – Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Unit step function – Dirac's delta function –Periodic function - Inverse Laplace transforms – Convolution theorem (without proof)

Applications: Evaluation of integrals using Laplace transforms - Solving ordinary differential equations (Initial value problems) using Laplace transforms.

Unit	Module	Micro content					
7a. & 8a.	Laplace transforms and	Shifting theorems					
Laplace	theorem	Derivatives and integrals					
Transforms	Hieorem	Multiplication and division					
7h 0 0h Ingganga		Periodic functions					
7b. & 8b. Inverse	Periodic functions	Dirac delta functions					
Laplace transforms and	&Inverse Laplace	Evaluation integrals using Laplace Transforms					
Applications and	Transforms	Solving differential equations using Laplace transforms					

UNIT 5: Fourier series and Fourier Transforms:

Fourier series: Introduction – Periodic functions – Fourier series of periodic function – Dirichlet's conditions – Even and odd functions – Change of interval – Half-range sine and cosine series. Fourier Transforms: Fourier integral theorem (without proof) - Fourier sine and cosine integrals – Sine and cosine transforms – Properties – Inverse transforms – Finite Fourier transforms.

Unit	Module	Micro content						
		Periodic functions						
9a. & 10a.		Dirichlet's conditions						
Fourier Series	Fourier Series	Even and odd function's						
Fourier Series		Change of interval						
		Half range sine and cosine series						
		Fourier Sine and Cosine integral						
		Properties of Fourier Transforms						
0L 0 10L		Fourier and Inverse Fourier Transforms						
9b. & 10b.	Easting Transforms	Fourier cosine and Inverse Fourier cosine						
Fourier	Fourier Transforms	Transforms						
Transforms		Fourier sine and Inverse Fourier sine Transforms						
		Finite Fourier Transforms						
		Inverse Finite Fourier Transforms						

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS1202	Applied Physics	2	1	0	3

Course Objectives

Applied Physics curriculum which is re-oriented to the needs of Circuital branches of graduate engineering courses offered by Vasireddy Venkatadri Institute of Technology, which serves as a transit to understand the branch specific advanced topics. The course is designed to:

- Impart Knowledge of Physical Optics phenomena like Interference and Diffraction required to design instruments with higher resolution.
- ➤ Understand the physics of Semiconductors and their working mechanism for their utility in electronic devices.
- > Impart the knowledge of materials with characteristic utility in appliances.

Unit-1

Wave Optics 10 Hrs

Interference: Principle of Superposition-Interference of light — Conditions for sustained Interference-Interference in thin films (reflected geometry) — Newton's Rings (reflected geometry) **Diffraction:** Fraunhofer Diffraction:— Diffraction due to single slit (quantitative), double slit(qualitative), N —slits(qualitative) and circular aperture (qualitative) — Intensity distribution curves — Diffraction grating — Grating spectrum — missing order— resolving power — Rayleigh's criterion — Resolving powers of Microscope(qualitative), Telescope(qualitative) and grating (qualitative).

Unit-2

LASERs and Holography

10 Hrs

LASERs: Interaction of radiation with matter – Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation – population inversion – Einstein's coefficients & Relation between them and their significance - Pumping Mechanisms - Ruby laser – Helium-Neon laser – Applications.

Holography: Introduction – principle – differences between photography and holography – construction and reconstruction of hologram – applications of holograms

Unit-3

Magnetism and Dielectrics

10 Hrs

Magnetism: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability- Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Bohr Magneton-Classification of

magnetic materials: Dia, para & Ferro – Domain concept of Ferromagnetism - Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – applications of Ferromagnetic material.

Dielectrics: Introduction- Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant- Types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic (Quantitative), Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz Internal field- Claussius – Mossotti's equation- Frequency dependence of polarization - Applications of dielectrics.

Unit-4

Quantum Mechanics 10 Hrs

Introduction— matter waves — de Broglie's hypothesis — Davisson-Germer experiment — G. P. Thomson experiment — Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle—Schrödinger time independent and time dependent wave equations — physical significance of Schrödinger wave function — Particle in a potential box (determination of energy).

Unit-5

Semiconductor Physics

8 Hrs

Origin of energy bands (qualitative) –Classification of solids based on energy bands–Intrinsic semiconductors-density of charge carriers –Electrical conductivity-Fermi level – extrinsic semiconductors-P-type & N-type – Density of charge carriers- Dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature- Hall effect-Hall coefficient- Applications of Hall effect-Drift and Diffusion currents - Einstein's equation.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. "Engineering Physics" by B. K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi Cengage Publications, 2012
- 2. "A Text book of Engineering Physics" by M.N. Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar S.Chand, 2017.
- 3. "Engineering Physics" by D.K.Bhattacharya and Poonam Tandon, Oxford press (2015).
- 4. "Engineering Physics" by R.K Gaur. and S.L Gupta., Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. "Engineering Physics" by M.R.Srinivasan, New Age international publishers (2009).
- 2. "Optics" by Ajoy Ghatak, 6th Edition McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 3. "Solid State Physics" by A.J.Dekker, Mc Millan Publishers (2011).

Course Outcomes: The students will be able to

- **CO1. Understand** the principles such as interference and diffraction to design and enhance the resolving power of various optical instruments.
- CO2. Learn the basic concepts of LASER light Sources and Apply them to holography
- **CO3. Study** the magnetic and dielectric materials to enhance the utility aspects of materials.
- **CO4.** Learn the fundamental concepts of Quantum behaviour of matter.
- **CO5. Identify** the type of semiconductors using Hall Effect.

CO PO MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

Micro-Syllabus of Applied Physics

Unit-I: Wave Optics

Interference: Principle of Superposition-Interference of light — Conditions for sustained Interference-Interference in thin films (reflected geometry) — Newton's Rings (reflected geometry) **Diffraction:** Fraunhofer Diffraction:— Diffraction due to single slit (quantitative), double slit(qualitative), N —slits(qualitative) and circular aperture (qualitative) — Intensity distribution curves — Diffraction grating — Grating spectrum — missing order— resolving power — Rayleigh's criterion — Resolving powers of Microscope(qualitative), Telescope(qualitative) and grating (qualitative).

Unit	Module	Micro content					
	Principle of	Introduction to interference					
	1	Principle of superposition					
	Superposition & Interference of light	Coherence					
	interference of right	Conditions for sustained Interference					
		Interference in thin films by reflection (cosine's					
Ia. Interference	Interference in thin	law)					
	films	Complementary nature					
		Colours of thin film					
		Newton's Rings(reflected geometry)					
		Experimental arrangement & conditions for					
	Newton's Rings	diameters					

the
ıne
er's
gle
slit
um
and
<u>n</u> n

Unit-II: LASERs and Holography

LASERs: Interaction of radiation with matter – Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation – population inversion – Einstein's coefficients & Relation between them and their significance - Pumping Mechanisms - Ruby laser – Helium-Neon laser – Applications.

Holography: Introduction – principle – differences between photography and holography – construction and reconstruction of hologram – applications of holograms

Unit	Module	Micro content			
	Interaction of radiation	Introduction to LASERS			
	with matter	Spontaneous emission			
	with matter	Stimulated emission			
		Einstein's coefficients			
IIa. LASERs	Einstein's coefficients	Population inversion			
		Pumping mechanisms			
	LASERS construction	Ruby laser			
	and working	Helium-Neon laser			
	and working	Applications of Lasers			
		Introduction and Principle of holography			
IIb. Holography	Principle of holography	Differences between photography and			
		holography			
	construction and	Construction of hologram			
	reconstruction of	Reconstruction of hologram			

hologram Applications of holography

Unit-III: Magnetism and Dielectrics

Magnetism: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability- Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Bohr magneton-Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para & Ferro – Domain concept of Ferromagnetism - Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – applications of Ferromagnetic material.

Dielectrics: Introduction- Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant- Types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic (Quantitative), Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz Internal field-Claussius –Mossotti's equation- Frequency dependence of polarization - Applications of dielectrics.

Unit	Module	Micro content			
		Introduction to Magnetism, Definitions of			
	Introduction&	Magnetic dipole moment, Magnetization,			
	Origin of permanent	Magnetic susceptibility and Permeability			
	magnetic moment	Origin of magnetic moment			
		Bohr magneton			
	Classification of	Dia magnetic materials			
IIIa. Magnetism	magnetic materials	Para magnetic materials			
	magnetic materials	Ferro magnetic materials			
		Domain concept of Ferromagnetism			
	Domain concept of	Hysteresis Curve (B-H Curve)			
	Ferromagnetism &	Soft and hard magnetic materials classification based on Hysteresis Curve			
	Hysteresis				
		Applications of magnetic materials			
		Introduction to dielectrics			
	Introduction&	Dielectric polarization, Dielectric polarizability,			
	definitions	susceptibility			
		Dielectric constant			
		Electronic polarization (Quantitative)			
IIIb.Dielectrics	Types of polarizations	Ionic polarization (Quantitative)			
		Orientational polarizations (Qualitative)			
	Internal field&	Lorentz Internal fields in solids			
	Claussius –Mossotti's	Clausius-Mossotti's equation			
	equation = viossotti s	Frequency dependence of polarization			
	equation	Applications of Dielectrics			

Unit-IV: Quantum Mechanics

Introduction— matter waves — de Broglie's hypothesis — Davisson-Germer experiment — G.P.Thomson experiment — Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle—Schrödinger time independent and time dependent wave equations — physical significance of Schrödinger wave function — Particle in a potential box (determination of energy).

Unit Module	Micro content
-------------	---------------

	Introduction& de Broglie's hypothesis	Introduction to Matter waves		
		de Broglie's hypothesis		
		Properties of Matter waves		
	Davisson-Germer	Davisson and Germer's experiment		
	experiment &	G. P. Thomson experiment		
IV. Quantum	G.P.Thomson	Heisenberg's uncertainty principle		
Mechanics	experiment			
	Schrödinger wave function & equations	Schrödinger's wave function and it's physical		
		significance		
		Schrodinger Time Independent wave equation		
		Schrodinger Time Dependent wave equation		
		Application to particle in one dimensional box		

Unit-V: Semiconductor Physics

Origin of energy bands (qualitative) -Classification of solids based on energy bands –Intrinsic semiconductors – density of charge carriers – Electrical conductivity-Fermi level – extrinsic semiconductors – P-type & N-type – Density of charge carriers – DependenceofFermienergyoncarrierconcentrationandtemperature-Halleffect-Hallcoefficient-Applications of Hall effect- Drift and Diffusion currents - Einstein's equation.

Unit	Module	Micro content				
	Origin of energy bands	Introduction to energy bands and Origin of energy bands in crystalline solids Classification of solids into conductors, semiconductors and insulators based on energy.				
		semiconductors and insulators based on energy bands Intrinsic semiconductor and Carrie				
V. Semiconductor Physics		Intrinsic semiconductor and Carrier				
	Intrinsic & extrinsic	Concentration				
	semiconductors	Equation for Conductivity				
	scriftconductors	Extrinsic Semiconductors (p-type and type)and Carrier Concentration				
	D 'C 1 D'CC ' 0	Drift and Diffusion in semiconductors				
	Drift and Diffusion & Halleffect	Einstein's Equation				
	паненесі	Hall Effect and it's applications				

10 Hrs

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	С
HS1201	Communicative English	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

- 1. Adopt activity based teaching-learning methods to ensure that learners would be engaged in use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions.
- 2. Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native speakers
- 3. Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials
- 4. Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays, discussions and structured talks/oral presentations
- 5. Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information
- 6. Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

Unit 1

Detailed Study: A Proposal to Girdle the Earth (Excerpt) by Nellie Bly

Theme: Exploration

Listening: Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others. **Reading:** Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

Reading for Writing: Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word order in sentences.

Non-Detailed Study:

- 1. "How to Fashion Your Own Brand of Success" by Howard Whitman
- 2. "How to Recognize Your Failure Symptoms" by Dorothea Brande

Detailed Study: An excerpt from The District School as It Was by One Who Went to It by Warren Burton 10 Hrs

Theme: On Campus

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.

Reading: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Cohesive devices - linkers, signposts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

Non-detailed Study:

- 3. "How to Conquer the Ten Most Common Causes of Failure" by Louis Binstock
- 4. "How to Develop Your Strength to Seize Opportunities" by Maxwell Maltz

Unit 3

Detailed Study: The Future of Work?

Theme: Working Together

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking:Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed

Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

Non-Detailed Study:

5. "How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand

6. "How to Raise Your Self-Esteem and Develop Self-confidence" by James W Newman

Unit 4 10 Hrs

Detailed Study: H.G Wells and the Uncertainties of Progress by Peter J. Bowler

Theme: Fabric of Change

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

Speaking: Role-plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

Writing: Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms

Non-Detailed Study

- 7. "How to Win Your War against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz
- 8. "How to Find the Courage to Take Risks" by Drs. Tom Rusk and Randy Read

Unit 5

Detailed Study: Leaves from the Mental Portfolio of a Eurasian by Sui Sin Far 8 Hrs

Theme: Tools for Life

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides.

Reading: Reading for comprehension.

Writing: Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences

Grammar and Vocabulary: Editing short texts – identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

Non-Detailed Study

9. "How to Become a Self-Motivator" by Charles T Jones

10. "How to Eliminate Your Bad Habits" by OgMandino

Text Books

- 5. English All Round: Communication Skills for Undergraduate Learners-Volume 1, Orient Black Swan, 2019
- 6. University of Success by OgMandino, Jaico, 2015.

Reference Books

- 1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
- 2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
- 3. Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
- 4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.

AICTE Recommended Books

- 1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma. Technical Communication. Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 2. Pushplata and Sanjay Kumar. Communication Skills, Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 3. Kulbushan Kumar. Effective Communication Skills. Khanna Publishing House, Delhi

Sample Web Resources

Grammar / Listening / Writing

1-language.com

http://www.5minuteenglish.com/

https://www.englishpractice.com/

Grammar/Vocabulary

English Language Learning Online

http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/

http://www.better-english.com/

http://www.nonstopenglish.com/

https://www.vocabulary.com/

BBC Vocabulary Games

Free Rice Vocabulary Game

Reading

https://www.usingenglish.com/comprehension/

https://www.englishclub.com/reading/short-stories.htm

https://www.english-online.at/

Listening

https://learningenglish.voanews.com/z/3613

http://www.englishmedialab.com/listening.html

Speaking

https://www.talkenglish.com/

BBC Learning English – Pronunciation tips

Merriam-Webster – Perfect pronunciation Exercises

All Skills

https://www.englishclub.com/

http://www.world-english.org/

http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the learners will be able to

- **CO1.** identify the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English and formulate sentences using proper grammatical structures and correct word forms (**Describe, relate, tell, find L-3**)
- CO2. speak clearly on a specific topic using suitable discourse markers in informal discussions (Discuss, outline, explain, predict L3)
- CO3. write summaries based on global comprehension of reading/listening texts (Use, categorize, complete, solve L-3)
- CO4. produce a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table (Identify, compare, explain, illustrate- L4)
- CO5. take notes while listening to a talk/lecture to answer questions (explain, relate, outline, complete -L3)

CO PO Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1									2	3		1
CO2									2	3		1
CO3									2	3		1
CO4									2	3		1
CO5									2	3		1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

Micro-Syllabus of Communicative English

Unit 1

Detailed Study: A Proposal to Girdle the Earth (Excerpt) by Nellie Bly

Theme: Exploration

Listening: Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

Speaking:Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.

Reading: Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

Reading for Writing: Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word order in sentences.

Non-Detailed Study:

- 1. "How to Fashion Your Own Brand of Success" by Howard Whitman
- 2. "How to Recognize Your Failure Symptoms" by Dorothea Brande

Unit	Module	Micro content				
	Listening					
1a.Detailed Study		answering a series of questions.				
		Asking and answering general questions on familiar				
	Speaking	topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.				
		Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing				
	Reading	topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others. Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph.				
		Identifying the topic, the context and specific piece of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions. Asking and answering general questions on familia topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others. Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/o providing a transition to the next paragraph. Content words and function words; word forms verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns				
	Grammar and	Content words and function words; word forms:				
	Vocabulary	verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns:				
	vocabulary	countable and uncountable; singular and plural; basic				

		sentence structures; simple question form - whquestions; word order in sentences.
	"How to Fashion	questions, word order in sentences.
	Your Own Brand of	Introduction to Whitman
	Success" by	Summary of the Essay
1b.Non-Detailed	Howard Whitman	
Study	How to Recognize	
	Your Failure	Introduction to Dorothea Brande
	Symptoms" by	Summary of the Essay
	Dorothea Brande	

Detailed Study: The District School As It Was by One Who Went to It by Warren Burton Theme: On Campus

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks. **Reading:** Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Cohesive devices - linkers, signposts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

Non-detailed Study:

- 3. "How to Conquer the Ten Most Common Causes of Failure" by Louis Binstock
- 4. "How to Develop Your Strength to Seize Opportunities" by Maxwell Maltz

Unit	Module	Micro content				
	Listening	Answering a series of questions about main idea				
		11 0				
	Speaking					
	SF	Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts. Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks. Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together. Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters. Cohesive devices - linkers, signposts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions. Introduction to Louis Binstock				
		Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal				
2a. Detailed	Reading	techniques that help to link the ideas in a				
		paragraph together.				
Study		Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable				
	Writing	cohesive devices; mechanics of writing -				
		punctuation, capital letters.				
	C	Cohesive devices - linkers, signposts and				
	Grammar and	transition signals; use of articles and zero article;				
	Vocabulary	, ,				
2b. Non-Detailed	"How to Conquer the	Introduction to Louis Binstock				
Study	Ten Most Common	Summary of the Essay				

Caus	ses of Failure" by	
Louis	s Binstock	
"Hov	v to Develop Your	
Stren	ngth to Seize	Introduction to Maxwell Maltz
Орро	ortunities" by	Summary of the Essay
Max	well Maltz	-

Detailed Study: The Future of Work

Theme: Working Together

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed

Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

Non-Detailed Study:

5. "How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand

6. "How to Raise Your Self-Esteem and Develop Self-confidence" by James W Newman

Unit	Module	Micro content					
	Listening	Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.					
	Speaking	Discussing specific topics in pairs or small group and reporting what is discussed					
3a. Detailed Study	Reading	Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.					
	Writing	Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.					
	Grammar and Vocabulary	Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct a indirect speech, reporting verbs for acader purposes.					
3b. Non-Detailed	"How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand	Introduction to Kenneth Hildebrand Summary of the Essay					
Study	How to Raise Your Self-Esteem and Develop Self-	Introduction to James Newman Summary of the Essay					

confidence" by James	
W Newman	

Detailed Study: H.G Wells and the Uncertainties of Progress by Peter J. Bowler

Theme: Fabric of Change

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

Speaking: Role-plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

Writing: Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms

Non-Detailed Study

7. "How to Win Your War Against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz

8. "How to Find the Courage to Take Risks" by Drs. Tom Rust and Randy Read

Unit	Module	Micro content					
4a. Detailed Study	Listening Making predictions while listening conversations/ transactional dialogues with video.						
	Speaking	Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions					
	Reading	Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.					
	Writing	Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.					
	Grammar and Vocabulary	Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms					
4b. Non-Detailed Study	"How to Win Your War Against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz	Introduction to Dr Maxwell Maltz Summary of the Essay					

"How to Find the	
Courage to Take	Introduction to Drs. Tom Rust and Randy Read
Risks" by Drs Tom	Summary of the Essay
Rust and Randy Read	

Detailed Study: Leaves from the Mental Portfolio of a Eurasian by Sui Sin Far

Theme: Tools for Life

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension. **Speaking:** Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides.

Reading: Reading for comprehension. **Writing:** Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences

Grammar and Vocabulary: Editing short texts – identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

Non-Detailed Study

- 9. "How to Become a Self-Motivator" by Charles T Jones
- 10. "How to Eliminate Your Bad Habits" by OgMandino

Unit	Module	Micro content		
	Listening	Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that		
5a. Detailed	Speaking	test comprehension. Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides.		
Study	Reading	Reading for comprehension.		
	Writing	Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences		
	Grammar and Vocabulary	Editing short texts – identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)		
5b. Non-Detailed	"How to Become a Self-Motivator" by Charles T Jones	Introduction to Charles T Jones Summary of the Essay		
Study	"How to Eliminate Your Bad Habits" by OgMandino	Introduction to Og Mandino Summary of the Essay		

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ES1201	Problem Solving using Python	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

- To learn about Python programming language syntax, semantics, and the runtime environment
- To be familiarized with universal computer programming concepts like data types, containers
- To be familiarized with general computer programming concepts like conditional execution, loops & functions
- To be familiarized with general coding techniques and object-oriented programming

Unit-1 10 Hrs

Introduction: Introduction to Python, Program Development Cycle, Input, Processing, and Output, Displaying Output with the Print Function, Comments, Variables, Reading Input from the Keyboard, Performing Calculations, Operators. Type conversions, Expressions, More about Data Output.

Data Types, and Expression: Strings Assignment, and Comment, Numeric Data Types and Character Sets, Using functions and Modules.

Decision Structures and Boolean Logic: if, if-else, if-elif-else Statements, Nested Decision Structures, Comparing Strings, Logical Operators, Boolean Variables. Repetition Structures: Introduction, while loop, for loop, Calculating a Running Total, Input Validation Loops, Nested Loops.

Unit-2

Control Statement: Definite iteration for Loop Formatting Text for output, Selection if and if else Statement Conditional Iteration, While Loop

Strings and Text Files: Accessing Character and Substring in Strings, Data Encryption, Strings and Number Systems, String Methods Text Files.

Unit-3

List and Dictionaries: Lists, Defining Simple Functions, Dictionaries

Design with Function: Functions as Abstraction Mechanisms, Problem Solving with Top Down Design, Design with Recursive Functions, Case Study Gathering Information from a File System, Managing a Program's Namespace, Higher Order Function.

Modules: Modules, Standard Modules, Packages.

Unit-4

File Operations: Reading config files in python, Writing log files in python, Understanding read functions, read(), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions, write() and writelines(), Manipulating file pointer using seek, Programming using file operations

Object Oriented Programming: Concept of class, object and instances, Constructor, class attributes and destructors, Real time use of class in live projects, Inheritance, overlapping and overloading operators, Adding and retrieving dynamic attributes of classes, Programming using Oops support

Design with Classes: Objects and Classes, Data modeling Examples, Case Study An ATM, Structuring Classes with Inheritance and Polymorphism

Unit-5 8 Hrs

Errors and Exceptions: Syntax Errors, Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, Raising Exceptions, User-defined Exceptions, Defining Clean-up Actions, Redefined Clean-up Actions.

Graphical User Interfaces: The Behavior of Terminal Based Programs and GUI -Based, Programs, Coding Simple GUI-Based Programs, Other Useful GUI Resources.

Programming: Introduction to Programming Concepts with Scratch.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 3. Fundamentals of Python First Programs, Kenneth. A. Lambert, Cengage.
- 4. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, VamsiKurama, Pearson.

REFERENCES:

- 4. Introduction to Python Programming, Gowrishankar.S, Veena A, CRC Press.
- 5. Introduction to Programming Using Python, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson.

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

- **CO1:** Develop essential programming skills in computer programming concepts like data types, containers
- **CO2:** Solve coding tasks related to conditions, loops and String processing
- **CO3:** Experiment with various Data structures in interpreted Language and to build modules and packages for real software needs.
- **CO4:** Implement Files and object-oriented principles in Python
- **CO5:** Identify solutions using GUI in Python.

CO – PO MAPPING

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	1	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

[1-Slight (low), 2-Moderate (Medium), 3-Substantial (High)]

Micro-Syllabus of Problem-Solving using Python

UNIT I

Introduction: Introduction to Python, Program Development Cycle, Input, Processing, and Output, Displaying Output with the Print Function, Comments, Variables, Reading Input from the Keyboard, Performing Calculations, Operators. Type conversions, Expressions, More about Data Output.

Data Types, and Expression: Strings Assignment, and Comment, Numeric Data Types and Character Sets, Using functions and Modules.

Decision Structures and Boolean Logic: if, if-else, if-elif-else Statements, Nested Decision Structures, Comparing Strings, Logical Operators, Boolean Variables. Repetition Structures: Introduction, while loop, for loop, Calculating a Running Total, Input Validation Loops, Nested Loops.

Unit	Module	Micro content
		Program Development Cycle, I/O Functions
		Comments, Variables, Operators
	Introduction	Reading From Keyboard, Type Conversions
	Data Types and	Numeric Data types.
Introduction to	Expressions	Strings and Character set.
		String Functions
Python Language		Comments
		Conditional Statements
	Decision Structures	Nested Conditional Statements
	and Boolean Logic	Looping Techniques
		Nested Loops

UNIT - II

Control Statement: Definite iteration for Loop Formatting Text for output, Selection if and if else Statement Conditional Iteration, While Loop

Strings and Text Files: Accessing Character and Substring in Strings, Data Encryption, Strings and Number Systems, String Methods Text Files.

Unit	Module	Micro content		
		For loop formatting text for output		
	Control Statements	Selection if and if else statement		
Control		Conditional iteration, While loop		
Statements		Character and substring in strings		
Statements	String and Toyt Files	Data Encryption		
	String and Text Files	Strings and Number Systems, String methods		
		Text Files.		

UNIT III

List and Dictionaries: Lists, Defining Simple Functions, Dictionaries

Design with Function: Functions as Abstraction Mechanisms, Problem Solving with Top Down Design, Design with Recursive Functions, Case Study Gathering Information from a File System, Managing a Program's Namespace, Higher Order Function.

Modules: Modules, Standard Modules, Packages.

Unit	Module	Micro content			
	List and Dictionaries Design with Function Modules	Lists			
		Functions of Lists			
		Dictionaries			
		Functions of Dictionaries			
Data Structures,		Functions and there usage in python			
Functions and		Recursive Functions			
Modules		Managing a Programs Namespace			
		Gathering Info from a File System			
		Higher Order Function			
		Standard Modules			
		Packages and their usage.			

UNIT IV

File Operations: Reading config files in python, Writing log files in python, Understanding read functions, read(), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions, write() and writelines(), Manipulating file pointer using seek, Programming using file operations

Object Oriented Programming: Concept of class, object and instances, Constructor, class attributes and destructors, Real time use of class in live projects, Inheritance, overlapping and overloading operators, Adding and retrieving dynamic attributes of classes, Programming using Oops support

Design with Classes: Objects and Classes, Data modeling Examples, Case Study An ATM, Structuring Classes with Inheritance and Polymorphism

Unit	Module	Micro content		
File Operations,		Reading and Writing Files in python using read		
Object Oriented	File Operations	and write functions		
Programming		File operations using seek and other operations		

	Class, Object, constructor and destructor, OOP
Object Oriented	Principles.
Programming	Objects and Classes, Data modeling Examples
Design With Classes	Adding and retrieving dynamic attributes of
	classes

UNIT V

Errors and Exceptions: Syntax Errors, Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, Raising Exceptions, User-defined Exceptions, Defining Clean-up Actions, Redefined Clean-up Actions.

Graphical User Interfaces: The Behavior of Terminal Based Programs and GUI -Based, Programs, Coding Simple GUI-Based Programs, Other Useful GUI Resources.

Programming: Introduction to Programming Concepts with Scratch.

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Errors and Exceptions	Syntax Errors, Exceptions, Handling Exceptions
		Raising Exceptions, User-defined Exceptions
Errors and		Defining Clean-up Actions
Exceptions, GUI		Redefined Clean-up Actions
and Programming	GUI Programming	Terminal Based Programs and GUI – Based
		Simple GUI-Based Programs and other useful
		GUI Resources
		Introduction to Programming
		Scratch Programming

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course		T	P	C
ES1202	Digital Logic Design	2	1	0	3

Course Objectives

- To understand common forms of number representation in digital circuits and Boolean algebra.
- 2. To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems and simplify logic expressions using basic theorems, K-map and Tabular methods.
- 3. To understand the concept of Combinational logic design and realize logic expressions using MUXand Decoder
- 4. Illustrate the concept of sequential logic design; analyze the operation of flip-flop and conversion from one flip-flop to another, and application of flip-flop.
- 5. To impart to student the concepts of sequential machines of digital system.

Unit-1

Number Systems and Boolean Algebra

10 Hrs

Number systems: Introduction to different number system and their conversions, complement of number system and subtraction using complement method, Floating-Point Representation, Weighted and Non-weighted codes and its properties.

Boolean Algebra: Boolean algebra and logic gates, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean functions, canonical and standard forms, Universal Gates.

Unit-2

Minimization Methods of Boolean functions

10 Hrs

Minimization of logic expressions by algebraic method, Sum of Products (SOP), Product of Sums (POS), K-Map Method, Don't Care Combinations, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations, Prime and essential Prime Implicants, Tabular Method, Prime Implicants Chart, Simplification Rules.

Unit-3

Combinational Circuits

10 Hrs

Design procedure, Half/full adders, Half / full substractors, Carry look ahead adder, BCD adder, Multiplexer/De-Multiplexer, Encoder/Decoder, Priority encoders, Implementation of Higher-

Order Device Using Lower Order devices, Implementation of combinational logic using MUX/Decoder, Magnitude Comparator, Error detection and correction codes.

Unit-4

Sequential Circuits 10 Hrs

Sequential Circuits Fundamentals: Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, SR Latch, Flip Flops: SR, JK, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip Flops, Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another.

Registers and Counters: Shift Registers Left, Right and Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applications of Shift Registers, Design and Operation of Ring and Twisted Ring Counter, Operation of Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters.

Unit-5

Sequential Machines 8 Hrs

Finite State Machines, Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Serial Binary Adder, Sequence Detector, Paritybit Generator, Synchronous Modulo N –Counters, Finite state machinecapabilities and limitations, Mealy and Moore models.

Note: Case Studies / Small Projects of Digital Circuits and Logic Design

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Digital Design by Mano, PHI
- 2. Modern Digital Electronics by RP Jain, TMH
- 3. Switching Theory and Logic Design by A. Anand Kumar, PHI.

REFERENCE

- 1. Switching Theory and Logic Design by Hill and Peterson Mc-Graw Hill TMH edition
- 2. Fundamentals of Logic Design by Charles H. Roth Jr, Jaico Publishers

Course Outcomes

- **CO1.** Distinguish the analog and digital systems, apply positional notations, number systems, computer codes in digital systems. (**Remember, Understand, and Apply**)
- CO2. To understand the Boolean Algebra theorems, simplify and design logic circuits. (Understand, Apply, Analyze and valuate)
- CO3. Implemented combinational logic circuit design and modular combinational circuits using encoders, decoders, multiplexers and demultiplexers. (Apply, Analyze, valuate, and create)

CO4. To understand the basic elements of sequential logic circuits. (Understand, Apply, Analyze)

CO5. Able to design and analyze sequential circuits. (Apply, Analyze and create)

CO-PO MAPPING

Mapping	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO10
CO1	3	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	2	1
CO5	3	2	2	1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

Micro-Syllabus of Digital Circuits and Logic Design

Unit-1: Number Systems and Boolean Algebra	14 Hours
Number systems: Introduction to different number system and	I their conversions, complement of
number system and subtraction using complement method	d, Floating-Point Representation,
Weighted and Non-weighted codes and its Properties, Error det	ection and correction codes,
Roolean Algebra. Roolean algebra and logic gates. Basic the	eorems and properties of Roolean

Boolean Algebra: Boolean algebra and logic gates, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean functions, canonical and standard forms, Universal Gates.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Introduction to	Introduction to number system	1113
	different number	Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexadecimal.	3
	system and their conversions	Number base Conversions	3
	Complement of	1's, 2's Compliments	
	number system and	r-1's Compliments	3
1a. Number systems	subtraction using –	r's Compliments	
		signed Binary numbers	
		Compliment Arithmetic	
	Floating-Point	IEEE 754 Standard 32-bit single	1
	Representation	precision, 64-bit double precision	1
	Weighted and Non- weighted codes and its Properties	BCD Code, 2421, Excess-3, 84-2-1, Gray Code, ASCII Character Code	2
	Error detection and correction codes,	Parity bit, Hamming Code	1
1b.Boolean	Introduction to	Postulates of a mathematical system and	
Algebra	Boolean algebra and	Axiomatic Systems, Algebra Basic	2
	Boolean theorems	Theorems and Properties	

	Boolean	Functions	of	Canonical	and	
	Standard	Forms				2
	logic gate	s, Universal	Gate	s and justific	ation	~
	of all logi	c gates				

Unit-2: Minimization Methods of Boolean functions 11 Hours

Minimization of logic expressions by algebraic method, Sum of Products (SOP), Product of Sums (POS), K-Map Method, Don't Care Combinations, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations, Prime and essential Prime Implicants, Tabular Method, Prime Implicants Chart, Simplification Rules.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No hrs	of
		Boolean function		
	Minimization of logic	Minimization of Boolean expressions	3	
	Minimization of logic expressions by algebraic	Minterms, Maxterms, Sum of Products		
	method	(SOP), Product of Sums (POS)		
	inculou	Canonical forms, Conversion between		
	!	canonical forms		
	K-Map Method	Introduction to 2 - 5 variable K-Map		
1. Minimizatio		with Implicants, prime Implicants, and		
n Methods		Essential Prime Implicants		
of Boolean		POS minimization with K-Map	5	
functions		K-Maps with don't care terms		
		Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations of		
		minimization functions		
		Introduction to Tabular (Q-M) method		
		with examples	2	
	Tabular method	Q-M method with don't care terms		
		Prime Implicants Chart, Simplification	1	
		Rules	1	

Unit-3: Combinational Circuits

14 Hours

Design procedure, Half/full adders, Half / full subtractors, Carry look ahead adder, BCD adder, Multiplexer/De-Multiplexer, Encoder/Decoder, Priority encoders, Implementation of Higher-Order Device Using Lower Order devices, Implementation of combinational logic using MUX/Decoder, Magnitude Comparator, Programmable logic devices

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
3. Combinational Logic Design	Designing of Half/Full Adder /Subtractor and Carry look ahead adder, BCD adder	Introduction to Design Procedures of Combinational Circuits Designing of Half Adder and Subtractor Full Adder and Subtractor Full adder by HA	2

	Realization of above circuits with	
	NAND & NOR	
	Carry look ahead adder	1
	Designing of Magnitude comparator and BCD adder	2
Multiplevers	Multiplexers, Demultiplexers	1
Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, De	Decoders, Encoders, Priority encodes	1
Encoders and Code Converters	Function realization using Multiplexers	3
Converters	Code Converters	1
Implementation of Order Device Using Order devices	Multiplexers Demultiplexers	1
Programmable logi	c devices PROM,PAL,PLA	2

Unit-4: Sequential Circuits

12 Hours

Sequential Circuits Fundamentals: Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, SR Latch, Flip Flops: SR, JK, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip Flops, Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another.

Registers and Counters: Shift Registers Left, Right and Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applications of Shift Registers, Design and Operation of Ring and Twisted Ring Counter, Operation of Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
4a. Sequential Circuits Fundamentals	Analysis of Sequential Circuits	Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits SR latch by NAND / NOR gates and introduction of flip flop	1
	Storage elements: Flip Flops	Design various flip flops like SR, D, JK, JK Master Slave & T with truth tables, logic diagrams	3
		Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Triggering Consideration	2
	Registers	Introduction of registers and Design of Shift Registers Left and Right	1
4b. Registers and Counters		Design of Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applications of Shift Registers	1
	Counters	Designing Asynchronous/Ripple counters	1
		Designing basic Synchronous Counters	1

of UP/DOWN	
Other counters: modulo-n counters,	
Ring and twisted ring counters, Johnson	2
Counter,	

Unit-5: Sequential Machines

8 Hours

Finite State Machines, Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits, Mealy and Moore models, Serial Binary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-bit Generator Synchronous Modulo N – Counters, Finite state machine capabilities and limitations.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		Finite-state machine (FSM), State Assignment, state table, excitation table	1
		Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential	
	Analysis of Cognetial	Circuits	2
5. Sequential		Mealy and Moore models by Serial	
5. Sequential Machines	Analysis of Sequential Machines	Binary Adder	
Wacinites	Maciniles		2
			2
			4
		Finite state machine capabilities and	1
		limitations,	1

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	С
BS1201L	Applied Physics and Virtual Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives: The Applied Physics Lab is designed to

- ➤ **Understand** the concepts of interference and diffraction and their applications.
- **Apply** the concept of LASER in the determination of wavelength.
- **Recognize** the importance of energy gap in the study of conductivity and Hall Effect.
- ➤ Illustrate the magnetic and dielectric materials applications.
- ➤ **Apply** the principles of semiconductors in various electronic devices.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any 10 of the following listed 15 experiments)

- 1. Determination of wavelength of a source-Diffraction Grating-Normal incidence.
- 2. Newton's rings Radius of Curvature of Plano Convex Lens.
- 3. Determination of thickness of a spacer using wedge film and parallel interference fringes.
- 4. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil Stewart and Gee's apparatus.
- 5. Energy Band gap of a Semiconductor p n junction.
- 6. Characteristics of Thermistor Temperature Coefficients
- 7. Determination of dielectric constant by charging and discharging method
- 8. Variation of dielectric constant with temperature
- 9. Study the variation of B versus H by magnetizing the magnetic material (B-H curve).
- 10. LASER Determination of wavelength by plane diffraction grating
- 11. Determination of resistivity of semiconductor by Four probe method.
- 12. Determine the radius of gyration using compound pendulum
- 13. Rigidity modulus of material by wire-dynamic method (torsional pendulum)
- 14. Dispersive power of diffraction grating.
- 15. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficients of a given semiconductor using Hall Effect.

Course Outcomes: The students will be able to:

- **CO1. Operate** optical instruments like microscope and spectrometer
- **CO2. Determine** thickness of a paper with the concept of interference
- CO3. Estimate the wavelength of different colours using diffraction grating and resolving power
- CO4. Plot the intensity of the magnetic field of circular coil carrying current with distance
- **CO5.** Calculate the band gap of a given semiconductor

CO PO Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
HS1201L	Communicative English Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives

The main objective of the course is to adopt activity-based teaching-learning methods to ensure that learners would be engaged in use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions and appear confidently for competitive examinations for career development.

The specific objectives of the course are to

- 1. Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native and non-native speakers
- **2.** Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials like newspapers, magazines, periodicals, journals, etc.
- **3.** Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays, discussions and structured talks/oral presentations
- **4.** Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information
- **5.** Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

Introduction to Sound system of English

Articulation - Airstream mechanism, Manners of Articulation, Places of Articulation, English phonetic symbols.

Accent - Syllabification, word stress and accent, stress rules and stress shift, exceptions to rules.

Intonation - Stress and accent in connected speech. Types and functions of Intonation in English.

- I. A. Speaking: Introducing Yourself and Others
 - **B. Listening:** Conversation between two and more people.
- II. A. Speaking: Speak for a minute in response to a question about personal experience / wish.
 - **B. Listening:** Identifying the main idea of a talk or a conversation
- III. **A. Speaking: Group discussion** 5 minutes followed by a summary –1 or 2 minutes: Topics-1. Features that make a place beautiful, 2. The most challenging job you can think of, 3. Some skills that everyone should learn, 4. The best criteria to measure success, 5. A recent news story that is interesting, 6. Impact of technology on the music industry, 7. An app that has helped society, 8. Pros and Cons of after school tutorials, 9. How to stay safe on Social Media, 10. The most common reasons why friendships fall apart, 11. Interactions with seniors on campus, 12. Coping with peer pressure, 13. Others' opinion vs your belief, 14. Feeling that plants would express if they could, 15. Growing up alone vs Growing up with siblings, 16. Uniforms stifle individuality, 17. In India summer is the best and worst of times, 18. A good sense of humour is a definite perk, 19. All fast food is not junk food and 20. Ideas to make your common room in college more inviting. Question Answer sessions 1.

Idea of a Tech Startup, 2. Training programme of T&P Cell, 3. Inter-college Cultural Fest, 4. 3-day Foreign University delegation visit to the campus, 5. Computer training programme by a reputed MNC, 6. Shifting your Dept or Classrooms to new location on campus, 7. How to manage attendance while attending additional courses (Minors/Honors), 8. How to choose placement offers? 9. Involvement in Student Affairs through SAC, 10. Planning an excursion.

- **B.** Listening:1. Comprehension Exercise on Teamwork, 2. Predicting what the speaker would say from the title of the talk, 3. Comprehension based on a narrative or a short video, TED Talks
- IV. A. Speaking: Preparing speech using picture clues, asking Q&A using pictures.
 - **B. Listening:** Listening Comprehension using short films, audio files, interviews of famous personalities
- V. A. Speaking: Preparing 30-day planner, Using important phrasal expressions in speech, Oral Presentations on -1. Setting goals is important2. Asking the right question is the skill you need to develop, 3. Do college students want their parents' attention4. Everyone needs to learn how to cook5. Doing household chores is everyone's responsibility 6. Study groups facilitate peer-monitoring?. Is it OK for students to do things just because they want to fit in? 8. Students should compulsorily make time for physical activity, 9. Taking breaks to pursue other interests improves academic performance, 10. Strategies to avoid stress, 11. How best to use the media for educational activities, 12. Why volunteer for service activities? 13. International student exchange programme, 15. Work-life balance 16. Strategies to build on your strength and overcome weaknesses, 17. Strategies to build confidence and selfesteem18. Procrastination kills opportunities, 19. Setting a budget and sticking to it, 20. Grooming and etiquette 21. Pros and Cons of being Competitive, 22. Virtual classroom vs real classroom, 23. Freedom brings more responsibility 24. To-do lists help you become more productive 25. Having a diverse group of friends is an asset 26. One thing you wish you had learnt in High school 27. Why is it important to be non-judgmental towards others? 28. Humans need empathy, 29. Public speaking is a necessary skill 30. How to build and maintain good professional relationships.
 - **B. Listening:** Listening Comprehension, Speeches by Famous personalities

Pair work, Role-play, conversational practice and Individual speaking activities based on following essays from University of Success.

- 1. "How to Fashion Your Own Brand of Success" by Howard Whitman
- 2. "How to Recognize Your Failure Symptoms" by Dorothea Brande
- 3. "How to Conquer the Ten Most Common Causes of Failure" by Louis Binstock
- 4. "How to Develop Your Strength to Seize Opportunities" by Maxwell Maltz
- 5. "How to Make the Most of Your Abilities" by Kenneth Hildebrand
- 6. "How to Raise Your Self-Esteem and Develop Self-Confidence" by James W. Newman
- 7. "How to Win Your War against Negative Feelings" by Dr Maxwell Maltz

- 8. "How to Find the Courage to Take Risks" by Drs. Tom Rust and Randy Reed
- 9. "How to Become a Self-Motivator" by Charles T Jones
- 10. "How to Eliminate Your Bad Habits" by Og Mandino

Text Books

- 1. English All Round: Communication Skills for Undergraduate Learners-Volume 1, Orient Black Swan, 2019
- 2. University of Success by OgMandino, Jaico, 2015.

Reference Books

- 1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
- 2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
- 3. Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
- 4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.

AICTE Recommended Books

- 1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeeta Sharma. Technical Communication. Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 2. Pushplata and Sanjay Kumar. Communication Skills, Oxford University Press, 2018.
- 3. Kulbushan Kumar. Effective Communication Skills. Khanna Publishing House, Delhi

Sample Web Resources

Grammar / Listening / Writing

- 1. 1-language.com
- 2. http://www.5minuteenglish.com/
- 3. https://www.englishpractice.com/

Grammar/Vocabulary

- 4. English Language Learning Online
- 5. http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/
- 6. http://www.better-english.com/
- 7. http://www.nonstopenglish.com/
- 8. https://www.vocabulary.com/
- 9. BBC Vocabulary Games
- 10. Free Rice Vocabulary Game

Reading

- 11. https://www.usingenglish.com/comprehension/
- 12. https://www.englishclub.com/reading/short-stories.htm
- 13. https://www.english-online.at/

Listening

- 14. https://learningenglish.voanews.com/z/3613
- 15. http://www.englishmedialab.com/listening.html

Speaking

16. https://www.talkenglish.com/

- 17. BBC Learning English Pronunciation tips
- 18. Merriam-Webster Perfect pronunciation Exercises
- 19. All Skills
- 20. https://www.englishclub.com/
- 21. http://www.world-english.org/
- 22. http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/

23.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the learners will be able to

- **CO1.** identify the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English and speak clearly on a specific topic using suitable discourse markers in informal discussions (L3)
- CO2. take notes while listening to a talk/lecture; to answer questions in English; formulate sentences using proper grammatical structures and correct word forms; and use language effectively in competitive examinations (L3)
- CO3. write summaries based on global comprehension of reading/listening texts; produce a coherent write-up interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table; and use English as a successful medium of communication. (L3)

CO PO Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1									2	3		1
CO2									2	3		1
CO3									2	3		1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ES1201L	Problem Solving using Python Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives

- To acquire programming skills in core Python.
- To acquire Object Oriented Skills in Python
- To develop the skill of designing Graphical user Interfaces in Python
- To develop the ability to write database applications in Python

List of Problems

- 1. Write a program that asks the user for a weight in kilograms and converts it to pounds. There are 2.2 pounds in a kilogram.
- 2. Write a program that asks the user to enter three numbers (use three separate input statements). Create variables called total and average that hold the sum and average of the three numbers and print out the values of total and average.
- 3. Write a program that uses a *for* loop to print the numbers 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, . . . , 83, 86, 89.
- 4. Write a program that asks the user for their name and how many times to print it. The program should print out the user's name the specified number of times.
- 5. Use a *for* loop to print a triangle like the one below. Allow the user to specify how high the triangle should be.

**

- 6. Generate a random number between 1 and 10. Ask the user to guess the number and print a message based on whether they get it right or not.
- 7. Write a program that asks the user for two numbers and prints *Close* if the numbers are within .001 of each other and Not close otherwise.
- 8. Write a program that asks the user to enter a word and prints out whether that word contains any vowels.
- 9. Write a program that asks the user to enter two strings of the same length. The program should then check to see if the strings are of the same length. If they are not, the program should print an appropriate message and exit. If they are of the same length, the program should alternate the characters of the two strings. For example, if the user enters *abcde* and *ABCDE* the program should print out *AaBbCcDdEe*. Write a program that asks the user for a large integer and inserts commas into it according to the standard American convention for commas in large numbers. For instance, if the user enters 1000000, the output should be 1,000,000.
- 10. In algebraic expressions, the symbol for multiplication is often left out, as in 3x+4y or 3(x+5). Computers prefer those expressions to include the multiplication symbol, like 3*x+4*y or 3*(x+5). Write a program that asks the user for an algebraic expression and then inserts multiplication symbols where appropriate.

- 11. Write a program that generates a list of 20 random numbers between 1 and 100.
 - a) Print the list.
 - b) Print the average of the elements in the list.
 - c) Print the largest and smallest values in the list.
 - d) Print the second largest and second smallest entries in the list
 - e) Print how many even numbers are in the list.
- 12. Write a program that asks the user for an integer and creates a list that consists of the factors of that integer.
- 13. Write a program that generates 100 random integers that are either 0 or 1. Then find the longest run of zeros, the largest number of zeros in a row. For instance, the longest run of zeros in [1,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0] is 4.
- 14. Write a program that removes any repeated items from a list so that each item appears at most once. For instance, the list [1,1,2,3,4,3,0,0] would become [1,2,3,4,0].
- 15. Write a program that asks the user to enter a length in feet. The program should then give the user the option to convert from feet into inches, yards, miles, millimeters, centimeters, meters, or kilometers. Say if the user enters a 1, then the program converts to inches, if they enter a 2, then the program converts to yards, etc. While this can be done with if statements, it is much shorter with lists and it is also easier to add new conversions if you use lists.
- 16. Write a function called *sum_digits* that is given an integer num and returns the sum of the digits of num.
- 17. Write a function called *first_diff* that is given two strings and returns the first location in which the strings differ. If the strings are identical, it should return -1.
- 18. Write a function called *number_of_factors* that takes an integer and returns how many factors the number has.
- 19. Write a function called *is_sorted* that is given a list and returns True if the list is sorted and False otherwise
- 20. Write a function called root that is given a number x and an integer n and returns $x^{1/n}$. In the function definition, set the default value of n to 2.
- 21. Write a function called primes that is given a number n and returns a list of the first n primes. Let the default value of n be 100.
- 22. Write a function called merge that takes two already sorted lists of possibly different lengths, and merges them into a single sorted list.
- a) Do this using the sort method. b) Do this without using the sort method.
- 23. Write a program that asks the user for a word and finds all the smaller words that can be made from the letters of that word. The number of occurrences of a letter in a smaller word can't exceed the number of occurrences of the letter in the user's word.
- 24. Write a program that reads a file consisting of email addresses, each on its own line. Your program should print out a string consisting of those email addresses separated by semicolons.
- 25. Write a program that reads a list of temperatures from a file called *temps.txt*, converts those temperatures to Fahrenheit, and writes the results to a file called ftemps.txt.
- 26. Write a class called Product. The class should have fields called name, amount, and price, holding the product's name, the number of items of that product in stock, and the regular price of the product. There should be a method *get_price* that receives the number of items to be bought and returns a the cost of buying that many items, where the regular price is charged for orders of less than 10 items, a 10% discount is applied for orders of between 10 and 99 items, and a 20% discount is applied for orders of 100 or more items. There should

- also be a method called *make_purchase* that receives the number of items to be bought and decreases amount by that much.
- 27. Write a class called Time whose only field is a time in seconds. It should have a method called *convert_to_minutes* that returns a string of minutes and seconds formatted as in the following example: if seconds is 230, the method should return '5:50'. It should also have a method called *convert_to_hours* that returns a string of hours, minutes, and seconds formatted analogously to the previous method.
- 28. Write a class called Converter. The user will pass a length and a unit when declaring an object from the class—for example, c = Converter(9, 'inches'). The possible units are inches, feet, yards, miles, kilometers, meters, centimeters, and millimeters. For each of these units there should be a method that returns the length converted into those units. For example, using the Converter object created above, the user could call c.feet() and should get 0.75 as the result.
- 29. Write a Python class to implement pow(x, n).
- 30. Write a Python class to reverse a string word by word.
- 31. Write a program that opens a file dialog that allows you to select a text file. The program then displays the contents of the file in a textbox.
- 32. Write a program to demonstrate Try/except/else.
- 33. Write a program to demonstrate try/finally and with/as.

Course Outcomes: After completing this course, Students will be able to-

- **CO1:** Comprehend how software easily to build right out of the box.
- CO2: Demonstrates the use of an interpreted language for problem solving through control statements including loops and conditionals.
- **CO3:** Practice with data structures for quick programming solutions.
- **CO4:** Demonstrates software building for real needs by breaking out code into reusable functions and modules.
- **CO5:** Comprehend the software reliability through exception handling.

CO – PO MAPPING:

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	-	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO4	2	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	-	-
CO5	-	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	-	-

[1-Slight (low), 2-Moderate (Medium), 3-Substantial (High)]

I- Year II - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
MC1201	Environmental Science	2	0	0	0

Course Objectives

- To make the students to get awareness on environment,
- to understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day-to-day activities of human life
- to save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

Unit-1

MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:

Unit-2

ECOSYSTEMS, BIODIVERSITY, AND ITS CONSERVATION

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity And Its Conservation : Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Biogeographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-sports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

Unit-3

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

Unit-4

SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

Unit-5

HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmed. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

FIELD WORK: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
- 2. Environmental Studies by Palaniswamy Pearson education
- 3. Environmental Studies by Dr.S.Azeem Unnisa, Academic Publishing Company

REFERENCES

- 1. Textbook of Environmental Science by Deeksha Dave and E.Sai Baba Reddy, Cengage Publications.
- 2. Text book of Environmental Sciences and Technology by M.Anji Reddy, BS Publication.
- 3. Comprehensive Environmental studies by J.P.Sharma, Laxmi publications.
- 4. Environmental sciences and engineering J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke Prentice hall of India Private limited.
- 5. A Text Book of Environmental Studies by G.R.Chatwal, Himalaya Publishing House
- 6. Introduction to Environmental engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela Prentice hall of India Private limited.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1	Able to Understand The concepts of the ecosystem
CO ₂	Able to Understand The natural resources and their importance
	Able to learn The biodiversity of India and the threats to biodiversity, and Apply
CO ₃	conservation practices
CO4	Able to learn Various attributes of the pollution and their impacts
CO5	Able to Understand Social issues both rural and urban environment
CO6	Able to Understand About environmental Impact assessment and Evaluate the
	stages involved in EIA

CO PO MAPPING

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												1
CO2												1
CO3												1
CO4												1
CO5												1
CO6												1

(Strong - 3; Moderate - 2; Weak - 1)

II- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS2101	Mathematics - III	2	1	0	3

Pre-Requisites: Mathematics-I and Mathematics-II

Course Objectives:

- 1. To instruct the concept of Matrices in solving linear algebraic equations
- 2. To familiarize the techniques in partial differential equations
- 3. To furnish the learners with basic concepts and techniques at plus two level to lead them into advanced level by handling various real-world applications

UNIT-I: Solving system of linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen Vectors 10 Hrs

Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and normal form-solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous linear equations—Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan for solving system of equations—Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties

UNIT-II: Cayley-Hamilton theorem and quadratic forms:

10 Hrs

Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof)—Finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem—Reduction to Diagonal form—Quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms—Reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

Application: Free vibration of two mass systems.

UNIT – III: Vector Differentiation:

10 Hrs

Scalar and Vector point functions-Vector Differential operator- Gradient – Directional derivatives– Divergence – Curl – Laplacian second order operator- Vector identities- Scalar Potential.

UNIT-IV: Vector Integration:

10 Hrs

Line integral – Work done – Circulation- Surface integral- Volume integral Vector integral theorems (without proof): Greens theorem in a plane- Stokes theorem- Gauss Divergence theorem.

UNIT- V: Solutions of Partial differential Equations

8 Hrs

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and nonlinear (standard types) equations.

Second order PDE: Solutions of linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients RHS term of the type e^{ax+by} , $\sin(ax+by)$, $\cos(ax+by)$, x^my^n .

Text Books:

4. **B.S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44th Edition, Khanna Publishers.

Reference Books:

- 6. **B.V. Ramana,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.
- 7. **H.K.Das,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 22nd Edition, S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 8. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edition, Wiley-India.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1: develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications (L6)
- CO2: solve system of linear algebraic equations using Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan (L3)
- CO3: to interpret the physical meaning of different operators such as gradient, curl and divergence (L5)
- CO4: estimate the work done against a field, circulation and flux using vector calculus (L5)
- CO5: identify the solution methods for partial differential equation that model physical processes (L3)

CO-PO Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										1
CO2	3	2										1
CO3	3	2										1
CO4	3	2										1
CO5	3	2										1

Micro Syllabus of MATHEMATICS – III

UNIT-I: Solving system of linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen Vectors

Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and normal form-solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous linear equations—Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan for solving system of equations—Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties

Unit	Module	Micro content
1a.		Find rank of the given matrix by reducing into Echelon
Solving system	Rank of the given	form.
of linear	matrix	Find rank of the given matrix by reducing into Normal
equations		form.(Canonical form)

		Solve the system of homogeneous linear equations.				
		Solve the system of Non- homogeneous linear equations.				
	System of linear	Solve the given system of linear equations using Gauss				
	equations	Elimination method.				
		Solve the given system of linear equations using Gauss				
		Jordan method.				
	Eigen values and	Find eigen values and Eigen vectors of given matrix.				
	Eigen vectors					
1b.Applications	Properties of	If λ is an eigen value of Matrix A then find Eigen values				
10.71ppneations	Eigen values and	of A^{m} or A^{-1} or $B = A^{2} + k_{1}A + K_{2}I$ or				
	Eigen vectors	The Eigen vectors corresponding to distinct Eigen values				
	Eigen vectors	of real symmetric matrix are orthogonal.				

UNIT-II: Cayley-Hamilton theorem and quadratic forms:

Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof)—Finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem—Reduction to Diagonal form—Quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms—Reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

Unit	Module	Micro content			
II	Cayley-Hamilton	Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for given matrix A and			
11	theorem	hence find A ⁻¹ or A ⁴ .			
		Reduce the given matrix into diagonal form.			
II	Quadratic Forms	Reduce the quadratic form into canonical form using			
		orthogonal transformation method.			

UNIT – III: Vector Differentiation:

Scalar and Vector point functions-Vector Differential operator- Gradient – Directional derivatives Divergence – Curl – Laplacian second order operator- Vector identities- Scalar Potential.

Unit	Module	Micro content				
3a.		Find Gradient of given scalar function.				
Vector Differential	Divergent, Curl and Gradient	Find Unit normal vector at given point on given surface.				
operator	and Gradient	Find divergent or Curl of given vector function.				
3b. Vector		Find Scalar potential function.				
identities	Vector identities	Problems on Laplacian second order operator.				
lucitutes		Prove the given vector identity.				

UNIT-IV: Vector Integration:

Line integral – Work done – Circulation- Surface integral- Volume integral Vector integral theorems (without proof): Greens theorem in a plane- Stokes theorem- Gauss Divergence theorem.

Unit	Module	Micro content
4a.	Line integration,	Evaluate given line integration along the given curve.

Vector	surface integration	Find work done by force in moving a particle from A to
integration	& volume	B along curve C.
	integration	Find surface integral of vector function.
		Find volume integral of vector function.
4b.	Green's theorem,	Verify Green's theorem.
Vector	Stoke's theorem and Gauss	Evaluate using stoke's theorem.
integration theorems	Divergence	Evaluate using Divergence theorem.
uncor chis	theorem.	

UNIT- V: Solutions of Partial differential Equations: Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and nonlinear (standard types) equations.

Second order PDE: Solutions of linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients – RHS term of the type e^{ax+by} , $\sin(ax+by)$, $\cos(ax+by)$, x^my^n .

Unit	Module	Micro content
	Formation of PDE	Form PDE by eliminating arbitrary constants.
5a. First order	Tormation of TDE	Form PDE by eliminating arbitrary functions.
PDE	Solve First order	Solve first order linear PDE.
	PDE	Solve first order non-linear PDE.
5b. Higher	Solve Second	Solve Second order linear PDE with constant coefficients
order PDE	order PDE.	with RHS terms e^{ax+by} , $\sin(ax+by)$, $\cos(ax+by)$, $x^m y^n$.

II- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
PC2101	Mathematical Foundations of Computer	2	1	0	3
1 C2101	Science		1	U	3

Course Objectives:

- To introduce concepts of mathematical logic.
- To introduce concepts and perform operations with sets, relations and functions.
- To solve counting problems by applying elementary counting techniques.
- To introduce algebraic structures, generating functions and recurrence relations.
- To use graph theory for solving problems.

Unit-1: Mathematical Logic & Calculus

8 hrs

Mathematical Logic: Propositional Calculus: Statements and Notations, Connectives, Well Formed Formulas, Truth Tables, Tautologies, Equivalence of Formulas, Duality Law, Tautological Implications, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for Statement Calculus, Consistency of Premises, and Indirect Method of Proof.

Predicate Calculus: Predicative Logic, Statement Functions, Variables and Quantifiers, Free and Bound Variables, Inference Theory for Predicate Calculus.

Unit-2: Set theory & Relations

10 hrs

Set Theory: Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.

Relations: Properties of Binary Relations, Relation Matrix and Digraph, Operations on Relations, Partition and Covering, Transitive Closure, Equivalence, Compatibility and Partial Ordering Relations, Hasse Diagrams, *Functions:* Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions, Permutation Functions, Recursive Functions, Lattice and its Properties.

Unit-3: Algebraic Structures and Number Theory

10 hrs

Algebraic Structures: Algebraic Systems, Examples, General Properties, Semi Groups and Monoids, Homomorphism of Semi Groups and Monoids, Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group, Homomorphism, Isomorphism.

Number Theory: Properties of Integers, Division Theorem, The Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean Algorithm, and Least Common Multiple, Testing for Prime Numbers, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic (Fermat's Theorem and Euler's Theorem)

Unit-4: Combinatorics & Recurrence Relations

10 hrs

Combinatorics: Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients, Binomial and Multinomial Theorems, Pigeonhole Principle and its Application.

Recurrence Relations: Solving Recurrence Relations by Substitution and Generating Functions, Method of Characteristic Roots, Solving non homogeneous Recurrence Relations.

Unit-5: Graph Theory

10 hrs

Graph Theory: Basic Concepts of Graphs, Sub graphs, Matrix Representation of Graphs: Adjacency Matrices, Incidence Matrices, Isomorphic Graphs, Paths and Circuits, Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graphs, Multi graphs, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Graph Colouring, Chromatic Number, Spanning Trees, Algorithms for Spanning Trees (Problems Only and Theorems without Proofs).

Text Books:

- 1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, J. P. Tremblay and P. Manohar, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Elements of Discrete Mathematics-A Computer Oriented Approach, C. L. Liu and D. P.Mohapatra, 3rdEdition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- **3.** Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory, K. H.Rosen, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

Reference Books:

- 1. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, J. L. Mott, A. Kandel, T.P. Baker, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Discrete Mathematical Structures, BernandKolman, Robert C. Busby, Sharon CutlerRoss, PHI.
- 3. Discrete Mathematics, S. K. Chakraborthy and B.K. Sarkar, Oxford, 2020

E-resources

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103205/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106183/

Course Outcomes:

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO-1: Apply** mathematical logic to solve problems(L3)
- **CO-2: Understand** sets, relations and discrete structures
- **CO-3: Apply** number theory to perform modulo arithmetic and computer arithmetic. (L3)
- **CO-4: Solve** problems on recurrence relations and counting principles (L3)
- **CO-5: Analyze** and solve real world problems using graphs and trees. (L5)

CO-PO-PSO Mapping:

CO/	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
PO														
CO1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

Micro-Syllabus of Mathematical Foundations Of Computer Science

II B.Tech I Semester

Unit-1: 12 Hours

Mathematical Logic: Statements and Notations, Connectives, Well Formed Formulas, Truth Tables, Tautologies, Equivalence of Formulas, Duality Law, Tautological Implications, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for Statement Calculus, Consistency of Premises, Indirect Method of Proof.

Predicate Calculus: Predicate Logic, Statement Functions, Variables and Quantifiers, Free and Bound Variables, Inference Theory for Predicate Calculus

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Introduction to Propositional logic	Def. of Proposition, Examples logical connectives Truth tables	2
1.Mathematical Logic & Predicate calculus	Truth tables for compound propositions	Well Formed Formulas Tautology,contradiction, contingency Equivalence of Formulas Duality Law	2
	Normal forms	DNF,PDNF CNF,PCNF	2
	Rules of inference	Formulae and problems on rules of inference Consistency of premises Indirect method of proof	
	Predicate calculus	Predicate Logic-II	3

Variables ,Quantifiers, Free and Bound Variables	
Inference Theory for Predicate logic-II	

Unit-2: 12 Hours

Set Theory: Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.

Relations: Properties of Binary Relations, Relation Matrix and Digraph, Operations on Relations, Partition and Covering, Transitive Closure, Equivalence, Compatibility and Partial

Ordering Relations, Hasse Diagrams, *Functions:* Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions, Permutation Functions, Recursive Functions, Lattice and its

Properties

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	Set theory	Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.	2	
		Properties of Binary Relations		
		Relation Matrix and Digraph		
	D 1 (Partition and Covering		
2. Set theory and Relations	Relations	Operations on Relations, Transitive Closure		
		Compatibility and Partial Ordering Relations		
		Hasse Diagrams		
	Functions	Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions. Permutation Functions, Recursive	2	
		Functions		
		Lattice and its Properties	2	

Unit-3: 12 Hours

Algebraic Structures: Algebraic Systems, Examples, General Properties, Semi Groups and Monoids, Homomorphism of Semi Groups and Monoids, Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group, Homomorphism, Isomorphism.

Number Theory: Properties of Integers, Division Theorem, The Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean Algorithm, Least Common Multiple, Testing for Prime Numbers, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic (Fermat's Theorem and Euler's Theorem

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
	Algebraic structures	Algebraic Systems, Examples, General Properties, Semi Groups and Monoids, Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group Homomorphism, Isomorphism	5
3. Algebraic Structures & Number Theory		Division Theorem	1
		GCD&LCM	1
		Prime factorization, Testing of primes	2
	Number theory	The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic Fermat's Theorem and Euler's Theorem	3

Unit –4: Combinatorics & Recurrence Relations (12 hrs)

Combinatorics: Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients, Binomial and Multinomial Theorems, Pigeonhole Principle and its Application.

Recurrence Relations: Solving Recurrence Relations by Substitution and Generating Functions, Method of Characteristic Roots, Solving non homogeneous Recurrence Relations.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
4a.Combinatorics	Binomial and Multinomial Theorems	Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients and problems	2
	Pigeonhole Principle and its Application	Pigeonhole Principle Statement and problems	2
4b.	Solution of First and	Substitution method	8

Recurrence	second order RR	Generating function method	
Relations		Method of characteristic roots	
		Problems	
Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
5.Graph Theory	Basic terminology of graph theory	Vertex,edge ,degree of vertex,Directed and un directed graphs, Matrix Representation of Graphs: Adjacency Matrix, Incidence Matrix	3
	Graph theory	Paths and circuits Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graphs	3
		Chromatic Number	2
		Spanning Trees,BFS and DFS	4

II- Year I - Semester	Name of the Course L		T	P	С
PC2102	Data Structures	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To impart the usage of linear list to students.
- 2. To help students understand the difference between dynamic memory using linked list.
- 3. To demonstrate the students about the operations Trees.
- 4. To make the student to understand various algorithms in graphs.
- 5. To make the students to learn the importance of hashing and sorting algorithms.

Unit-1:

Algorithms and Linear Lists : Algorithmic complexity, performance and Analysis, Linear lists (Arrays), Applications of Linear List : Searching and Sorting

Unit-2: 8 hrs

Stacks and Queues, Linked Lists: Single Linked List, Double Linked List, Circular Linked List, Stack and Queues using Linked list

Unit-3: 10 hrs

Trees: Binary Trees Operations, Tree traversal, Threaded Binary Trees, Binary Search Trees, Binary Heap

Unit-4:

Graphs- Elementary Graph Operations, Graph Traversals, Minimum cost spanning tree Algorithms, Shortest paths algorithms.

Unit-5: 10 hrs

Hashing and Pattern Matching: Concept Hashing, Hash Functions, Collision Resolution Techniques, Pattern Matching algorithms

Text Books

- 1. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in Java, S. Sahni, University Press (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2nd edition, Universities Press, Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in Java, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson Education. Ltd, Second Edition

Reference Books

- 1. Data Structures and Algorithms, A. V. Aho, J. E. Hopcroft, and J. D. Ullman, Pearson, 2002.
- 2. Introduction to Algorithms, by Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, MIT Press. 3rd Edition.
- 3. Classical Data Structures, 2nd Edition, DebasisSamanta, PHI

e- resources

- 1. Data Structures Visualizations: https://www.cs.usfca.edu/~galles/visualization/Algorithms.html
- 2. Code Archery Youtube Channel: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLrKBFf87Cy9CNZpzi3poq8BFWc0h4f0vL

Course Outcomes:

CO1: **understand** the implementation of linear lists(**Understand**)

CO2: examine static and dynamic data structures with suitable applications. (Apply)

CO3: **determine** trees applications. (**Apply**)

CO4: appreciate the importance and **significance** of graph algorithms in building and solving real world applications. (**Analyze**)

CO5: understand and implement algorithms for text processing.(Understand)

CO-PO mapping Table

Mappin	P0	P01	P01	P01	PSO	PSO								
g	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
C01	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C02	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C03	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C04	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C05	1	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2

Micro Syllabus of Data Structures and Algorithms

UNIT-I 10 Hours							
Algorithms and Linear Lists: Algorithmic complexity, performance and Analysis, Linear lists							
(Arrays), Applicat	(Arrays), Applications of Linear List: Searching and Sorting						
Unit	Madula	Migro content	#				

Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs
	Algorithmic	Introduction to algorithms	1
Algorithms	Complexity, performance and analysis	Time complexity and space complexity Analyzing performance of algorithm Big Oh, Theta, small Oh notations	1
Linear Lists (Array)	Representation and Operations	Arrays, representation	1
	Searching in Linear	Linear Search	3

	List	Binary Search	
	Sorting	Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort,	1
	Sorting	Radix Sort	4
Additional Topics		Evaluation of Postfix expression, Round	
		Robin algorithm, Fibonacci Search	

UNIT II

Stacks, Queues and Linked List: Stacks, Queues, Single Linked List, Double Linked List, Circular Linked List, Stack and Queues using Linked list.

Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs
Stacks	Representation and Operations	Stacks : Representation using arrays Operations : push, pop, peek	2
Queues	Representation and Operations	Queue : Representation using arrays Operations : enqueue, dequeue, search	2
		Singly Linked List: Representation Operations: Insert at begin, Insert at end, Insert at position, Delete at begin, Delete at end, Delete at position, search	5
Linked List	Representation and Operations	Doubly Linked List: Representation Operations: Insert at begin, Insert at end, Insert at position, Delete at begin, Delete at end, Delete at position, search	3
		Circular Linked List: Representation Operations: Insertion, Deletion and search	2
		Stack using Linked list, Queue using Linked List	2
Additional Topics	•	Huffman Coding, Generalized Linked List	

UNIT III 14 Hours

Trees: Binary Trees Operations, Tree traversal, Threaded Binary Trees, Binary Search Trees, Priority Queues: Heap

Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs		
		Terminology: Node, Root, Leaf,			
	Introduction	InternalNode, Representation, Types of	2		
		Binary Trees			
		Binary Trees: properties, representation,			
Trees	Binary Trees	Traversals: Inorder, Preorder, Postorder	5		
		Threaded Binary Trees			
		Representation, Operations: Insert, delete,			
	Binary Search Trees	Binary Search Trees search			
		Skewed Trees			
	Binary Heap:	Heap: Min Heap, Max Heap			
Priority Queues	Representation and	esentation and Operations: insert, delete, findMin,			
	operations	reheapify			
Additional Topics:		Balanced Binary Search Trees			

UNIT IV
Graphs- Elementary Graph Operations, Graph Traversals,

Minimum cost spanning tree Algorithms , Shortest paths algorithms					
Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs		
Graphs	Introduction	Definition, Representation, Degree of graph, Connected Components, Biconnected Components	2		
	Graph Traversal	raph Traversal Breadth First Search Traversal, Depth First Search Traversal			
	Minimum cost spanning tree	Prims algorithm, Kruskals algorithm	3		
	Shortest path and Transitive closure				
Additional To	pics:	Directed Acyclic Graph, Bellman Ford Algorithm			

UNIT-V 10 Hours

Hashing and Sorting: Concept Hashing, Hash Functions, Collision Resolution Techniques, Sorting algorithms

Unit	Module	Micro content	# hrs
Hashing	Collision Resolution using Hashing	Concept of Hashing, Hash Functions: Division Method, Folding Method, Mid Square Method Collision Resolution Techniques: Linear Probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Separate Chaining	6
Pattern Matching	Algorithms	Brute Force, Boyer Moore Pattern Algorithm,	4
Additional Topics		Digital Search Trees	

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
PC2103	Java Programming	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand object oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problems.
- 2. To make the students to learn the principles of inheritance and polymorphism; and to demonstrate how they relate to the design of abstract classes; to introduce the implementation of packages and interfaces.
- 3. To make the students to learn the concepts of exception handling.
- 4. To make the students to learn the concepts of multithreading.
- 5. To make the students to develop GUI applications.

Unit-1: : Introduction to OOPS Concepts, Classes and Strings

10 Hrs

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming, Java buzzwords, Java Programming Basics, Sample programs, Data types and operators, Control statements.

Classes: Classes, Objects, Methods, Constructors, this and static keywords, Method and Constructor Overloading, Access modifiers, arrays-One Dimensional and multi-dimensional arrays, Searching, Sorting.

Strings-Exploring the String class, String buffer class, Command-line arguments.

Unit – II: Inheritance, Interfaces, Packages

8 Hrs

Inheritance: Need of inheritance, types, super keyword, abstract classes, interfaces, compile time and runtime polymorphism, Packages.

Unit – III: Exception Handling and I/O Streams

10 Hrs

Exception Handling: Concepts of Exception handling, Built-in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes, Assertions.

Stream based I/O (java.io) – The Stream classes-Byte streams and Character streams, Reading console Input and Writing Console Output, File class, Reading and writing Files, Random access file operations, Object Serialization, exploring java.nio

Unit – IV: Multithreading

10 Hrs

Multithreading: Concepts of Multithreading, differences between process and thread, thread life cycle, Thread class, Runnable interface, creating multiple threads, Synchronization, thread priorities, inter thread communication, daemon threads, thread groups.

Unit – V: GUI Programming

GUI Programming with Swing: Introduction, limitations of AWT, Various swing components & hierarchy.

Event Handling- event delegation model, sources of event, Event Listeners, adapter classes, inner classes.

Text Books

.Java - The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, MC GRAW HILL Education, 9th Edition, 2016

Reference Books

- 1. "Java How to Program", Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, PHI.
- 2. "Core Java", Nageswar Rao, Wiley Publishers.
- 3. "Thinking in Java", Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education
- 4. "A Programmers Guide to Java SCJP", Third Edition, Mughal, Rasmussen, Pearson.

Course Outcomes: By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO-1:** Understand object-oriented programming concepts for problem solving.
- CO-2: Build class hierarchy and packages for real world problems.
- **CO-3: Develop** thread safe Java programs with appropriate Exception handling.
- **CO-4: Demonstrate** multithreaded application programs through a language
- **CO-5: Design** GUI applications using swings and multithreading.

CO-PO MAPPING MATRIX:

Mappin	P0	P0	P0	P0	PO	P0	P0	P0	P0	P01	P01	P01	PSO	PSO
g	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
C01	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
C02	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
C03	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
C04	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
C05	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1

Micro syllabus for Java Programming

Unit – I: Introduction to OOPS Concepts, Classes and Strings

12 Hrs

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming, Java buzzwords, Java Programming Basics, Sample programs, Data types and operators, Control statements.

Classes: Classes, Objects, Methods, Constructors, this and static keywords, Method and Constructor Overloading, Access modifiers, arrays-One Dimensional and multi-dimensional arrays, Searching, Sorting.

Strings-Exploring the String class, String buffer class, Command-line arguments.

Unit	Module	Micro content		
		Need of Java, JVM, JDK		
		Introduction to Object Oriented Programming		
	OOPs	OOPS Vs structured programming		
	OOPS	Java buzzwords, Sample programs		
T.A. I. A		Data types & operators		
Introduction to OOPS Concepts,		Control statements		
Classes and Strings		Classes, Objects, Methods		
	Classes	Constructors, this and static keywords		
	Classes	Method and Constructor Overloading,		
		Arrays, searching & sorting		
		String class & methods, problems related		
	Strings	String buffer & String tokenizer		
		Command line arguments		

Unit – II: Inheritance, Interfaces, Packages

12 Hrs

Inheritance: Need of inheritance, types, super keyword, abstract classes, interfaces, compile time and runtime polymorphism, Packages.

		Need for inheritance			
		Types of inheritance			
	Inheritance	Super keyword			
		Abstract classes			
Inheritance,		Calling super class with sub class			
Interface &		Introduction			
Packages	Interface	Dynamic method despatch			
		Compile time & runtime polymorphism			
		Introduction, classpath			
	Packages	Built-in packages			
		User defined package,			

Unit – III: Exception Handling and I/O Streams

12 Hrs

Exception Handling: Concepts of Exception handling, Built-in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes, Assertions.

Stream based I/O (java.io) – The Stream classes-Byte streams and Character streams, Reading console Input and Writing Console Output, File class, Reading and writing Files, Random access file operations, Object Serialization, exploring java.nio

Exceptions & I/o	Exception Handling	Introduction, Concepts of Exceptions - try, catch, throw & throws, finally
	Tranding	Built-in exceptions

		exception hierarchy
		User defined exceptions
		Readers & Writers, Byte Stream, Random Access files,
	Stream & I/O	object serialization
	Stream & I/O	Exploring java.nio package
		Reading console Input and Writing Console Output
Unit – IV: Multithre	ading	10 Hrs
Multithreading : Co	oncepts of Multith	areading, differences between process and thread, thread
life cycle, Thread cla	ss, Runnable inte	erface, creating multiple threads, Synchronization, thread
		daemon threads, thread groups.
		Introduction of Multitasking, Multitasking Vs
		Multithreading
		Process Vs Thread
	Multithreading	Thread life cycle
		Using Thread & Runnable Interfaces
		Creation of multiple threads
		Synchronization - Producer consumer problems, Banker
Multithreading		problems
		Thread priorities
		Inter thread communication
		Daemon threads
		Thread groups
		All thread related methods
II ' II CIII D	•	14 11
Unit – V: GUI Progr	O	14 Hrs
	with Swing: Intro	duction, limitations of AWT, Various swing components
& hierarchy.		
_	ent delegation mo	odel, sources of event, Event Listeners, adapter classes,
inner classes.		
Gui Programming	GUI with	Introduction, AWT Vs Swings
	Swings	Components & hierarchy
		Event Delegation Model
	Event Handling	Sources of events
	Lvent Handing	Event Listeners
		Adapter Classes, Inner classes

II- Year I- Semester	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	L	T	P	C
PC2104	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SISIEM	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. Study the basic concepts and importance of Database Management Systems
- 2. Learn and understand the conceptual design of database and information retrieval
- 3. Learn various commands and writing of queries for information retrieval
- 4. Understand the concepts of Database design
- 5. Study of internal storage and its access

Unit-I: Introduction 8 Hrs

Introduction to Database, Applications of Database, Purpose of Database, View of Data, Data Independence, Data Models, Users of Database, DBA, Query Processor, Storage Manager, Database Architecture

Unit-II: Conceptual Design & Relational Query Languages

10 Hrs

Conceptual Design of Database using ER Model, Notations, Types of attributes, Relation, Mapping Constraints, Features of ER Diagram, Weak Entity Set, Examples of Conceptual Design Relational Algebra: Selection, Projection, Set Operations, Rename, Cartesian-Product, Join, Outer Join, Examples

Relational Calculus: Tuple Relational Calculus and Domain Relational Calculus, Safety Expressions

Unit-III: SQL & PL/SQL

10 Hrs

SQL Commands: DDL, DML, TCL, DCL

Types of Constraints (Primary, Alternate, Not Null, Check, Foreign), Basic form of SQL query, joins, outer joins, set operations, group operations, various types of queries, PL/SQL (Cursor, Procedures, Functions, Packages, Triggers...)

Unit-IV: Database Design

10 Hrs

Database Design: Normalization, Purpose of Normalization, Functional Dependency, Closure, 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, MVFD, 4NF, Join Dependency, 5NF Why NoSQL? Importance of NoSQL

Unit-V: Transaction, Data Recovery & Storage Management

10 Hrs

Transaction Management: ACID Properties of Transactions, Conflict & View serializability, Lock based protocols, Time Stamp based protocol, Thomas Write Rule, Validation Based Protocol, Deadlock detection, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock prevention: wait-die and woundwait

Recovery Management: Types of failures, ideal storage, Log, Log records, log based recovery techniques, Shadow Paging, ARIES

File Organization & Indexing: Types of File Organizations, Primary Indexing, Secondary Indexing, Multi-level Indexing, Hash Indexing, Tree Indexing

Text Books:

- 1. Data base System Concepts, 5/e, Silberschatz, Korth, TMH
- 2. Introduction to Database Systems, CJ Date, Pearson

Reference Books:

- 1. Data base Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, and TATA McGraw Hill 3rd Edition
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, ElmasriNavate Pearson Education

Micro Syllabus of Database Management Systems

UNIT - I: INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Database, Applications of Database, Purpose of Database, View of Data, Data Independence, Data Models, Users of Database, DBA, Query Processor, Storage Manager, Database Architecture

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		Definitions of data, database and information
		History of data
		Importance of databases over file systems
		Applications of Database
		Purpose of Database
	Introduction to Database	View of Data
UNIT I		Data Independence
		Data Models
		Users of Database
		DBA
		Query Processor
		Storage Manager
		Database Architecture

UNIT – II: Conceptual Design & Relational Query Languages

Conceptual Design of Database using ER Model, Notations, Types of attributes, Mapping Constraints, Features of ER Diagram, Weak Entity Set, Examples of Conceptual Design

Relational Algebra: Selection, Projection, Set Operations, Rename, Cartesian-Product, Join, Outer Join, Examples

Relational Calculus: Tuple Relational Calculus and Domain Relational Calculus, Safety Expressions

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		ER Model
		Notations
		Types of attributes
UNIT II	Conceptual Design	Mapping Constraints
ONII II		Features of ER Diagram
		Weak Entity Set
		Examples of Conceptual Design
	Relational Algebra	Selection

	Projection				
	Set Operations				
	Rename				
	Cartesian-Product				
	Join				
	Outer Join				
	Safety Expressions				
	Tuple Relational Calculus				
Relational Calculus	Domain Relational Calculus				
	Safety Expressions				

UNIT - III: SQL & PL/SQL

SQL Commands: DDL, DML, TCL, DCL

Types of Constraints (Primary, Alternate, Not Null, Check, Foreign), Basic form of SQL query, joins, outer joins, set operations, group operations, various types of queries, PL/SQL (Cursor, Procedures, Functions, Packages, Triggers)

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		DDL
	SQL Commands	DML
	SQL Commands	TCL
		DCL
		Primary
		Alternate
	Types of Constraints	Not Null
		Check
		Foreign
UNIT III	SQL Queries	Basic
		Joins
		Set operations
		Group operations
		Various types of queries
		Cursor
		Procedures
	PL/ SQL	Functions
		Packages
		Triggers

UNIT - IV: Database Design

Database Design: Normalization, Purpose of Normalization, Functional Dependency, Closure, 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, MVFD, 4NF, Join Dependency, 5NF. Why NoSQL?, Importance of NoSQL

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
		Normalization				
UNIT IV	Database Design	Purpose of Normalization				
		Functional Dependency				

	Closure
	1NF
	2NF
	3NF
	BCNF
	MVFD
	4NF
	Join Dependency
	5NF
	Why NoSQL?
NoSQL	Importance of NoSQL
	Overview of NoSQL tools

UNIT - V: Transaction, Data Recovery & Storage Management

Transaction Management: ACID Properties of Transactions, Conflict & View serializability, Lock based protocols (2PLP, Tree & Multiple Granularity), Time Stamp based protocol, Thomas Write Rule, Validation Based Protocol, Deadlock detection, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock prevention: wait-die and wound-wait

Recovery Management: Types of failures, ideal storage, Log, Log records, log based recovery techniques, Shadow Paging, ARIES

File Organization & Indexing: Types of File Organizations, Primary Indexing, Secondary Indexing, Multi-level Indexing, Hash Indexing, Tree Indexing.

Unit	Module	Micro Content					
		ACID Properties of Transactions					
		Conflict & View serializability					
		Lock based protocols (2PLP, Tree & Multiple					
		Granularity)					
UNIT V	Transaction Management	Time Stamp based protocol, Thomas Write Rule					
		Validation Based Protocol					
		Deadlock detection					
		Deadlock avoidance					
		Deadlock prevention: wait-die and wound-wait					
		Types of failures					
	Recovery Management	Ideal storage					
		Log, Log records, log based recovery techniques					
		Shadow Paging					
		ARIES					
		Types of File Organizations					
	Eile Organization &	Primary Indexing					
	File Organization & Indexing	Secondary Indexing					
	mucamg	Hash Indexing: Static and Dynamic					
		Tree Indexing					

Course Outcomes:

By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: To understand the basics of database systems and applications

CO2: To construct logical design of database and information retrieval

CO3: To **demonstrate** relational model practically (Structured Query Language)

CO4: To demonstrate and relate normalization for database design

CO5: To **outline** the necessity of transaction management, recovery management, file organization & indexing

CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:

Mapping	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012	PS01	PSO2
C01	2						3						1	
C02	3	2	2											2
C03	3	2	1		3								2	3
C04	3	2	1					1	1	1	1	1	1	3
C05	2											1	1	

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
PC2101L	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives:

CO1: Ability to apply computational thinking to a diverse set of problems.

CO2: Ability to adapt to new challenges and computational environments.

CO3: Proficiency in the design and implementation of algorithms.

List of experiments:

Prerequisites: Solve the following problems in Hackerrank

- **1.** Time Conversion
- 2. Diagonal Difference
- 3. Stair case
- 4. Birthday Cake candles

UNIT I

- 1. Implement Binary Search using arrays
- 2. Implement Insertion Sort.
- 3. Implement Quick Sort
- 4. Implement Merge Sort
- 5. Implement Radix Sort

String Pairs

Anagram

UNIT II

- 6. Implement stack using arrays
- 7. Implement conversion of infix to postfix expression.
- 8. Implement queue using arrays.
- 9. Implement circular queue
- 10. Implement Singly Linked List
- 11. Implement Doubly Linked List
- 12. Implement Binary Heap Operations.

Minimize the Sum

Implement Expression Tree.

UNIT III

- 13. Implement Complete Binary Tree
- 14. Implement Binary Trees Traversal techniques (recursive and non-recursive)
- 15. Implement Binary Search Tree
- 16. Implement Binary Heap Operations.

UNIT IV

- 17. Implement Graph and its operations
- 18. Implement Breadth First Search
- 19. Implement Depth First Search
- 20. Implement Prims' Algorithm
- 21. Implement Kruskal's Algorithm

Implement Island Strikes.

Implement Pawn Moves.

UNIT V

- 22. Implement Linear Probing on a dictionary.
- 23. Implement Separate Chaining.
- 24. Implement Brute Force Pattern Matching.
- 25. Implement Boyer Moore Pattern Matching.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSPO1	PSPO2
CO1	2	2	1										1	1
CO2	2		2	1										1
CO3		2	1	2									1	1

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	С
PC2102L	Java Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives:

- 1. To write programs using abstract classes.
- 2. To write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.
- 3. To write multithreaded programs.
- 4. To design GUI application using swing controls.
- 5. To introduce java compiler and eclipse platform
- 6. To impart hands on experience with java programming.

Note:

Mandatory to follow test driven development with Eclipse IDE empowered JUnit testing framework and code coverage plugin.

The list suggests the minimum program set. Hence, the concerned staff is requested to add more problems to the list as needed.

List of Experiments

- 1. Create a class called Invoice that a hardware store might use to represent an invoice for an item sold at the store. An Invoice should include four pieces of information as instance variables-a part number (type String),a part description(type String),a quantity of the item being purchased (type int) and a price per item (double). Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a set and a get method for each instance variable. In addition, provide a method named getInvoiceAmount() that calculates the invoice amount (i.e., multiplies the quantity by the price per item), then returns the amount as a double value. If the quantity is not positive, it should be set to 0. If the price per item is not positive, it should be set to 0.0. Write a test application named InvoiceTest that demonstrates class Invoice's capabilities. [CO1]
- 2. Develop a Java application to generate Electricity bill. Create a class with the following members: Consumer no., consumer name, previous month reading, current month reading, and type of EB connection (i.e. domestic or commercial). Compute the bill amount using the following tariff. [CO1]

If the type of the EB connection is domestic, calculate the amount to be paid as follows:

1. First 100 units - Rs. 1 per unit

2. 101-200units - Rs. 2.50 per unit

3. 201 -500 units - Rs. 4 per unit

4. >501 units - Rs. 6 per unit

If the type of the EB connection is commercial, calculate the amount to be paid as follows:

5. First 100 units - Rs. 2 per unit
 6. 101-200units - Rs. 4.50 per unit
 7. 201 -500 units - Rs. 6 per unit
 8. >501 units - Rs. 7 per unit

- 3. Create class SavingsAccount. Use a static variable annualInterestRate to store the annual interest rate for all account holders. Each object of the class contains a private instance variable savingsBalance indicating the amount the saver currently has ondeposit. Provide method calculateMonthlyInterest to calculate the monthly interest by multiplying the savingsBalance by annualInterestRate divided by 12 this interest should be added to savingsBalance. Provide a static method modifyInterestRate that sets the annualInterestRate to a new value.Write a program to test class SavingsAccount. Instantiate two savingsAccount objects, saver1 and saver2, with balances of \$2000.00 and \$3000.00, respectively. Set annualInterestRate to 4%, then calculate the monthly interest and print the new balances for both savers. Then set the annualInterest Rate to 5%, calculate the next month's interest and print the new balances for both savers. [CO1]
- 4. Create a class called Book to represent a book. A Book should include four pieces of information as instance variables-a book name, an ISBN number, an author name and a publisher. Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a mutator method and accessor method (query method) for each instance variable. In addition, provide a method named getBookInfo that returns the description of the book as a String (the description should include all the information about the book). You should use this keyword in member methods and constructor. Write a test application named BookTest to create an array of object for 30 elements for class Book to demonstrate the class Book's capabilities. [CO1].
- 5. Write a JAVA program to search for an element in a given list of elements using binary search mechanism. [CO1]
- 6. Write a Java program that implements Merge sort algorithm for sorting and also shows the number of interchanges occurred for the given set of integers. [CO1]
- 7. Write a java program to make rolling a pair of dice 10,000 times and counts the number of times doubles of are rolled for each different pair of doubles. Hint: Math.random() [CO1].
- 8. Develop a java application with Employee class with Emp_name, Emp_id, Address, Mail_id, Mobile_no as members. Inherit the classes, Programmer, Assistant Professor, Associate Professor and Professor from employee class. Add Basic Pay (BP) as the member of all the inherited classes with 97% of BP as DA, 10 % of BP as HRA, 12% of BP as PF, 0.1% of BP for staff club fund. Generate pay slips for the employees with their gross and net salary. [CO1]

- 9. Write a Java Program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two <u>integers and an empty method named print Area()</u>. Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and <u>Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape</u>. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape. [CO2]
- 10. Develop a java application to implement currencyconverter(DollartoINR,EURO toINR,YentoINR and vice versa), distance converter (meter to KM, miles to KM and vice versa), timeconverter (hours to minutes, seconds and vice versa) using packages. [CO1]
- 11. Write a Java Program to Handle Arithmetic Exceptions and InputMisMatchExceptions. [CO1]
- 12. Write a multi-threaded Java program to print all numbers below 100,000 that are both prime and Fibonacci number (some examples are 2, 3, 5, 13, etc.). Design a thread that generates prime numbers below 100,000 and writes them into a pipe. Design another thread that generates Fibonacci numbers and writes them to another pipe. The main thread should read both the pipes to identify numbers common to both. [CO3].
- 13. Write a java program that implements a multi-threaded application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of thenumber. [CO3].
- 14. Write a Java program that correctly implements the producer consumer problem using the concept of inter-thread communication. [CO3].
- 15. Write a Java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file inbytes. [CO1].
- 16. Write a Java program to build a Calculator in Swings/ [CO4]
- 17. Write a Java program to implement JMenu to draw all basic shapes using Graphics. [CO4]
- 18. Write a Java program to implement JTable and JTree. [CO4]
- 19. Write a Java program to implement JTabbedPane. [CO4]
- 20. Write a Java Program that implements a simple client/server application. The client sends data to a server. The server receives the data, uses it to produce a result and then sends the result back to the client. The client displays the result on the console. For ex: The data sent from the client is the radius of a circle and the result produced by the server is the area of the circle. [CO3]

Course Outcomes: at the end of the lab, the student will be able to

CO1:Develop programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work.

CO2: Develop and apply multithreaded programs in network applications.

CO3: Develop GUI programs using swing controls in Java.

CO-PO mapping Table with justification

Mapping	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012	PS01	PSO2
C01	2	2	2		2				2				2	2
C02	2	2	2		2				2				2	2
C03	2	2	2		2				2				2	2

II- Year I - Semester	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
PC2104L	LAB	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives:

- **1.** To familiarize the participant with the distinctions of database environments towards an information-oriented framework
- 2. To give a good formal foundation on the relational model of data
- 3. To present SQL and procedural interfaces to SQL comprehensively

List of experiments:

SQL

- 1. Queries for Creating, Dropping, and Altering Tables, Views, and Constraints [CO1]
- 2. Queries to facilitate acquaintance of Built-In Functions, String Functions, Numeric Functions, Date Functions and Conversion Functions. [CO1]
- 3. Queries using operators in SQL [CO2]
- 4. Queries to Retrieve and Change Data: Select, Insert, Delete, and Update [CO2]
- 5. Queries using Group By, Order By, and Having Clauses [CO2]
- 6. Queries on Controlling Data: Commit, Rollback, and Save point [CO2]
- 7. Queries to Build Report in SQL *PLUS [CO2]
- 8. Queries on Joins and Correlated Sub-Queries [CO2]
- 9. Queries on Working with Index, Sequence, Synonym, Controlling Access, and Locking Rows for Update, Creating Password and Security features [CO2]

PL/SQL

- 1. Write a PL/SQL Code using Basic Variable, Anchored Declarations, and Usage of Assignment Operation [CO3]
- 2. Write a PL/SQL Code Bind and Substitution Variables. Printing in PL/SQL [CO3]
- 3. Write a PL/SQL block using SQL and Control Structures in PL/SQL [CO3]
- 4. Write a PL/SQL Code using Cursors, Exceptions and Composite Data Types [CO3]
- 5. Write a PL/SQL Code using Procedures, Functions, and Packages FORMS [CO4]
- 6. Write a PL/SQL Code Creation of forms for any Information System such as Student Information System, Employee Information System etc. [CO4]
- 7. Demonstration of database connectivity [CO4]

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To create database for user (Creation of Database)

CO2: To solve various SQL queries for user defined schemas

CO3: To generalize PL/ SQL blocks

CO4: To illustrate the usage of user defined packages

CO-PO mapping Matrix:

Mapping	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012	PS01	PSO2
C01	1		3										3	2
C02	3	2	1	1									1	3
C03	2	1	1		1								1	
C04	2												1	

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
SOC2101	Advanced Python Programming	1	0	2	2

PRE-REQUISITES:

- Fundamentals of Python
- Problem solving skills

Course objectives: The student should be able to

- 1. Able to learn advanced concepts in Python
- 2. Able to use advanced packages like numpy, scipy, opency in Python for building data processing & visualizing applications.
- 3. Able to process digital imaging applications

Unit-1: Python Fundamentals: Introduction to Python, Data Structures – List, Dictionaries, Sets and Tuples. (6 hrs)

Modules, Python Packages, Libraries: Modules - Creating modules, import statement, from Import statement, name spacing. Math Module: Constants, Power and logarithmic functions, Trigonometric functions. Numpy Library: Numpy import, Basic functions, Matrices Addition, Subtraction Multiplication, Transpose, Inverse, Eigen values and Eigenvectors using Numpy **(8hrs)**

Unit-2: Python packages: Introduction to PIP, Installing Packages via PIP, Using Python Packages (4hrs)

Data Visualization – Matplotlib - Loading the library and importing the data, How Mat plot lib works?, modifying the appearance of a plot, Plotting multiple plots, Modifying the tick marks, Scatter plots, Bar plots. **(8hrs)**

Unit-3: File Handling – Introduction to Files, File modes, Reading, Writing data from files, Copy one file to another, deletion of files. Other file programs in Python. **(4hrs)**

Text Processing: Word, character and line counting, Frequency count. Usage of with() and split(). Reading and writing into CSV formats. **(8hrs)**

Unit-4: Image Processing - Installing Jupiter notebook. Image & Its properties. Image processing applications. Image I/O and display with Python, Reading, saving and displaying an image using Open CV - PyPI, matplotlib

Sample programs – Image statistics Croping, Converting images from RGB to Gray and resizing the image. (12 hrs)

Unit-5: Using Databases and SQL – Introduction to Database Concepts, usage of SQLite, Create, Insert & Retrieve data, Spidering twitter using a database. Sample Python codes (8 hrs)

Text books:

- 1. Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3, Charles Severance
- 2. The Hitchiker's Guide to Python, O'Reilly publication

Reference books:

- 1. Hands-On Image Processing with Python, O'Reilly Publications
- 2. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press

e- Resources & other digital material

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105079/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106145/#
- 3. https://realpython.com/python-mysql/

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Recall the usage of Python Concepts.

CO2: Use different Python packages for Data Visualization

CO3: Demonstrate File handling & text processing

CO4: Demonstrate applications that performs Image processing

CO5: Connect database with Python.

Text books:

- 1. Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3, Charles Severance
- 2. The Hitchiker's Guide to Python, O'Reilly publication

Reference books:

- 1. Hands-On Image Processing with Python, O'Reilly Publications
- 2. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press

Digital resources:

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105079/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106145/#
- 3. https://realpython.com/python-mysql/

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1: Recall** the usage of Python Concepts.
- **CO2:** Use different Python packages for Data Visualization
- **CO3: Demonstrate** File handling & text processing
- **CO4: Demonstrate** applications that performs Image processing
- **CO5: Connect** database with Python.

CO-PO	mapping	Table
-------	---------	--------------

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO1	1	1	1	2										
CO2	1	2	2	2										
CO3	1	2	2	2										
CO4	2	2	2	2										
CO5	1	2	2	1										

Micro-Syllabus for Advanced Python Programming

Python Fundamentals: Introduction to Python, Data Structures – List, Dictionaries, Sets and Tuples.

Modules, Python Packages, Libraries: Modules - Creating modules, import statement, from Import statement, name spacing. Math Module: Constants, Power and logarithmic functions, Trigonometric functions. Numpy Library: Numpy import, Basic functions, Matrices Addition, Subtraction Multiplication, Transpose, Inverse, Eigen values and Eigenvectors using Numpy

Unit No	Module	Micro content							
		Introduction to Python features, advantages and							
		disadvantages, applications							
	Python	Lists - different types of problems using lists							
I a	Fundamentals	Tuples							
	Tundamentals	Dictionaries - converting lists into dictionaries and other							
		problems							
		sets							
		Module creation and import							
	Modules, Python	Math module and functions - basic math, statistical and							
I b	Packages,	logarithmic, trigonometric functions							
	Libraries	Numpy basic mathematical operations - matrix applications							
		Eigen values and vectors							

Python packages: Introduction to PIP, Installing Packages via PIP, Using Python Packages **Data Visualization** – Matplotlib - Loading the library and importing the data, How Mat plot lib works?, modifying the appearance of a plot, Plotting multiple plots, Modifying the tick marks, Scatter plots, Bar plots.

Unit No	Module	Micro content
I a.	Introduction to	Installation process, commands
		Installation of various packages
	PIP	Using Python packages
		Loading and importing matplotlib
II b.	Data	Multiple plots - small applications
11 0.	Visualization	Updating plot ticks, scatter plots - sample applications
		Bar plots sample applications

File Handling – Introduction to Files, File modes, Reading, Writing data from files, Copy one file to another, deletion of files. Other file programs in Python. **(4hrs)**

Text Processing: Word, character and line counting, Frequency count. Usage of with() and split(). Reading and writing into CSV formats. **(8hrs)**

Unit No	Module	Micro content								
		Introduction to Files, File modes								
		Reading and writing files - sample								
3a.		programs - copy, reverse, reading lines, reading words,								
		deletion of files								
		Updating a file								
		Word, line, character count programs								
		Frequency count								
3b.	Text processing	Usage of with() and split()								
		Reading different files like CSV								
		Implement read, update, cells/rows/columns in a CSV file								

Image Processing - Installing Jupiter notebook. Image & Its properties. Image processing applications. Image I/O and display with Python, Reading, saving and displaying an image using Open CV - PyPI, matplotlib

Unit No	Module	Micro content
		 Introduction to images and their properties
IV		 Reading and writing images
		 Types of images
		 Display images using opency
	Image processing	 Usage of PyPI (methods for image processing)
		 Image enhancement operations
		 other simple image based programs

Using Databases and SQL – Introduction to Database Concepts, usage of SQLite, Create, Insert & Retrieve data, Spidering twitter using a database. Sample Python codes (8 hrs)

Unit No	Module	Micro content
V	Database	Database concepts - tables, rows and columns, primary keys, referential integrity Usage of SQlite DDL and DML commands
	connectivity	Basic storage and retrieval operations on database
		Spidering twitter data and related python code
		modules

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	С
MC2101	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	2	0	0	0

Objectives:

To facilitate the students with the concepts of Indian traditional knowledge and to make them understand the Importance of roots of knowledge system.

- The course aim of the importing basic principle of third process reasoning and inference sustainability is at the course of Indian traditional knowledge system
- To understand the legal framework and traditional knowledge and biological diversity act 2002 and geographical indication act 2003.
- The courses focus on traditional knowledge and intellectual property mechanism of traditional knowledge and protection.
- To know the student traditional knowledge in different sector.

Unit-I:

Introduction to traditional knowledge: Define traditional knowledge, nature and characteristics, scope and importance, kinds of traditional knowledge, the physical and social contexts in which traditional knowledge develop, the historical impact of social change on traditional knowledge systems. Indigenous Knowledge (IK), characteristics, traditional knowledge vis-à-vis indigenous knowledge, traditional knowledge Vs western knowledge traditional knowledge vis-à-vis formal knowledge

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Understand the traditional knowledge.
- Contrast and compare characteristics importance kinds of traditional knowledge.
- Analyse physical and social contexts of traditional knowledge.
- Evaluate social change on traditional knowledge.

Unit-II:

Protection of traditional knowledge: the need for protecting traditional knowledge Significance of TK Protection, value of TK in global economy, Role of Government to harness TK.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Know the need of protecting traditional knowledge.
- Apply significance of TK protection.
- Analyse the value of TK in global economy.
- evaluate role of government

Unit-III:

Legal framework and TK: A: The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006, Plant Varieties Protection and Farmers Rights Act, 2001 (PPVFR Act);B:The Biological Diversity Act 2002 and Rules 2004, the protection of traditional knowledge bill, 2016. Geographical indications act 2003.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Understand legal framework of TK.
- Contrast and compare the ST and other traditional forest dwellers
- Analyse plant variant protections
- Evaluate farmers right act

Unit-IV: 7Hrs

Traditional knowledge and intellectual property: Systems of traditional knowledge protection, Legal concepts for the protection of traditional knowledge, Certain non IPR mechanisms of traditional knowledge protection, Patents and traditional knowledge, Strategies to increase protection of traditional knowledge, global legal FOR A for increasing protection of Indian Traditional Knowledge.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- Understand TK and IPR
- Apply systems of TK protection.
- Analyze legal concepts for the protection of TK.
- Evaluate strategies to increase the protection of TK.

Unit-V: 9Hrs

Traditional knowledge in different sectors: Traditional knowledge and engineering, Traditional medicine system, TK and biotechnology, TK in agriculture, Traditional societies depend on it for their food and healthcare needs, Importance of conservation and sustainable development of environment, Management of biodiversity, Food security of the country and protection of TK.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit the student will able to:

- know TK in different sectors.
- apply TK in engineering.

- analyze TK in various sectors.
- evaluate food security and protection of TK in the country.

Reference Books:

- 1. Traditional Knowledge System in India, by Amit Jha, 2009.
- 2. Traditional Knowledge System and Technology in India by Basanta Kumar Mohanta and Vipin Kumar Singh, Pratibha Prakashan 2012.
- 3. Traditional Knowledge System in India by Amit Jha Atlantic publishers, 2002
- 4. "Knowledge Traditions and Practices of India" Kapil Kapoor, Michel Danino

E-Resources:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LZP1StpYEPM
- 2. 2.http://nptel.ac.in/courses/121106003/

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. understand the concept of Traditional knowledge and its importance
- 2. know the need and importance of protecting traditional knowledge
- 3. know the various enactments related to the protection of traditional knowledge.
- 4. understand the concepts of Intellectual property to protect the traditional knowledge

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS2201	Probability and Statistics		1	0	3

Course objectives:

- 1. To **Classify** the concepts of data science and its importance (L4) or (L2)
- **2.** To **Interpret** the association of characteristics and through correlation and regression tools (L4)
- 3. To **Understand** the concepts of probability and their applications, **apply** discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3)
- 4. To **Design** the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6)
- 5. To **Infer** the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4)

UNIT-I

Descriptive statistics and methods for data science:

10 hrs

Data science-Statistics Introduction-Population vs Sample-Collection of data-primary and secondary data-Types of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables-Data visualization-Measures of Central tendency-Measures of Variability (spread or variance)-Skewness Kurtosis.

UNIT-II

Correlation and Curve fitting:

10 hrs

Correlation- correlation coefficient-Rank correlation-Regression coefficient and properties-regression lines-Multiple regression-Method of least squares-Straight line-parabola-Exponential-Power curves.

UNIT-III

Probability and Distributions:

10 hrs

Probability-Conditional probability and Baye's theorem-Random variables-Discrete and Continuous random variables-Distribution function-Mathematical Expectation and Variance-Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

UNIT-IV

Sampling Theory: 10 hrs

Introduction—Population and samples-Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only)-Central limit theorem (without proof)-Point and Interval estimations, Good estimator, Unbiased estimator, Efficiency estimator-Maximum error of estimate.

UNIT-V

Test of Hypothesis: 8 hrs

Introduction—Hypothesis-Null and Alternative Hypothesis-Type I and Type II errors-Level of significance-One tail and two-tail tests-Tests concerning one mean, two means, and proportions using Z test, Tests concerning one mean, two means using t test, also chi-square and F tests use for small samples.

Course Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Classify the concepts of data science and its importance (L4) or (L2) (Understand, Analyze)
- **CO2: Interpret** the association of characteristics and through correlation and regression tools (L4) **Analyze**
- CO3: Understand the concepts of probability and their applications, apply discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3) Understand, Apply
- CO4: Design the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6) Understand, Design, create
- CO5: Infer the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4) Understand, Analyze

Text books:

- 1. **Miller and Freund's,** Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 7/e, Pearson, 2008.
- 2. **S. C. Gupta and V. K. Kapoor,** Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11/e, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012

Reference books

- 1. **Shron L. Myers, Keying Ye, Ronald E Walpole,** Probability and Statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 8th Edition, Pearson 2007.
- 2. **Jay I. Devore,** Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences, 8th Edition, Cengage.
- 3. **Sheldon M. Ross,** Introduction to probability and statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 4th Edition, Academic Foundation, 2011.
- 4. **Johannes Ledolter and Robert V. Hogg,** Applied statistics for Engineers and Physical Scientists, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2010.
- 5. T. K. V. Iyenger, Probability and Statistics, S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2015.

e- Resources & other digital material

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=COI0BUmNHT8&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M_JcleDbrVyPnE
https://watch?v=COI0BUmNHT8&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M_JcleDbrVyPnE
<a href="https://watch.com/watch?v=COI0BUmNHT8&list=PLyqSpQzTe6M_JcleDbrVyPnE]
<a href="https://watch.com/watch?v=COI0BUmNHT8&list=PLyqSpQzTe6M_JcleDbrVyPnE]
<a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=COI0BUmNHT8&list=PLyqSpQzTe6M_JcleDbrVyPnE]

- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VVYLpmKRfQ8&list=PL6C92B335BD4238AB (For Probability and Statistics)
- 3. https://www.mathsisfun.com/data/standard-normal-distribution-table.html (Information about Normal distribution)
- 4. https://www.statisticshowto.com/tables/t-distribution-table/(Information about T- distribution)

Statistical Tables to be allowed in examinations:

- 1. Normal distribution table
- 2. T- distribution table

CO-PO mapping Matrix

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO1	2	2												
CO2	2	3												
CO3	2	2												
CO4	2	2												
CO5	2	3												

Micro-Syllabus of Probability and Statistics

UNIT-I:Descriptive statistics and methods for data science: 10 hrs

Data science-Statistics Introduction-Population vs Sample-Collection of data-primary and secondary data-Types of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables-Data visualization-Measures of Central tendency-Measures of Variability (spread or variance)-Skewness Kurtosis.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	Introduction-Population vs Sample	Collection of data-primary and secondary data Population Sample	- 3	
1a.Descriptive Statistics	Types of variable	dependent and independent Categorical Continuous variables	2	
	Data visualization	-Data visualization	1	
1b.methods for data	Measures of Central tendency	Measures of Central tendency	2	
science	and Measures of Variability	Measures of Variability	2	
		Skewness Kurtosis.		

UNIT-II: Correlation and Curve fitting:

10 hrs

Correlation-correlation coefficient-Rank correlation-Regression coefficient and properties-regression lines-Multiple regression-Method of least squares-Straight line-parabola-Exponential-Power curves.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	Correlation	correlation coefficient	4	
	Correlation	Rank correlation	4	
		Regression coefficient		
	Regression	properties	4	
2.Correlation and		regression lines	4	
Curve fitting		Multiple regression		
		Straight line		
	Method of least squares	Parabola.	4	
	Wethod of least squares	Exponential curves		
		Power curves.		

UNIT-III: Probability and Distributions:

12 hrs

Probability-Conditional probability and Baye's theorem- Random variables -Discrete and Continuous random variables-Distribution function-Mathematical Expectation and Variance-Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs		
	Probability	Conditional probability	2		
	1 Tobability	Baye's theorem	2		
		Discrete Random variables	1		
	Random variables	Continuous Random	1		
		variables	1		
3. Probability and		Distribution function	1		
Distributions		Mathematical Expectation	1		
		and variance	1		
		Binomial distribution.			
	Distributions	Poisson distribution			
	Distributions	Uniform distribution	4		
		Normal distribution			

UNIT-IV: Sampling Theory:

10 hrs

Introduction—Population and samples-Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only)-Central limit theorem (without proof)-Point and Interval estimations, Good estimator, Unbiased estimator, Efficiency estimator-Maximum error of estimate.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs			
		Population samples				
	Introduction	Central limit theorem (without proof	1			
		Sampling distribution of				
	Sampling distributions	Means	4			
	Sampling distributions	7				
		Variance				
4.Sampling Theory		Point estimations				
r g		Interval estimation				
		Good estimator				
	Estimation	Unbiased estimator	5			
		Efficiency estimator				
		Maximum error of				
		estimate.				

UNIT-V: Test of Hypothesis:

14 hrs

Introduction—Hypothesis-Null and Alternative Hypothesis-Type I and Type II errors-Level of significance-One tail and two-tail tests-Tests concerning one mean, two means, and proportions using Z test, Tests concerning one mean, two means using t test, also chi-square and F tests use for small samples.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs			
		Null Hypothesis				
		Alternative Hypothesis				
	Hypothesis	Type I and Type II errors	2			
		Level of significance				
		One tail and two-tail tests]			
		Tests concerning one mean				
5. Test of Hypothesis		using Z test				
5. Test of Hypothesis	Test for large samples	Tests concerning one two	6			
	Test for large samples	means using Z test.				
		Tests concerning				
		proportions using Z test				
		Tests concerning one mean,				
	Tests for small samples	two means using t test	6			
		chi-square test				

	Ftest	

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ES2201	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand basic structures of computers and to understand various machine instructions.
- 2. To understand basic structures of computers and to understand various machine instructions.
- 3. To analyse ALU & I/O organization of a computer.
- 4. To understand various memory systems.
- **5.** To analyse functionalities done by processing unit and also learn micro programmed control.

Unit – I: Basic Structure of a Computer and Machine Instructions.

8 Hrs

Introduction, History of Computer Generations, Functional unit, Basic Operational concepts, Bus structures, System Software, Performance. Number representation: Fixed Point and Floating Point representation. Instruction and Instruction Sequencing: Register Transfer Notation, Assembly Language Notation, Basic Instruction Types

Unit – II: Addressing modes and types of Instructions

10 Hrs

Addressing Modes, Basic Input/output Operations, and role of Stacks and Queues in computer programming equation.

Component of Instructions: Logical Instructions, shift and Rotate Instructions. Type of Instructions: Arithmetic and Logic Instructions, Branch Instructions, Addressing Modes, Input/output Operations

Unit – III: Basic building blocks for the ALU:

10 Hrs

Adder, Subtractor, Shifter, Multiplication and division circuits. Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts: Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access, Buses: Synchronous Bus, Asynchronous Bus, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interface: Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Bus, Universal Serial Bus (USB)

Unit – IV: The Memory Systems

10 Hrs

Basic memory circuits, Memory System Consideration, Read- Only Memory: ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, Flash Memory, Associative Memory, Cache Memories: Mapping Functions, INTERLEAVING, Secondary Storage: Magnetic Hard Disks, Optical Disks.

Unit – V: Processing unit

10 Hrs

Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing an Arithmetic or Logic Operation, Fetching a Word from Memory, Execution of Complete Instruction, Hardwired Control, MICRO PROGRAMMED CONTROL: Microinstructions, Micro program Sequencing, Wide Branch Addressing Microinstructions with next—Address Field.

Text Books:

- 1. Computer Organization, Carl Hamacher, ZvonksVranesic, SafeaZaky, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer Architecture and Organization by William Stallings, PHI Pvt. Ltd., Eastern Economy Edition, Sixth Edition, 2003

Reference Books:

- 1. Computer Architecture and Organization, John P. Hayes, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer System Architecture by M Morris Mano, Prentice Hall of India, 2001

Course Outcomes: By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO-1:** Able to **understand** basic structures of computers and to **understand** various machine Instructions.
- **CO-2:** Able to **learn and use** the addressing modes and types of instructions.
- **CO-3:** Able to analyze I/O organization of a computer.
- **CO-4:** Able to **understand** various memory systems.
- **CO-5:** Able to **analyze** functionalities done by processing unit and also learn micro programmed control.

CO-PO Mapping Matrix:

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2
CO2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	-	2	2	-	ı	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO4	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	2	-
CO5	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2

Micro Syllabus of Computer Organization

UNIT I: Basic Structure of a Computer and Machine Instructions.

Unit	Module	Micro Content
Ont	MIUUUIC	Introduction, History of Computer Generations,
		Functional unit
	Introduction	
		Basic Operational concepts, Bus structures, System
		Software, Performance
		Integer - unsigned, signed (sign magnitude, 1's
UNIT I		complement, 2's complement);
OIVII I	Number representation	Characters - ASCII coding, other coding schemes;
		Real numbers - fixed and floating point, IEEE754
		representation
	Instruction and	Register Transfer Notation
		Assembly Language Notation
	Instruction Sequencing	Basic Instruction Types
UNIT – II: Ad	dressing modes and types of	<u> </u>
Unit	Module	Micro Content
<u> </u>		Addressing Modes
		Basic Input/output Operations
	Addressing modes	Role of Stacks and Queues in computer
		programming equation
UNIT II	Component of	
	Instructions	Shift and Rotate Instructions.
		Arithmetic and Logic Instructions, Branch
	Type of Instructions	Instructions, Addressing Modes, Input/output
		Operations
	Basic building blocks for the	
Unit	Module	Micro Content
	Basic Building blocks	Adder, Subtractor, Shifter, Multiplication and
		division circuits. Accessing I/O Devices
	T	Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling
LINIUT III	Interrupts	Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct
UNIT III		Memory access
	Buses	Synchronous Bus, Asynchronous Bus, Interface Circuits
		Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Bus,
	Standard I/O Interface	Universal Sefrial Bus (USB)
UNIT - IV - Th	e Memory Systems	Chrystan Berran Bus (CBB)
Unit	Module	Micro Content
0.111	1120 0022	Basic memory circuits, Memory System
	24: 24	Consideration, Read- Only Memory: ROM, PROM,
	Main Memory	EPROM, EEPROM, Flash Memory, and
UNIT IV		Associative Memory.
	Cache Memories	Mapping Functions
	Cache Memories	INTERLEAVING
	Secondary Storage	Magnetic Hard Disks, Optical Disks.

UNIT V - Processing unit								
Unit	Module	Micro Content						
		Register Transfers, Performing an Arithmetic or						
	Fundamental Concepts	Logic Operation, Fetching a Word from Memory						
		Execution of Complete Instruction, Hardwired						
UNIT V		Control						
		Microinstructions, Micro program Sequencing,						
	Micro Programmed Control	Wide Branch Addressing Microinstructions with						
	_	next –Address Field.						

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
PC2201	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. Study the basic concepts and functions of operating system
- 2. Learn about Processes, Threads and Scheduling algorithms
- 3. Understand the principles of concurrency and Deadlocks
- 4. Learn various memory management schemes
- 5. Study I/O management and File systems

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to Operating System Concepts: What Operating Systems do, Computer System Organization, Functions of Operating systems, Types of Operating Systems, Operating Systems, Services, System calls, Types of System calls, Operating System Structures, Distributed Systems, Special purpose systems.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Process Management: Process concept, Process State Diagram, Process control block, Process Scheduling- Scheduling Queues, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling algorithms and their evaluation, Operations on Processes, Inter-process Communication.

Threads: Overview, User and Kernel threads, Multi-threading Models.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Concurrency: Process Synchronization, The Critical- Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Monitors, and Classic Problems of Synchronization.

Principles of deadlock: System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks: Deadlock Prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery form Deadlock.

UNIT- IV 10 Hours

Memory Management: Logical vs physical address space, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Structures of the Page Table, Segmentation.

Virtual Memory Management: Virtual memory overview, Demand Paging, Page-Replacement & its algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing.

UNIT-V 8 Hours

File system Interface: The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory structure, files sharing, protection.

File System implementation: File system structure, Allocation methods, and Free-space management.

Mass-storage structure: overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk scheduling, Swap space management.

Text Books:

- 1. Operating System Concepts, Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne 9th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2012
- 2. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011

Reference Books:

- 1. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Second Edition, Addison Wesley.
- 2. Operating Systems: A Design-Oriented Approach, Charles Crowley, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Operating Systems: A Concept-Based Approach, D M Dhamdhere, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education

e-Resources

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operating_system
- 2. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/operating_system/

Course Outcomes:By the end the of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO-1: Understand** the structure and functionalities of Operating System
- CO-2: Demonstrate the concept of Process, Threads and CPU Scheduling Algorithms
- CO-3: Use the principles of Concurrency to solve Synchronization problems
- CO-4: Demonstrate various methods for handling Deadlocks
- **CO-5: Infer** various Memory Management Techniques

CO-PO-Mapping

CO/	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
PO														
CO1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
CO3	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
CO4	2	2	3	ı	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	ı	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	- 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	2

Micro Syllabus of Operating Systems

UNIT I: Introduction to Operating System Concepts: What Operating Systems do, Computer System Organization, Functions of Operating systems, Types of Operating Systems, Operating Systems Services, System calls, Types of System calls, Operating System Structures, Distributed Systems, Special purpose systems.

Unit	Module	Micro Content						
	What Operating Systems	User View, System View, Defining Operating System						
	do							
	Computer System	Computer-system operation, Storage structure, i/o						
	Organization	structure.						
	Functions of Operating	Process Management, Memory Management, File						
	systems	Management, I/O Management, Protection, Security,						
		Networking.						
	Types of Operating	Batch processing, Multiprogramming, Timesharing,						
	Systems	Distributed,						
		Real time, Multi user, Multi-tasking, Embedded,						
		Mobile operating system.						
	Operating Systems	User interface, Program execution, I/O operations, Fil						
	Services	system manipulation, Communication, Error Detectio						
	System calls, Types of	Process control, File management, Device						
	System calls	management, Information maintenance, and						
UNIT I		Communication maintenance, Protection and security						
		maintenance system calls.						
	Operating System	Simple Structure Approach, Layered Approach,						
	Structures	Microkernel Approach, Modules Approach.						
	Distributed Systems	About Distributed Systems.						
	Special purpose systems	Real Time Embedded Systems, Multimedia Systems,						
		And Handheld Systems.						

UNIT - II

Process Management: Process concept, Process State Diagram, Process control block, Process Scheduling- Scheduling Queues, Schedulers, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling algorithms and their evaluation, Operations on Processes, Inter-process Communication.

Threads: Overview, User and Kernel threads, Multi-threading Models.

Unit	Module	Micro Content					
	Process concept	Define process, process in memory.					
	Process State Diagram	Process states, diagram of process states.					
	Process control block	Process state, process number, program counter, CPU registers, CPU switch from process to process, memory management information, accounting information, I/O status information.					
	Process Scheduling	Introduction to process scheduler.					
	Scheduling Queues	Job queue, ready queue, device queue, queueing diagram.					
	Schedulers	Importance of scheduler, long term scheduler, short term scheduler, medium term scheduler, degree of					

		multiprogramming, i/o bound process, cpu-bound									
		process, swapping.									
UNIT II	Scheduling Criteria	Throughput, Turnaround time, Waiting Time,									
		Response time.									
	Scheduling algorithms	First-Come First-Served (FCFS) Scheduling, Shortest-									
		Job-First(SJF) Scheduling, Priority Scheduling, Round									
		Robin(RR) Scheduling, Multiple-Level Queue									
	Scheduling, Multilevel Feedback Queue Scheduling.										
	Evaluation of Scheduling	Deterministic modelling, Queueing models,									
	algorithms	Simulations and Implementation.									
	Operations on Processes	Process creation, Process termination.									
	Inter-process	Shared memory systems, Message passing systems.									
	Communication										
	Threads: Overview	Definition of thread, single threaded process,									
		multithreaded process, benefits.									
	Multi-threading Models	User and Kernel threads, many-to-one model, one-to-									
		one model, many-to-many model.									

UNIT-III

Concurrency: Process Synchronization, The Critical- Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Monitors, and Classic Problems of Synchronization. **Principles of deadlock:** System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks: Deadlock Prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery form Deadlock.

Unit	Module	Micro Content							
	Process Synchronization	What is synchronization, why is it required,							
		cooperating processes, race condition.							
	Critical- Section Problem	Critical section, entry section, remainder section,							
		mutual exclusion, progress, bounded waiting.							
	Peterson's Solution	Software based solution to critical section between two processes.							
	Synchronization	Locking, test and set instructions, mutual exclusion							
	Hardware	implementation with test and set, compare and swap							
		instructions, mutual exclusion implementation with							
		compare and swap.							
UNIT III	Semaphores	Semaphore usage, counting and binary semaphore,							
		semaphore implementation, deadlock and starvation.							
	Monitors	Structure of monitors, monitors vs semaphores,							
		monitor usage, implementing a monitor using							
		semaphores, dining-philosophers solution using							
	Classic Ducklasses of	monitors.							
	Classic Problems of	Bounded-buffer problem, reader-writer problem,							
	Synchronization Principles of deadlock:	dining-philosophers problem.							
	System Model	Deadlock definition, resources, request-use-release of resources.							
	Deadlock	Necessary conditions for occurrence of deadlock,							
	Characterization	Resource allocation graph.							
	Deadlock Prevention	Mutual exclusion, hold and wait, no-preemption,							
	Deadlock I Tevelition	circular wait.							
	1	onomic war.							

Deadlock Detection	Graph algorithm, Banker's algorithm.
Deadlock Avoidance	Safe state, Graph algorithm, Banker's algorithm.
Recovery form Deadlock	Process termination, resource pre-emption.

UNIT-IV

Memory Management: Logical vs physical address space, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Structures of the Page Table, Segmentation.

Virtual Memory Management: Virtual memory overview, Demand Paging, Page-Replacement & its algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing

Unit	Module	Micro Content							
	Memory Management	Base register, limit register, protection with base and							
		limit register.							
	Logical vs physical	Logical address, memory address register, physical							
	address space	address, dynamic relocation using relocation register.							
	Swapping	Swapping of two processes using a disk as backing							
		store, swapping on mobile systems.							
	Contiguous Memory	Memory protection, memory allocation, fragmentation.							
	Allocation								
	Paging	Basic method for implementing paging, paging							
		hardware, TLB, protection, shared pages.							
	Structure of the Page	Hierarchical paging, hashed page tables, inverted page							
	Table	tables.							
	Segmentation	Basic method, segmentation hardware.							
UNIT IV	Virtual memory overview	Virtual memory, virtual address space.							
	Demand Paging	Demand paging technique, basic concepts, steps in handling page fault, locality of reference.							
	Page-Replacement & its	Need for page replacement, page replacement							
	algorithms	techniques: FIFO, Optimal, LRU, LRU							
		Approximation, Counting based.							
	Allocation of Frames	Minimum number of frames, allocation algorithms:							
		equal, proportional, global vs local allocation, non-							
		uniform memory access,							
	Thrashing	Cause of thrashing, working set model.							

UNIT-V

File system Interface: The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory structure, files sharing, protection.

File System implementation: File system structure, Allocation methods, and Free-space management.

Mass-storage structure: overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk scheduling, Swap space management.

Unit	Module	Micro Content								
	File Concept	Concept File - attributes, operations, types, structure.								
	Access Methods Sequential, Direct, other access methods.									
	Directory structure Typical file system organization, storage structure single level directory, two-level, tree-structure acyclic-graph, general graph directory.									
	Files sharing	Multiple users, remote file system, Consistency								

UNIT V		semantics.						
	Protection	Types of access, access control.						
	File system structure	File systems, basic file system, layered file system, file organization module, logical file system, FCB.						
	Allocation methods	Contiguous, linked, indexed, efficiency of these methods.						
	Free-space management	Free-space list, bit vector, linked list, grouping, counting.						
	Overview of Mass- storage structure	Magnetic disks, solid state disks.						
	Disk scheduling	FCFS, SSTF, SCAN,C-SCAN, LOOK,C-LOOK.						
	Swap space management	Swap-space use, location						

II- Year I- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
PC2202	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The student should be able to

- 1. To understand the software life cycle models.
- 2. To understand the software requirements and SRS document.
- 3. To understand the importance of modeling and modeling languages.
- 4. To design and develop correct and robust software products.
- 5. To understand the quality control and how to ensure good quality software.

Unit-1: Introduction to Software Engineering:

10 Hrs

Software, Software Classifications and Characteristics, Emergency of Software Engineering, What is Software Engineering? Software Engineering Challenges

Software Processes Process model, Elements and Characteristics of Process model, Process Classification, Phased Development Life Cycle, Software Development

Process Models: Prescriptive Process Models, Agile process models, and RUP process model

Unit-2: Project Management & Planning:

10 Hrs

Project management essentials, Project success and failures, Project Life Cycle, Project team structure and organization, Software Configuration Management. Project planning activities, Metrics and Measurements, Project Size Estimation, Effort Estimation Techniques, Staffing and Personnel Planning, Project Scheduling and Miscellaneous Plans.

Unit-3: Requirement Engineering:

8 Hrs

Software Requirements, Requirement Engineering Process, Requirement Elicitation, Requirement Analysis (Structured Analysis, Object Oriented Analysis, Data Oriented Analysis and Prototyping Analysis), Requirements Specification, Requirement Validation, and Requirement Management.

Unit-4: Software Design:

10 Hrs

Software Design Process, Characteristics of a Good Design, Design Principles, Modular Design (Coupling and Cohesion), Software Architecture, Design

Methodologies (Function Oriented Design and Object Oriented Design), Structured Design Methodology (SDM), Transaction Analysis and Logical Design;

Coding: Coding principles, Coding process, Code verification and documentations.

Unit-5: Software Testing:

10 Hrs

Testing Fundamentals, Test Planning, Black Box Testing, White Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Debugging Approaches

Quality of Software: Quality Concept, Quality Factors, Verification and Validation, Quality Assurance Activities, Quality Standards: Capability Maturity Model (CMM), ISO 9000, Six Sigma.

Maintenance: Software Maintenance, Maintenance Process Models and Reengineering.

Text Books

- 1. Software Engineering: Concepts and Practices- Ugrasen Suman, Cengage Learning Publications.
- 2. Fundamentals of Software Engineering-Rajib Mall, PHI, New Delhi.

Reference Books

- 1. An Integrated Approach to S/w Engineering- Pankaj Jalote, Narosa Publishing House.
- 2. Software Engineering- Ian Sommerville, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. Software Engineering Concepts-Richard E. Fairly, Tata McGraw Hill Inc. New York.

e- resources

https://www.javatpoint.com/software-engineering-tutorial

COURSE OUTCOMES: Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Define and develop s/w projects from requirement gathering to implementation.

CO2: Obtain knowledge about principles and practices of software engineering.

CO3: Focus on the fundamentals of modeling a software project.

CO4: Obtain knowledge about estimation and maintenance of software systems

CO5: Design test cases, schedules and perform testing for SQA

CO-PO MAPPING MATRIX:

Mappin	P0	PO	PO	P0	P0	PO	P0	P0	P0	P01	P01	P01	PSO	PSO
g	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
C01	1	2	1	-	-	-	3	-	2	3	2	1	2	1
C02	-	2	3	1	2	2	2	-	1	2	1	-	3	1
C03	-	-	2	-	3	3	1	-	2	1	3	-	3	2
C04	1	3	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	3	1
C05	-	-	2	-	3	2		2	2	-	2	-	2	1

Micro Syllabus of Software Engineering

UNIT I: Introduction to Software Engineering: (14Hrs)

Software, Software Classifications and Characteristics, Emergency of Software Engineering, What is Software Engineering? Software Engineering Challenges

Software Processes Process model, Elements and Characteristics of Process model, Process Classification, Phased Development Life Cycle, Software Development

Process Models: Prescriptive Process Models, Agile process models, and RUP process model

Unit	Module	Micro Content			
		Software Classifications, Characteristics			
		Engineering Discipline			
	Software Engineering	Emergency Of Software Engineering			
		What Is Software Engineering?			
		Software Engineering Challenges			
		Process Model			
UNIT I	Software Processes	Elements And Characteristics Of Process Model			
		Process Classification			
		Phased Development Life Cycle			
		Software Development			
		Prescriptive Process Models			
	Process Models	Agile Process Models,			
		RUP Process Model			

UNIT – II: Project Management & Planning: (12Hrs)

Project management essentials, Project success and failures, Project Life Cycle, Project team structure and organization, Software Configuration Management. Project planning activities, Metrics and Measurements, Project Size Estimation, Effort Estimation Techniques, Staffing and Personnel Planning, Project Scheduling and Miscellaneous Plans.

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Project Management Essentials	Project, People, Process, Product				
	Project Success &Failures	Why Project Fails, Keys To Success				
	Project Life Cycle	Project Vs Product Life Cycles				
	Project Team Structure And Organization, S/W	Configuration Identification, Change Control				
UNIT	Configuration Management	Configuration Status Accounting, Auditing				
II		Project Planning Activities				
	Project Planning And Estimation	Metrics And Measurements				
		Project Size Estimation				
		Effort Estimation Techniques				
	Estimation	Staffing And Personnel Planning				
		Project Scheduling				
		Miscellaneous Plans				

UNIT –III : Requirement Engineering: (14 Hrs.)

Software Requirements, Requirement Engineering Process, Requirement Elicitation, Requirement Analysis (Structured Analysis, Object Oriented Analysis, Data Oriented Analysis and Prototyping Analysis), Requirements Specification, Requirement Validation, and Requirement Management.

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
Unit		Software Requirements				
	Requirements Engineering	Requirement Engineering Process				
	Requirements Engineering	Requirement Elicitation				
		Requirement Analysis				
	Structured Analysis	Data Flow Diagrams, Dictionary				
TTT	Structured Analysis	Structured Analysis Method, Pros &Cons				
	Data Oriented Analysis	ERM, Data Oriented Analysis Method				
	Object Oriented Analysis	OO Method, Modeling				
	Object Oriented Analysis	Dynamic And Functional Modeling				
	Prototyping Analysis	Throwaway Prototyping				
	Prototyping Analysis	Evolutionary Prototyping				
	Requirements	SRS Characteristics And Components				
	Specification, Validation,	Structure And Methods				
	And Management	Review And Reading				

UNIT - IV : Software Design: (14 Hrs.)

Software Design Process, Characteristics of a Good Design, Design Principles, Modular Design (Coupling and Cohesion), Software Architecture, Design Methodologies (Function Oriented Design and Object Oriented Design), Structured Design Methodology (SDM), Transaction Analysis and Logical Design;

Coding: Coding principles, Coding process, Code verification and documentations.

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Software Design Process	Software Design Process				
	Characteristics Of A Good Design	Characteristics of a Good Design				
	Design Principles	Abstraction and information hiding				
	Design 1 finciples	Functional decomposition and TD BU strategies				
	Modular Design	coupling and cohesion				
	Software Architecture	importance of SA and styles				
	Software Architecture	designs and documentation evaluation				
UNIT	Design Methodologies	FO & OO designs				
IV	Structured Design	DFD I/p process & O/p segments				
	Methodology	First level factoring				
	L	additional factoring				
	Transaction Analysis And Logical Design	PDL and algorithmic design				
	Coding Principles & Process	Coding principles & process				
	Verification And Documentation	Verification and documentation				

UNIT V : Software Testing: (17Hrs)

Testing Fundamentals, Test Planning, Black Box Testing, White Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Debugging Approaches

Quality of Software: Quality Concept, Quality Factors, Verification and Validation, Quality Assurance Activities, Quality Standards: Capability Maturity Model (CMM), ISO 9000, Six Sigma.

Maintenance: Software Maintenance, Maintenance Process Models and Reengineering.

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
	Testing Fundamentals	Errors, Faults, Failures, Cost, Process, Role				
	Planning	Case Design And Execution Stubs And Drivers				
	Flammig	Defect Tracking And Stats				
	Plack how tosting	Ecp, Bva				
	Black box testing	Cause Effect Graphing And Error Guessing				
	White box testing	CF Based, Path Testing				
	White box testing	DF Base, Mutation Testing				
UNIT	Levels of testing	Unit Integration System Acceptance				
\mathbf{V}		Brute Force, Backtracking				
	Debugging approaches	Breakpoint And Debugging By Induction				
		Deduction And Testing				
	Quality of software	Concept, Factors				
	Verification and validation	Verification And Validation				
	SQA	SQA Activities And Plan				
	Quality standards	CMM, ISO 900, Six Sigma				
	Maintananaa	Maintenance Process Models				
	Maintenance	Reengineering				

II-Year-II Semester	DATA WAREHOUSING & DATA	L	T	P	C
PC2203	MINING	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- 1. Distinguishes the certainty of various classical approaches for mining data in warehouse.
- 2. Prepares students in identifying various problems and its corresponding approaches for mining data.
- 3. Outlines a student about merits and demerits of mining approaches contextually.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Infers about Data Warehousing & Data Mining. (Understand)

CO2: Demonstrates Pre-processing Techniques before Data Mining. (**Applying**)

CO3: Infers Classification & recite different approaches. (Analyzing)

CO4: Infers Association Analysis & recite different approaches. (**Analyzing**)

CO5: Infers Cluster Analysis & recite different approaches. (**Analyzing**)

UNIT - I 08 Hours

Introduction: Data Warehousing: Architecture, OLAP vs OLTP, Data Cube and their operations. **Data Mining**: Patterns of data mining, issues in data mining, Statistical descriptions, data visualizations, similarity and dissimilarity measures of data.

UNIT - II 10 Hours

Data Pre-processing: An Overview, Data Cleaning, Data Integration, Data Reduction, Data Transformation and Data Discretization.

UNIT - III 10 Hours

Classification: Basic concepts, General approach for solving a classification problem, Decision tree algorithm working and attribute selection measures, Alternative techniques: Bayes' Theorem, Naïve Bayesian classification Algorithm, Bayesian Belief networks.

UNIT - IV 10 Hours

Association Analysis: Basic Concepts, Frequent item set generation, compact representation of frequent item sets and FP-Growth Algorithm.

UNIT - V 10 Hours

Cluster Analysis: Basic Concepts, Different types of Clustering and cluster, Algorithms: K-means algorithm and their additional issues, Bisecting K-means, Agglomerative Hierarchical

Clustering Agorithm, DBSCAN Algorithm strengths and their weaknesses.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Introduction to Data Mining: Pang-Ning Tan & Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, Pearson.
- 2. Data Mining concepts and Techniques, 3/e, Jiawei Han, Michel Kamber, Elsevier.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Data Mining Techniques and Applications: An Introduction, Hongbo Du, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Data Mining: VikramPudi and P. Radha Krishna, Oxford.
- 3. Data Mining and Analysis Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms; Mohammed J. Zaki, Wagner Meira, Jr, Oxford
- 4. Data Warehousing Data Mining & OLAP, Alex Berson, Stephen Smith, TMH.

e-RESOURCES:

- 1. https://www.saedsayad.com/data_mining_map.htm
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105174/
- 3. (NPTEL course by Prof.Pabitra Mitra) http://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_mg24/preview
- 4. (NPTEL course by Dr. Nandan Sudarshanam & Dr. Balaraman Ravindran) http://www.saedsayad.com/data_mining_map.htm

Micro Syllabus of Data Warehousing & Data Mining

II B. Tech II Semester

UNIT I : Introduction: Data Warehousing, Data Mining									
Unit	Module	Micro Content							
		Introduction							
		Architecture							
	Data Warehousing	OLAP vs OLTP							
		Data cube							
UNIT I		Data cube Operations							
UNITI		Introduction							
		Kinds and Patterns of Data Mining							
	Data Mining	Issues of Data Mining							
	Data Mining	Statistical Descriptions							
		Data Visualizations							
		Similarity and Dissimilarity							

UNIT – II: Data Pre-processing: An Overview, Data Cleaning, Data Integration, Data Reduction, Data Transformation and Data Discretization

Unit	Module	Micro Content
UNIT II	Data Pre-processing	Data Cleaning: Handling Missing values Handling Noisy data Data Integration: For nominal attribute For numeric attribute Data Reduction: Wavelet Transforms PCS Attribute subset selection Numerosity reduction Data Transformation: Strategies: smoothing, normalization etc Normalization (Min Max, Z-score, Decimal Scaling) Data Discretization

UNIT – III : Classification: Basic concepts, algorithms, alternative techniques

Unit	Module	Micro Content
		Basic Concepts
		General Approach to solving a
		classification problem
		Decision Tree Induction
		Working of Decision Tree
UNIT III		building a decision tree
	Classification Analysis	methods for expressing an attribute test conditions
		measures for selecting the best split
		Algorithm for decision tree induction
		Bayes' Theorem
		Naïve Bayesian Classification
		Bayesian Belief Networks

UNIT - IV : Association Analysis: Basic Concepts and Algorithms

Unit	Module	Micro Content				
		Problem Definition				
UNIT IV	Association Analysis	Frequent Item Set generation				
		Rule generation				

		compact representation of frequent item sets
		FP-Growth Algorithm
UNIT V : Clu	ster Analysis: Basic Concept	s and Algorithms.
Unit	Module	Micro Content
		Overview; Classification vs Clustering
		Different Types of Clustering
		Different Types of Clusters
		K-means
		K-Means: The Basic K-means Algorithm
		K-means Additional Issues, Bisecting K-
UNIT V	Cluster Analysis	means, Strengths and Weaknesses
		Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering
		Basic Agglomerative Hierarchical
		Clustering Algorithm
		DBSCAN: Traditional Density Center-
		Based Approach, DBSCAN Algorithm,
		Strengths and Weaknesses.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:

со	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSPO1	PSPO2
CO1	2	3		1		2		2					1	
CO2	3	1	1		1	1			1					3
соз		3	1	1		3								3
CO4		3	1	1		3								3
CO5		3	1	1		3								3

II- Year II - Semester	OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB	L	T	P	C
PC2201L		0	0	3	1.5

Course Objectives:

- **1.** Ability to apply computational thinking to a diverse set of problems.
- **2.** Ability to analyze the working of an OS as a resource manager, file system manager, process manager, memory manager and I/O manager and methods used to implement the different parts of OS.
- **3.** Proficiency in the design and implementation of algorithms.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms [CO1]
- a) FCFS
- b) SJF (Premptive, Non Premptive)
- c) Priority (Premptive, Non Premptive)
- d) Round Robin
- 2. Simulate the following Process Synchronization techniques [CO1]
- a) Bounded-Buffer problem
- b) Readers-Writers problem
- c) Dining philosophers problem using semaphores
- d) Dining-Philosophers Solution using Monitors
- 4. Simulate Bankers Algorithm for [CO1]
- a) Dead Lock Avoidance
- b) Dead Lock Prevention
- 4. Simulate the following page replacement algorithms. [CO2]
- a) FIFO
- b) LRU
- c) LFU
- d) MFU
- 5. Simulate the following [CO2]
- a) Multiprogramming with a fixed number of tasks (MFT)
- b) Multiprogramming with a variable number of tasks (MVT)
- 6. Simulate the following File allocation strategies [CO3]

- a) Contiguous
- b) Linked
- c) Indexed
- 7. Simulate the following disk-scheduling algorithms [CO3]
- a) FCFS
- b) SSTF
- c) SCAN
- d) C-SCAN
- e) LOOK
- f) C-LOOK

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Examine various process management techniques like CPU scheduling, process synchronization and deadlocks. [K4, Analyze]

CO2: Prioritize various memory management techniques like page replacement algorithms. [K4, Analyze]

CO3: Analyse various storage management techniques like file allocation and disk scheduling. [K4, Analyze]

CO-PO Mapping:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO	PSO1	PSO2
												12		
CO 1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO 2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO 3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1

II-Year-II Semester	$\begin{array}{c c} \hline & \textbf{SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB} & \hline L \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$	L	T	P	C
PC2202L		0	0	3	1.5

The Software Engineering lab will facilitate the students to develop a preliminary yet practical understanding of software development process and tools

Course Objectives

• To have hands on experience in developing a software project by using various software engineering principles and methods in each of the phases of software development.

Course Outcomes

- 1. To demonstrate requirement gathering techniques to create SRS for a defined problem.
- 2. To implement the cost, size, effort estimation techniques on a defined problem
- 3. To assess the risk for a defined problem by applying Risk Assessment strategies like RMMM.
- 4. To investigate a real-world problem using modern modelling tools.
- 5. To formulate test cases based on requirements and design
- 6. To conduct FTRs as a measure of communication between him and the other stakeholders of the project.

Experiments

Take any real time problem and do the following experiments:

- 1. Do the Requirement Analysis and Prepare SRS
- 2. Using COCOMO model estimate effort.
- 3. Calculate effort using FP oriented estimation model.
- 4. Analyze the Risk related to the project and prepare RMMM plan.
- 5. Develop Time-line chart and project table using PERT or CPM project scheduling methods.
- 6. Draw E-R diagrams, DFD, CFD and structured charts for the project.
- 7. Design of Test cases based on requirements and design.
- 8. Prepare FTR
- 9. Prepare Version control and change control for software configuration items

Reference Books:

- 1.Roger S.Pressman, Software engineering-A practitioner's Approach, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 6th edition, 2001.
- 2.IanSommerville, Software engineering, Pearson education Asia, 6th edition, 2000.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12
CO.1	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	2	-
CO.2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	-
CO.3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	-
CO.4	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	-
CO.5	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	-	-
CO.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	-

II-Year-II Semester	Data Washausing & Data Mining Lah	L	T	P	C	
PC2203L	Data Warehousing & Data Mining Lab	0	0	3	1.5	

Course Objectives:

- Demonstrates various Data Mining Tasks.
- Relates students in differentiating Data Sets for analysis.
- Illustrates students in evaluating the methods contextually.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

CO – 1 : Demonstrates Data Pre-processing Techniques.

CO – 2 : Demonstrates and Discovers Knowledge using Classification Methods

CO-3: Demonstrates and Discovers Knowledge using Association Methods

CO – 4 : Demonstrates and Discovers Knowledge using Clustering Methods

List of experiments:

- 1. Demonstration of preprocessing on dataset student.arff [CO1]
- 2. Demonstration of preprocessing on dataset labor.arff [CO1]
- 3. Demonstration of Association rule process on dataset contactlenses.arff using apriori algorithm [CO3]
- 4. Demonstration of Association rule process on dataset test.arff using apriori algorithm [CO3]
- 5. Demonstration of classification rule process on dataset student.arff using j48 algorithm [CO2]
- 6. Demonstration of classification rule process on dataset employee.arff using j48 algorithm [CO2]
- 7. Demonstration of classification rule process on dataset employee.arff using id3 algorithm [CO2]
- 8. Demonstration of classification rule process on dataset employee.arff using naïve bayes algorithm [CO2]
- 9. Demonstration of clustering rule process on dataset iris.arff using simple k-means [CO4]
- **10.** Demonstration of clustering rule process on dataset student.arff using simple k- means. [CO4]

CO-PO-PSO Mapping Matrix:

со	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSPO1	PSPO2
CO1		3	1	1		3								3
CO2		3	1	1		3								3
соз		3	1	1		3								3
CO4		3	1	1		3								3

II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	С
SOC2201L	R Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5

Prerequisites: Basic mathematical background, basic knowledge in programming, fundamental knowledge of mathematical and statistical computations, simulations and data analysis and data science and modelling.

Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of the course, students should be able to

- Understand the basics in R programming in terms of constructs, control statements, functions, vectors, lists, etc.
- import, review, manipulate and summarize data-sets in R.
- Learn how to apply R programming for Data processing.
 - Able to appreciate and apply the R programming from a statistical perspective.

Week1:

- 1. Write an R-Program to print Hello World.
- 2. Write an R-Program to take input from user.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate Variable assignment in R.

Week2:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate basic Arithmetic in R.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate data types in R.

Week3:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate creating and naming a vector in R (create vector using : operator, create vector using seq() function).
- 2. Write a program to create two vectors and perform different operations(+,-,*.etc.) on them and print the result.
- 3. Write a program to create two vectors and use the functions i)dim() ii)length() iii)is.numeric() iv)is.character() v)rbind() vi) cbind()

Week4:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate create a matrix and naming matrix in R.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Add column and Add a Row in Matrix in R.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate Selection of elements in Matrixes in R.
- 4. Write a program to illustrate Performing Arithmetic of Matrices.

Week5:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate if-else-else if in R.
- 2. Write a Program to illustrate While and For loops in R.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate Compare and Matrices and Compare vectors.
- 4. Write a program to illustrate Logical & and Logical | operators in R.

Week6:

- 1. Write an R Program to Find the Factorial of a Number
- 2. Write an R Program to Find the Factors of a Number.
- 3. Write an R Program to Find the Fibonacci sequence Using Recursive Function.

Week7:

- 1. Write a program to print 1 to N numbers in reverse order using rev function in R.
- 2. Write a program to find cumulative sum 1:10 using cumsum function in R.
- 3. Write a program to compute log to base 10 of the sqrt of 50.

Week8:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate Functions in Quick sort implementation in R.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Function inside function in R
- 3. Write a program to count the odd numbers in a vector of integers by defining function named oddcount().

Week9:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate List? Why would you need a List.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Adding more elements into a List.

Week10:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate Factors in R.
- 2. Case study of why you need use a Factor in R.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate Ordered Factors in R.

Week11:

1. Write a program to illustrate Data Frame Selection of elements in a Data frame. Create a data frame with the following fields

Name	Age	Height	Weight	Gender
Ramu	21	171	71	M
Arun	20	168	69	M
Rani	22	160	64	F
John	19	173	70	M

- i)Find the Mean height of students and weight of students.
- ii)Find the standard deviation of heights and weights of students
- iii)Find the number of male and female students.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Sorting a Data frame .

Week12:

- 1. Write a program to illustrate to create graphs and usage of plot() function in R.
- 2. Write a program to illustrate Customising and Saving to Graphs in R.
- 3. Write a program to illustrate some built in Mathematical Functions.

Course Outcomes: By the end of the Lab, the student able to

- 1. **Comprehend** the various concepts of a R language
- 2. **Develop** R Programming for Data Processing
- 3. **Design** and development of R problem solving skills.
- 4. **Apply** the R programming from a statistical perspective.

CO-POS MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	3		1	2		
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	1		2	2		
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2		2	2		
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	2		2	2		